

# Rhenium-Osmium Geochronology of Sulfide Minerals: An Industry Perspective

*R.M. Morelli*, SK Energy and Resources

*R.A. Creaser*, University of Alberta

# Proposal:

Re-Os sulfide geochronology  
can be a valuable tool for  
mineral exploration  
programs in Saskatchewan.

# Benefits to the Mineral Industry?

- direct, unambiguous age determination on ore/ ore-related sulfide minerals (**Re = 'chalcophile'**)
- delineation of ore-associated geologic events (e.g. host rock, felsic/mafic magmatism, metamorphism, intra-basinal fluid flow, etc.)
- promotes understanding of **ore genesis**; positions ore event within **tectonic framework**  
**= more efficient exploration targeting**

# Rationale

- Re (and Os) preferentially partition into sulfides from precipitating fluid/melt
- $^{187}\text{Re}$  decays to  $^{187}\text{Os}$  ( $T_{\frac{1}{2}} = 41.6$  b.y.) from time of crystallization to present
- if Re/Os composition remains undisturbed(\*), yields **time of mineralization**



Tintina Gold Belt

Con Gold

Homestake Gold

Meguma Gold



Image © 2007 DigitalGlobe  
Image © 2007 TerraMetrics

Image NASA

©2007 Google™



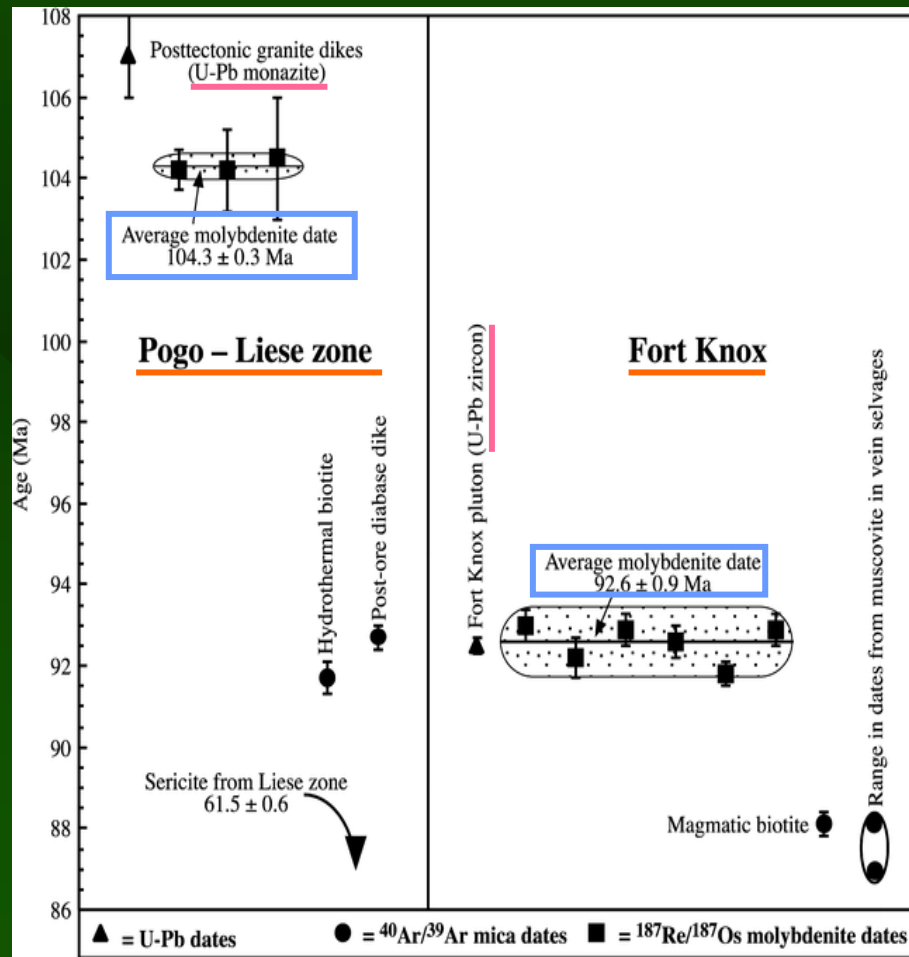
9°11.57' N 93°26'58.92" W

Streaming ||||| 100%

Eye alt 5581.26 mi



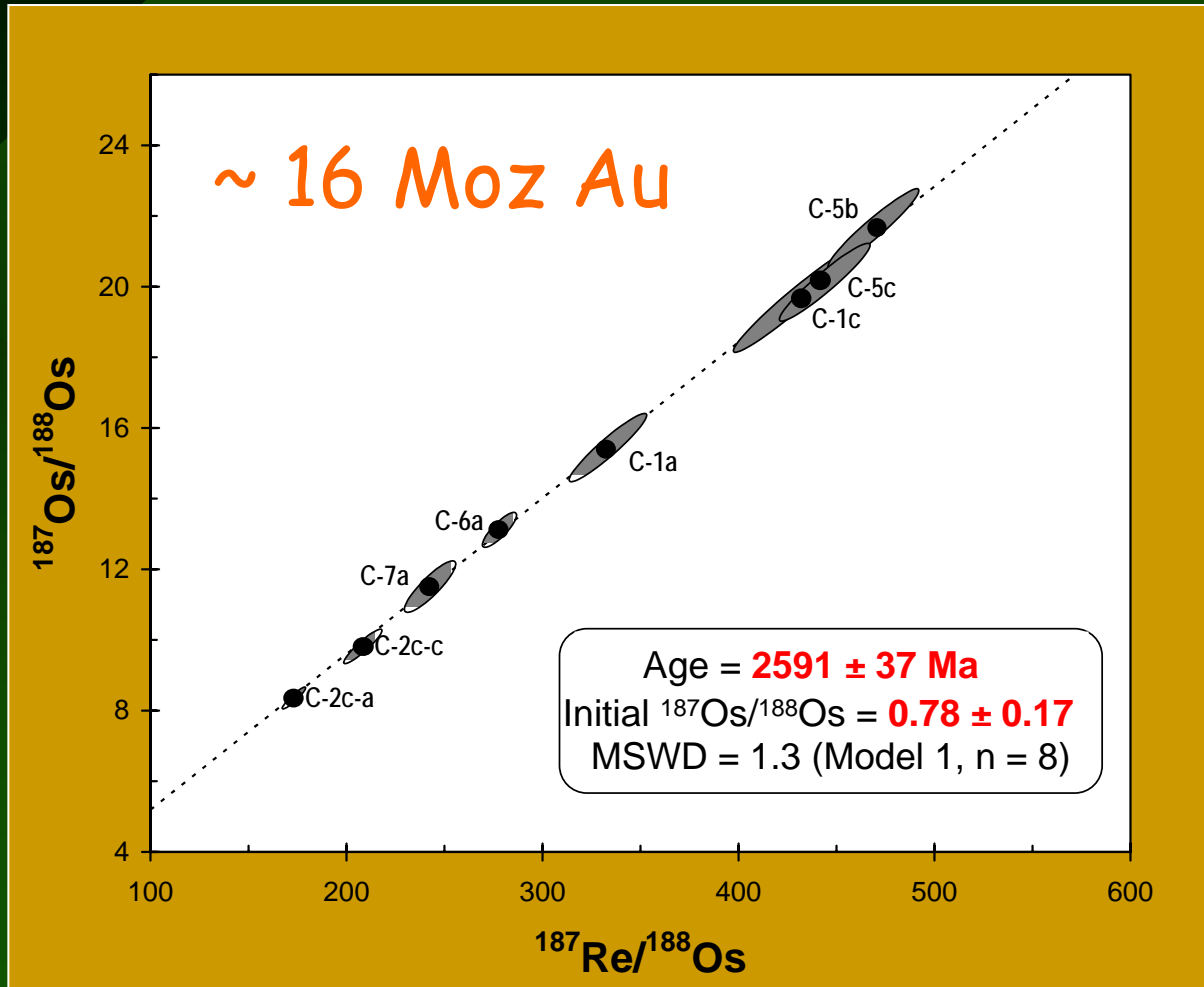
# Re-Os Molybdenite Geochronology



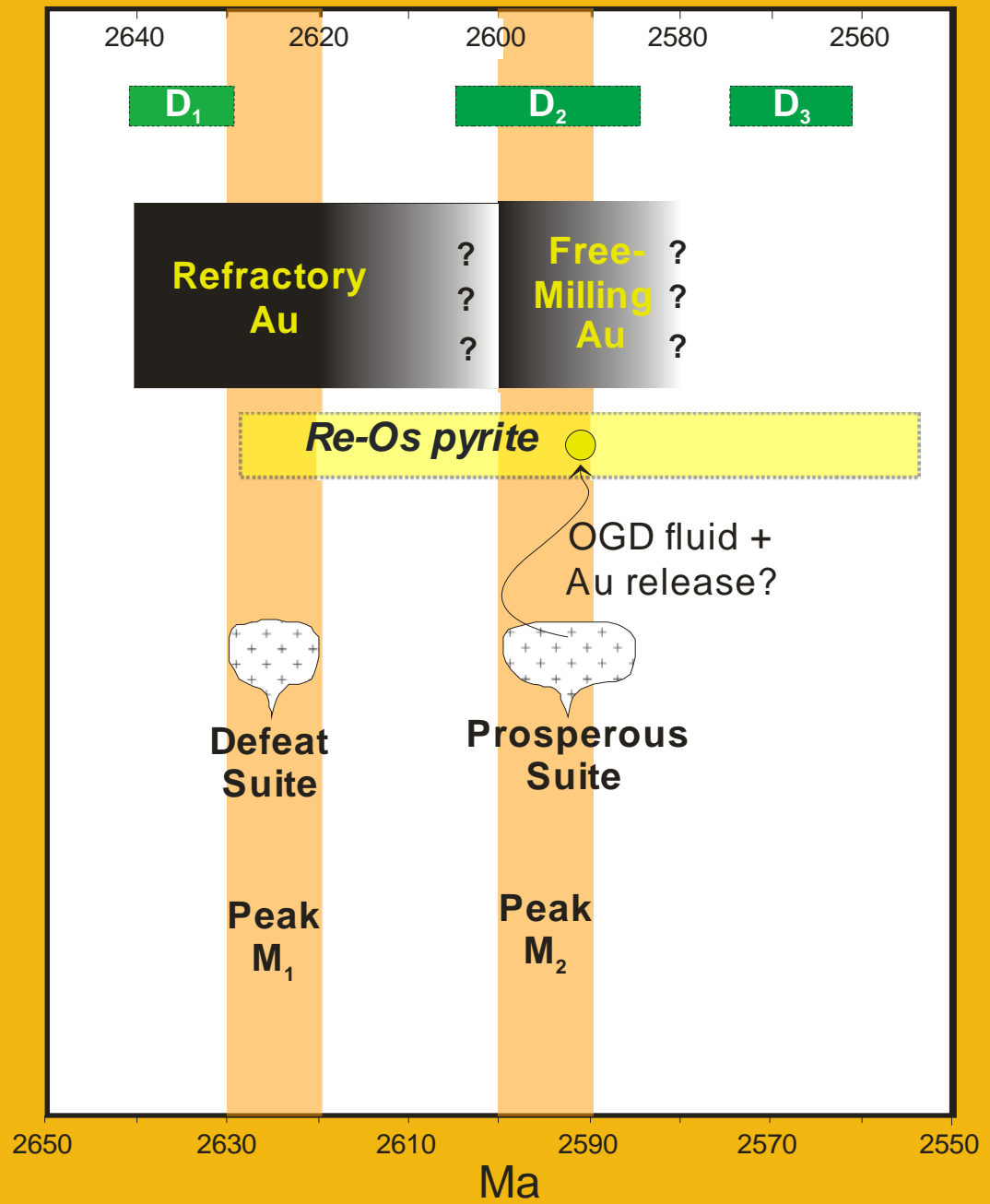
# Re-Os 'low-level' sulfide geochronology

- fulfills a need to obtain absolute ages for common minerals with a cogenetic association with ore.
- theoretically sound, extremely **difficult in practice** (analytical considerations, extremely low Re, Os concentrations).
- **'isochron'** construction usually required
- testing for **accuracy** and **precision** required using natural examples with reasonable age constraints and well defined thermal histories

