

Crop Report

For the Period June 18 to June 24, 2024

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Conditions across the province were variable this past week with some regions receiving limited rainfall and others experiencing heavy storms that brought wind, significant rainfall over a short period of time and hail resulting in damage to crops, buildings and machinery. Producers continue to assess crops for hail recovery which varies based on the type of crop and its developmental stage.

Rainfall varied across the province over the past week with areas in the southwest region receiving no rainfall to areas in the northeast and southeast regions receiving significant rainfall. The St. Brieux area received the highest rainfall at 76 mm recorded for the past week followed by the Carnduff area at 70 mm. The Langenburg area reported 68 mm and the Rosthern area reported 57 mm for the week.

Although rainfall increased topsoil moisture in some regions, others experienced a decrease this week. Provincially, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as eight per cent surplus, 83 per cent adequate and nine per cent short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at six per cent surplus, 81 per cent adequate, 12 per cent short and one per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is three per cent surplus, 79 per cent adequate, 17 per cent short and one per cent very short.

Cooler temperatures continue to slow crop development. Spring wheat and oilseed crops are still the furthest behind the normal stages of development for this time of year. Crops in the southwest region of the province are the furthest advanced while crops in the central and northern regions are falling further behind in development. Warmer temperatures are needed to help crop development progress. While crop conditions vary, the majority of crops are rated as in good condition.

One year ago

The majority of the province continued with dry conditions, but a few areas received heavy rain showers with some isolated flash floods. Some of these areas also received hail. The isolated rain did little to maintain or improve provincial topsoil moisture ratings. Crop condition varies widely across the province ranging from poor to excellent condition. Haying operations are just starting in the province.

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Provincial Crop Development-June 24, 2024

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	7%	77%	16%
Spring Cereals	3%	66%	31%
Oilseeds	3%	55%	42%
Pulse Crops	3%	74%	23%
Perennial Forage	9%	74%	17%
Annual Forage	4%	69%	27%

For further information, contact Meghan Rosso, MSc, PAg,
Crops Extension Specialist, Regional Services Branch,
Toll Free: 1-866-457-2377 or 306-694-3721, Email: cropreport@gov.sk.ca.
Also available on the Ministry of Agriculture website at saskatchewan.ca/crop-report.



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Saskatchewan

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Pastures are reported in good condition overall. Livestock producers rate hay quality as 31 per cent excellent, 62 per cent good and seven per cent fair. Haying operations are just beginning in the province as the weather allows.

Various causes of crop damage were reported over the past week. Producers report excess moisture, which has been rated as severe in some regions, as water is accumulating in areas of the field and contributing to crop stress. These areas will remain unseeded and the areas that are seeded may not be able to recover from the current moisture stress. The frequent rainfall and moisture stressed areas are also contributing to leaf disease and root rot development. Some areas experienced minor to severe hail and wind damage with producers still assessing which crops will be able to recover. Frost was also reported but overall was rated as minor. Gophers continue to be a problem with areas of severe damage that need to be re-seeded. Flea beetles and grasshoppers are persisting with producers taking control measures when needed.

Producers continue to finish in-crop herbicide applications and insecticide applications where needed as the weather allows. In the coming weeks, producers are looking towards fungicide applications given the persistent rainfall that is contributing to disease development. Haying equipment is being prepared with some producers just starting their haying operations. Fence checking continues as cattle are out to pasture.

For many producers, this is still a stressful time of year and they are reminded to take all safety precautions in all the work they do. The Farm Stress Line can help by providing support for producers toll free at 1-800-667-4442.

For further information, contact Meghan Rosso, MSc, PAg,
Crops Extension Specialist, Regional Services Branch,
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Saskatchewan 

Crop Development (for the period of June 18 to June 24, 2024)

Provincial			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	7%	77%	16%
Spring Cereals	3%	66%	31%
Oilseeds	3%	55%	42%
Pulse Crops	3%	74%	23%
Perennial Forage	9%	74%	17%
Annual Forage	4%	69%	27%

Southeast Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	17%	77%	6%
Spring Cereals	11%	67%	22%
Oilseeds	11%	59%	31%
Pulse Crops	16%	67%	18%
Perennial Forage	21%	68%	11%
Annual Forage	16%	66%	18%

Southwest Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	6%	94%	0%
Spring Cereals	3%	82%	15%
Oilseeds	5%	75%	20%
Pulse Crops	2%	83%	15%
Perennial Forage	12%	80%	8%
Annual Forage	3%	91%	6%

East-central Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	8%	63%	29%
Spring Cereals	2%	59%	39%
Oilseeds	1%	49%	50%
Pulse Crops	2%	75%	23%
Perennial Forage	15%	52%	33%
Annual Forage	1%	74%	25%

West-central Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	3%	51%	46%
Spring Cereals	1%	58%	41%
Oilseeds	1%	61%	38%
Pulse Crops	1%	58%	41%
Perennial Forage	3%	75%	22%
Annual Forage	0%	69%	31%

Northeast Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	55%	45%
Spring Cereals	1%	56%	43%
Oilseeds	0%	49%	51%
Pulse Crops	2%	65%	33%
Perennial Forage	1%	67%	32%
Annual Forage	1%	70%	29%

Northwest Saskatchewan			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	34%	66%
Spring Cereals	1%	60%	39%
Oilseeds	1%	48%	51%
Pulse Crops	1%	76%	23%
Perennial Forage	0%	83%	17%
Annual Forage	0%	46%	54%

Southeastern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Lampman, Redvers and Stoughton areas
- Census Division 2 – Avonlea, Fillmore, Minton, Radville and Weyburn areas
- Census Division 5 – Broadview, Esterhazy, Melville and Moosomin areas
- Census Division 6 – Belle Plaine, Cupar, Lumsden, Indian Head, Regina and Rouleau areas

Producers within the region are continuing with in-crop spray applications as the weather allows and monitoring for insect and disease pressure. Haying operations are just starting within the region. A severe storm moved throughout the region over the past week that caused damage from hail and strong winds. Producers are still assessing the extent of the crop damage and waiting to see which crops are able to recover.

Rain fell throughout much of the region with higher amounts recorded in the Carnduff area at 70 mm and the Langenburg area at 68 mm. The Weyburn area received 44 mm and the Strasbourg area received 34 mm. Areas within the far northwest part of the region reported reduced amounts of rainfall for the past week.

Topsoil moisture remains adequate for the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 10 per cent surplus, 81 per cent adequate, eight per cent short and one per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at two per cent surplus, 90 per cent adequate and eight per cent short. Pasture topsoil moisture is two per cent surplus, 88 per cent adequate, nine per cent short and one per cent very short.

Rainfall has helped crops progress, but development overall continues to be slow due to the cooler temperatures. Most crops throughout the region have fallen further behind their normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. The furthest behind is oilseed crops at 31 per cent behind the normal stages of development. Perennial forages are the furthest advanced in development at 21 per cent ahead the normal stages of development. Crop conditions are rated mainly as good throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Southeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	17%	77%	6%
Spring Cereals	11%	67%	22%
Oilseeds	11%	59%	31%
Pulse Crops	16%	67%	18%
Perennial Forage	21%	68%	11%
Annual Forage	16%	66%	18%

Pastures are reported in good condition and livestock producers are rating hay quality as 45 per cent excellent, 48 per cent good and seven per cent fair. Only one per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut in the region.

Wind, excess moisture and hail caused crop damage in areas throughout the region with a few areas reporting severe damage. Some crops in low lying areas are showing signs of stress (yellowing) due to excess moisture. With the frequent rainfall producers continue to note the development of root rot and leaf disease in some crops. Frost was also reported but with minor overall crop damage. Gophers continue to cause crop damage with a few areas reporting moderate to severe damage with some re-seeding required in these areas.

Producers report minor to moderate flea beetle damage with control measures being taken on later seeded canola.

Southwestern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 3 – Assiniboia, Gravelbourg, Mankota, Ponteix and Rockglen areas
- Census Division 4 – Cadillac, Consul, Eastend, Maple Creek and Val Marie areas
- Census Division 7 – Beechy, Central Butte, Craik, Herbert, Hodgeville and Moose Jaw areas
- Census Division 8 – Cabri, Elrose, Fox Valley, Leader, Swift Current and Tompkins areas

In-crop spray applications within the region continue as the weather allows and producers are monitoring for insect and disease pressure. Livestock producers are getting machinery ready with some haying operations just starting within the region. Isolated storms moved throughout the region this week causing overall minor damage to crops from hail and wind with a small area reporting moderate to severe damage within the region.