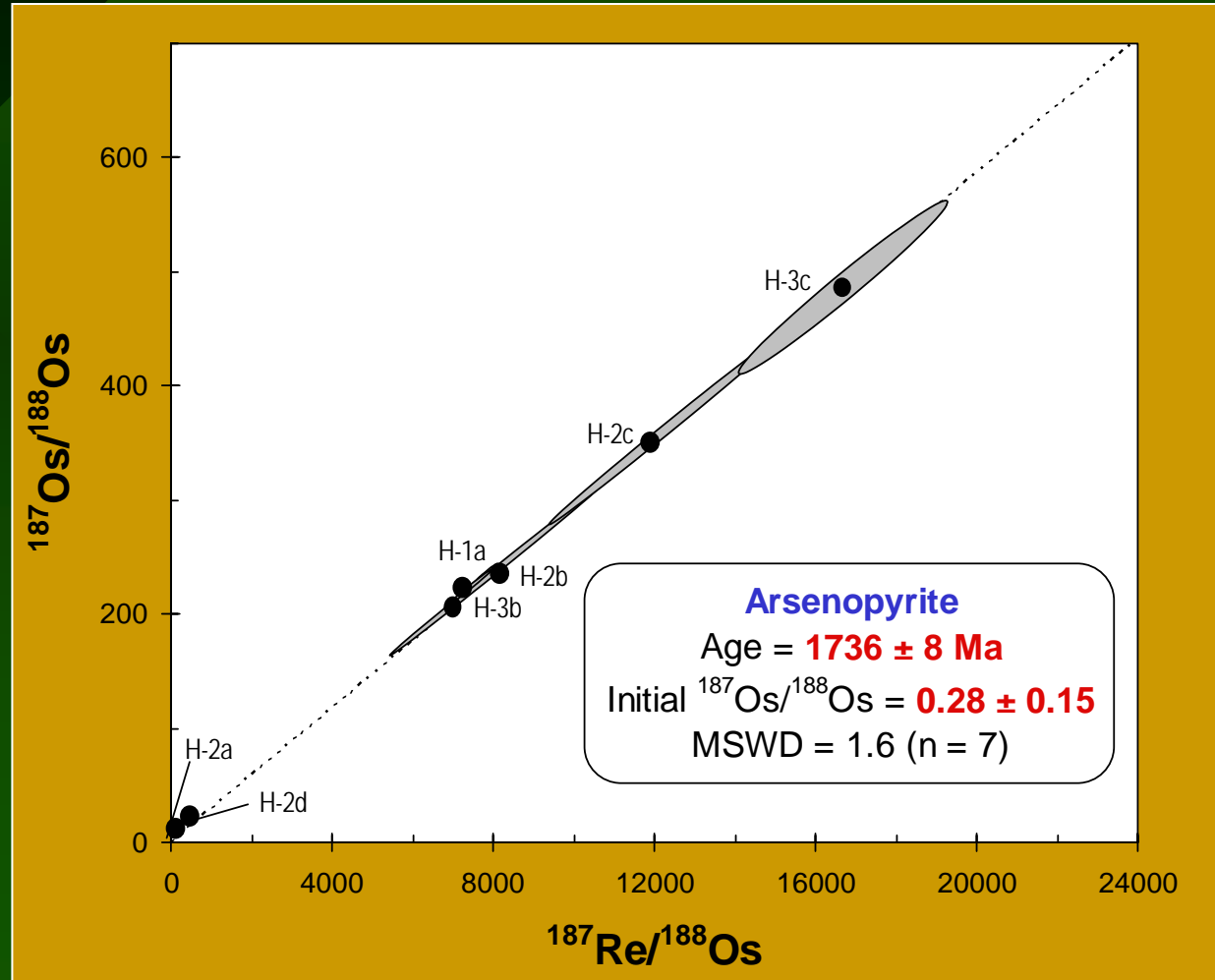
# i. Archean gold: Con Deposit, NWT



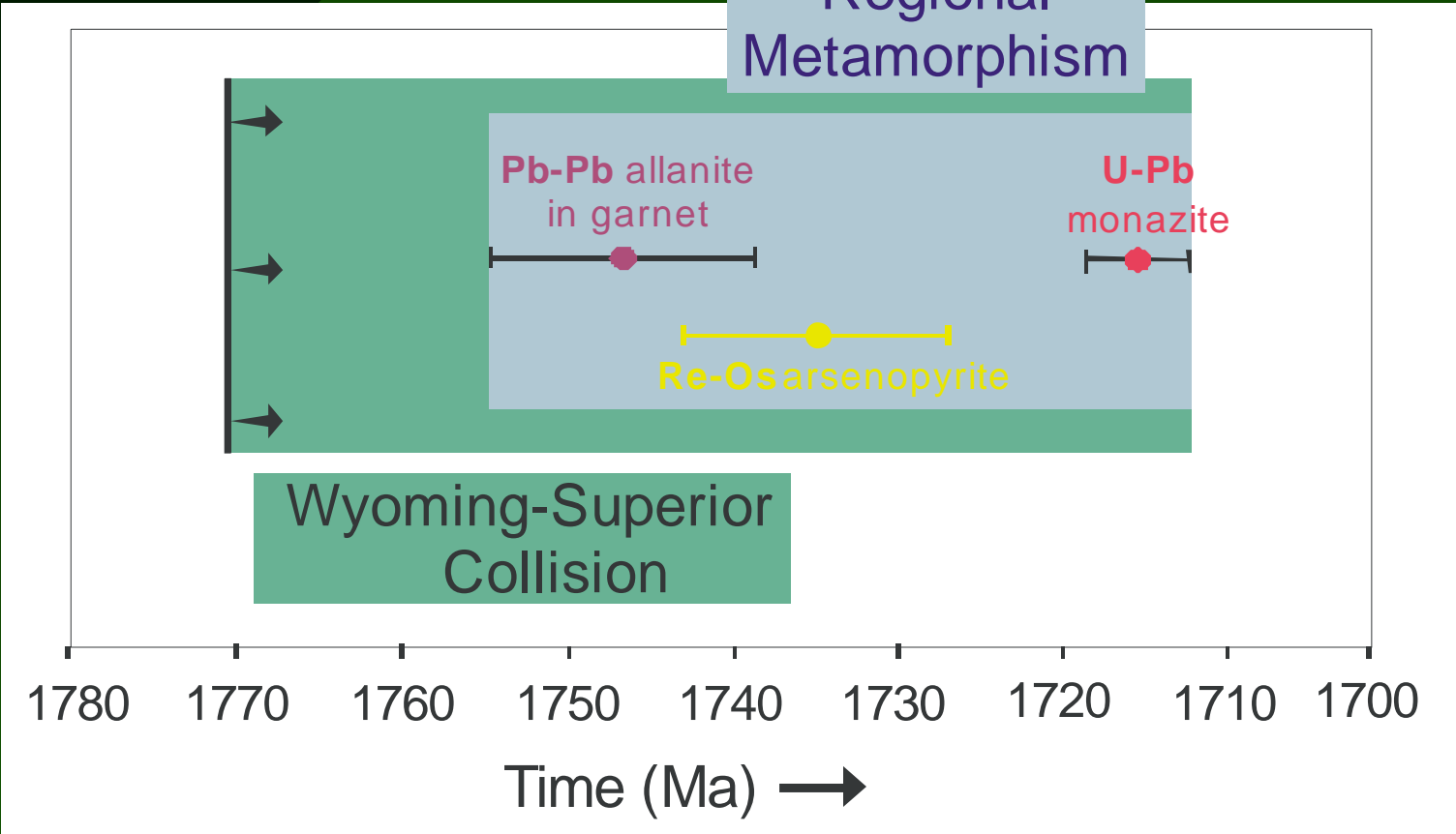




## ii. Homestake, South Dakota

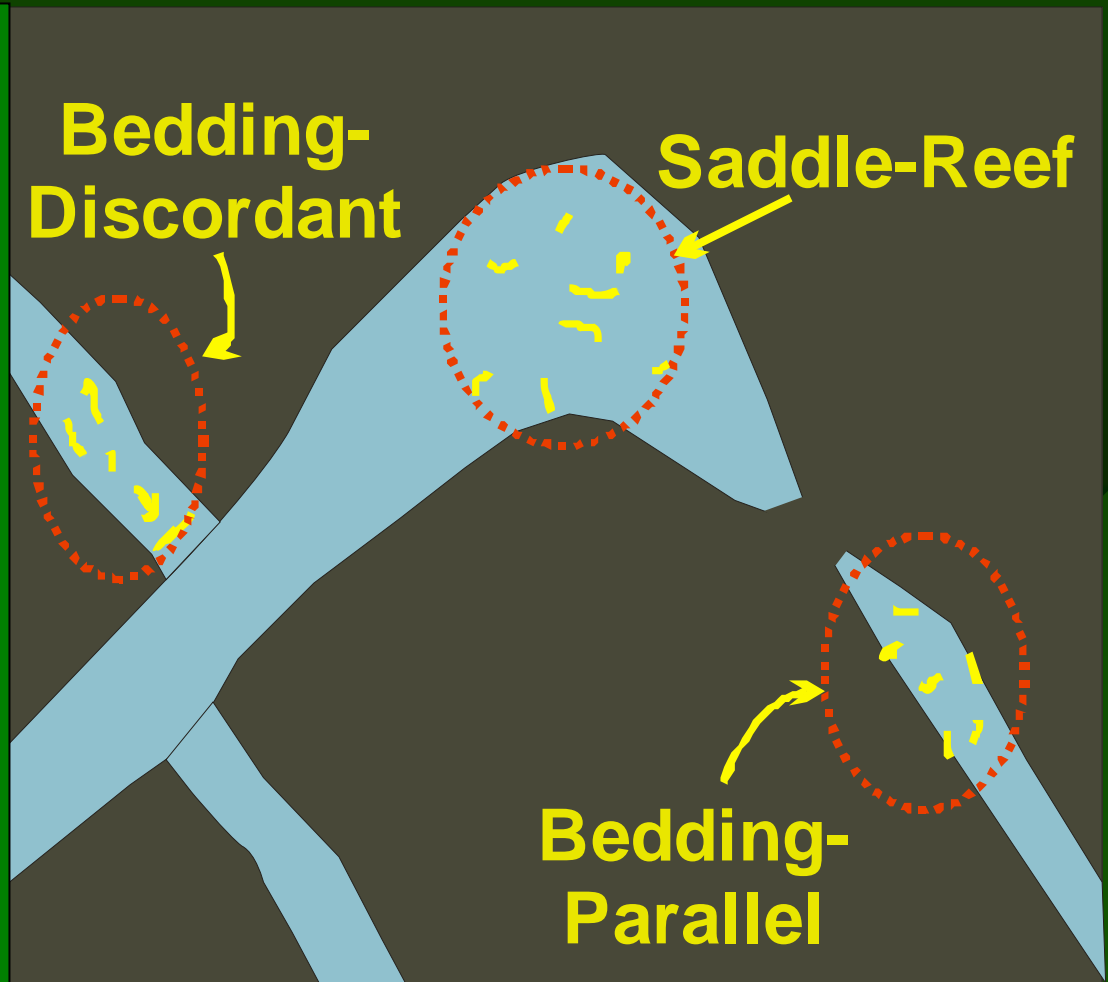


# Regional Metamorphism



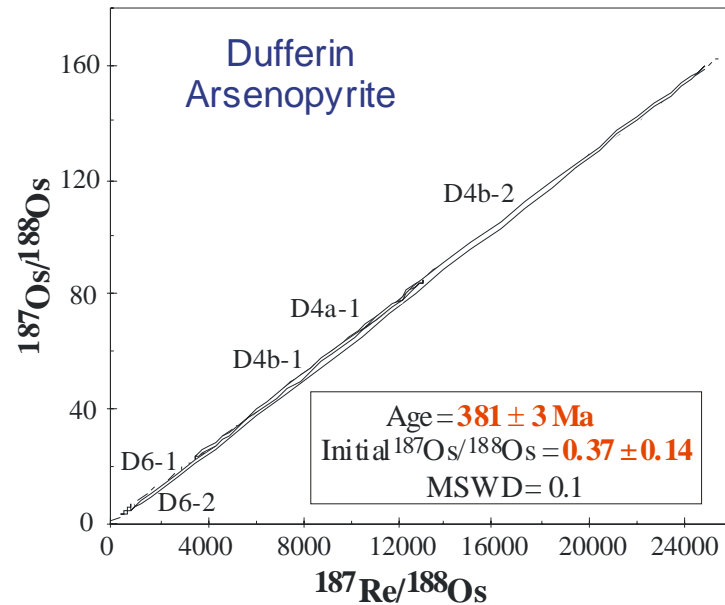
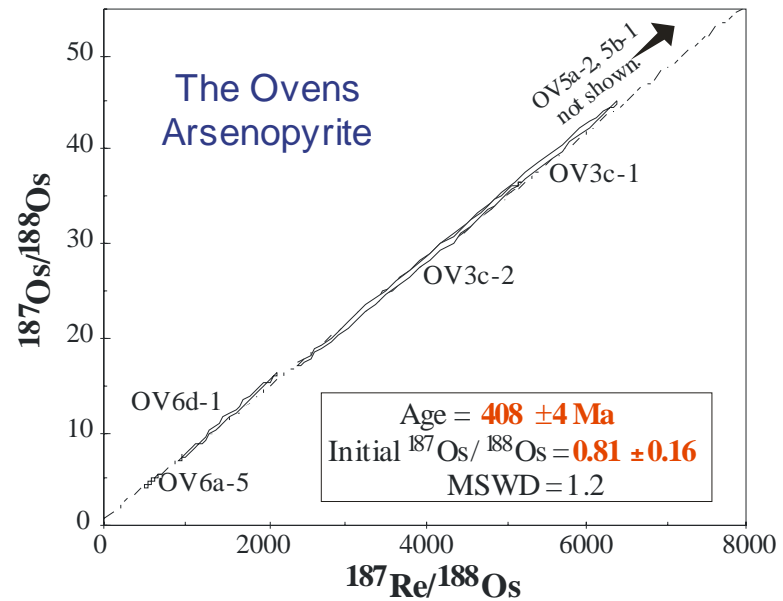
### iii. Meguma Deposits, Nova Scotia

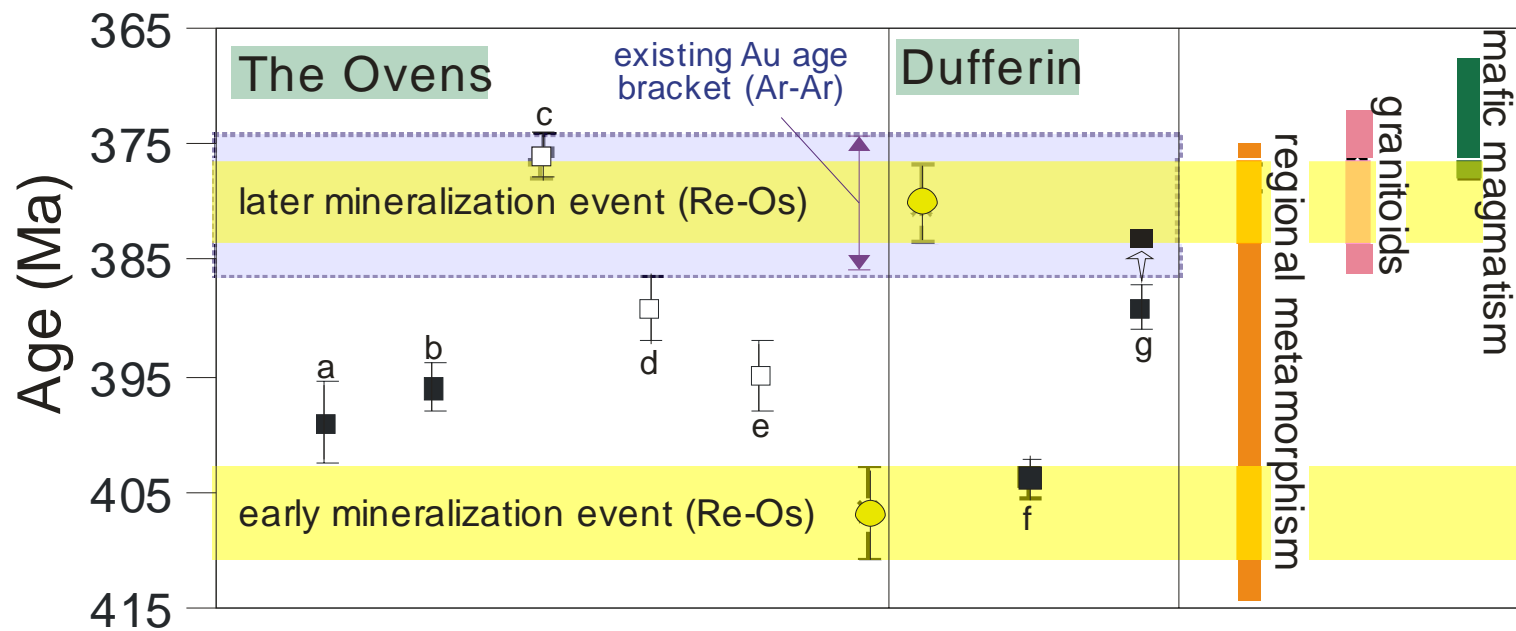
- all vein types present at Dufferin, Ovens, other deposits
- all gold ca. 375 Ma (Ar-Ar mica)



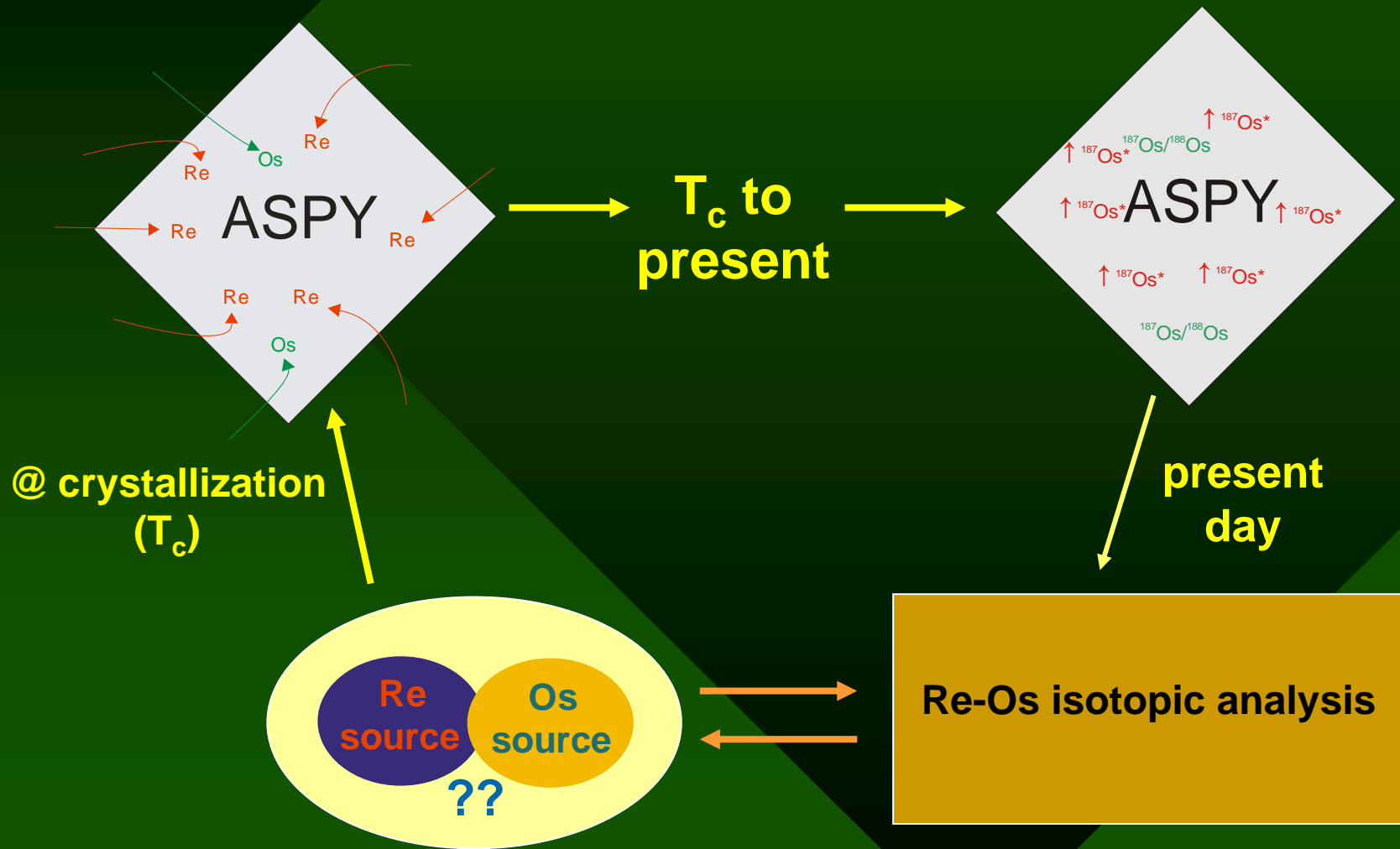
The Ovens:  
< 50,000 oz Au

Dufferin:  
~ 97,000 oz Au

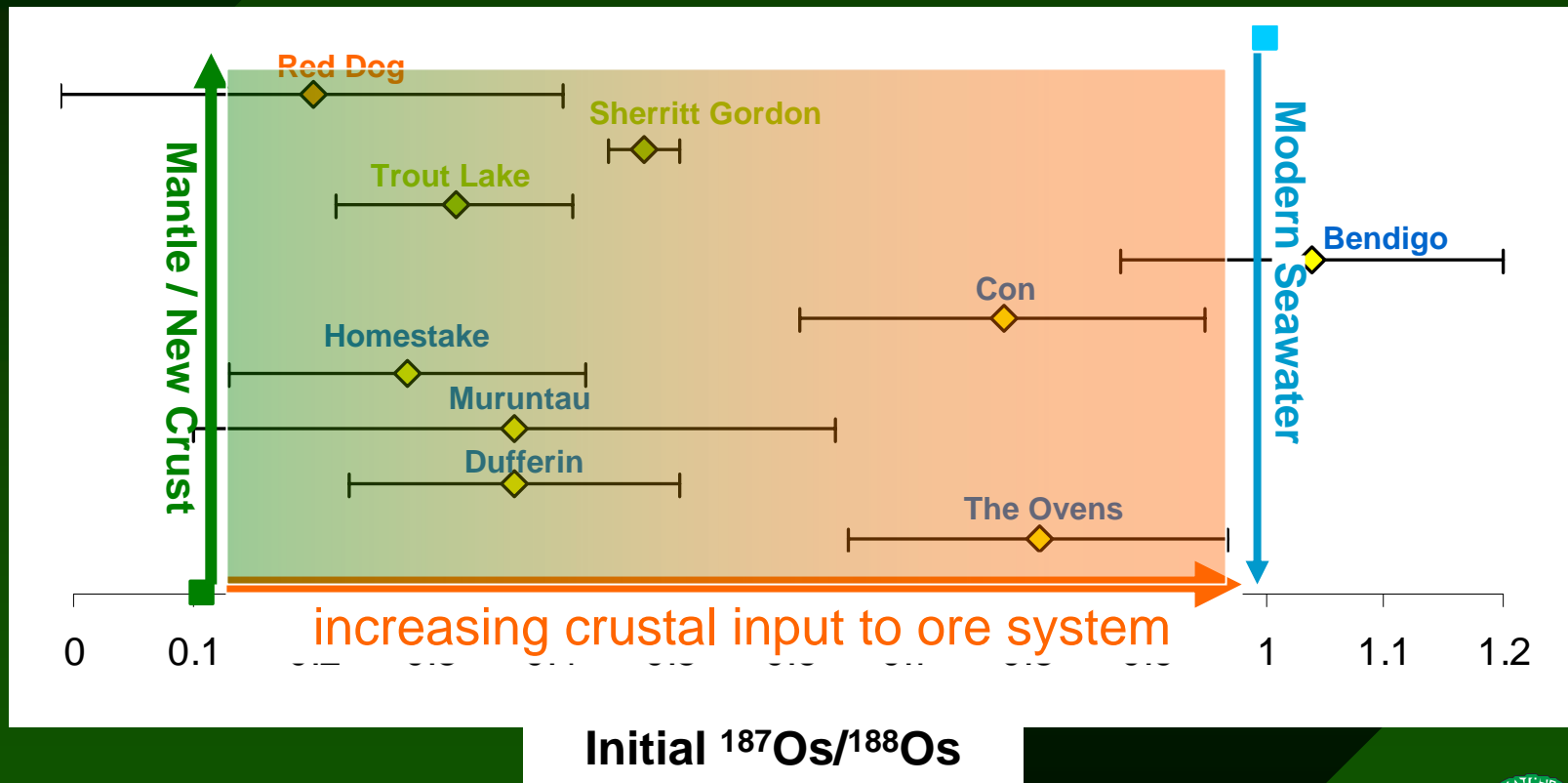




# 'Initial' $^{187}\text{Os}/^{188}\text{Os}$ ratios:



# 'Initial' Os cont'd:



Government of  
Saskatchewan





# Other Studies:

X

**Red Lake Au, Ontario**  
**Kalgoorlie Au, W. Australia**  
**Touquoy Au, Nova Scotia**

✓

**Con Au, NWT**  
**Homestake Au, USA**  
**Meguma Au, Nova Scotia**  
(The Ovens, Dufferin)  
**Muruntau, Uzbekistan**  
**THO VMS** (Trout Lk., Konuto  
Lk., Harmin, Sherritt Gordon)  
**Red Dog Zn-Pb Sedex**

# Conclusions / Current Status

- Re-Os sulfide geochronology can be an extremely valuable exploration tool by revealing (i) timing of ore deposition and (ii) metal sources to deposits, through initial Os ratios
- molybdenite is superior for Re-Os geochronology (but, no initial Os ratios)
  - pyrite and arsenopyrite are robust Re-Os chronometers ( $>500^{\circ}\text{C}$ ); chalcopyrite moderately robust ( $\sim 400^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?)
- sphalerite and pyrrhotite are poor choices ( $< 350^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
  - also Re-Os dating of black shales, bitumen, hydrocarbons, diamond sulfide inclusions.....

# Thank you!!

## Acknowledgements:

- NSERC, Alberta Ingenuity Fund
- U of A Radioisotope Staff
- Hendrick Falck, Scott Cairns, Chris Bell, Dan Kontak, Rick Horne