Rain fell in higher amounts on the east side of the region with the highest rainfall recorded in the Caronport area of 49 mm followed by the Mossbank area at 35 mm. The Admiral area received 17 mm and the Tyner area received 10 mm. Many areas of the region received less than 10 mm with some areas receiving no rainfall for the past week.

Topsoil moisture conditions fell within the region this week due to lack of rainfall in areas. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 79 per cent adequate and 21 per cent short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 78 per cent adequate, 21 per cent short and one per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 69 per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and two per cent very short.

Crop development continues to be slow due to the cooler temperatures. The majority of the crops throughout the region have fallen slightly further behind their normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. The furthest behind is oilseed crops at 20 per cent behind the normal stages of development. Perennial forages are the furthest advanced in development at 12 per cent ahead of the normal stages of development. Crop conditions are rated mainly as good throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Southwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	6%	94%	0%
Spring Cereals	3%	82%	15%
Oilseeds	5%	75%	20%
Pulse Crops	2%	83%	15%
Perennial Forage	12%	80%	8%
Annual Forage	3%	91%	6%

Pastures are reported in overall good condition but moisture will be needed within the region over the coming weeks. Livestock producers are rating hay quality as 42 per cent excellent, 54 per cent good and four per cent fair. Five per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut with three per cent baled or silaged within the region.

Crop damage was reported across the region for various reasons. Minor crop damage was reported from excess moisture received in some areas to lack of moisture received in others. Overall minor hail and wind damage was reported but a small area reported moderate to severe damage on the far east side of the region. Gophers continue to cause damage within the region with reports of areas that have severe damage and needed to be re-seeded. Grasshopper and flea beetles are causing minor to moderate crop damage with some areas reporting severe crop damage. Control measures are being taken when needed on a field-by-field basis. Producers continue to note the development of root rot and leaf disease in some crops throughout the region.

East-Central Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 9 – Calder, Canora, Pelly, Preeceville, Sheho and Yorkton areas
- Census Division 10 – Foam Lake, Kelliher, Leroy, Raymore and Wadena areas
- Census Division 11 – Davidson, Colonsay, Langham, Lanigan, Nokomis, Outlook and Saskatoon areas

Producers within the region are continuing with in-crop spray applications as the weather allows and monitoring for insect and disease pressure. Livestock producers are getting machinery ready with some haying operations just starting within the region. Fence checking continues as cattle are out to pasture. Severe storms moved through the northwest parts of the region this week causing overall minor damage to crops from hail and wind with a few localized areas reporting moderate to severe damage within the region.

Rain fell throughout much of the region with most areas reporting less than 15 mm for the week. Areas along the south portion of the region experienced higher rainfall amounts with the highest amounts recorded in the Ituna area at 50 mm followed by the Goodeve area at 43 mm.

Topsoil moisture remains in adequate condition for the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as six per cent surplus, 87 per cent adequate and seven per cent short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 20 per cent surplus, 74 per cent adequate and six per cent short. Pasture topsoil moisture is eight per cent surplus, 74 per cent adequate and 18 per cent short.

Crops are continuing to progress slowly due to the cooler temperatures and past rainfall received within the region. Crops throughout the region have fallen slightly further behind their normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. The furthest behind is oilseed crops at 50 per cent behind the normal stages of development. Perennial forages are the furthest advanced in development at 15 per cent ahead the normal stages of development. Crop conditions are rated mainly as good throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

East-central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	8%	63%	29%
Spring Cereals	2%	59%	39%
Oilseeds	1%	49%	50%
Pulse Crops	2%	75%	23%
Perennial Forage	15%	52%	33%
Annual Forage	1%	74%	25%

Producers report that pasture and hay crops are looking good within the region. Hay quality is rated as 24 per cent excellent, 68 per cent good and eight per cent fair. Two per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut with three per cent baled or silaged within the region.

Wind, excess moisture and hail caused minor to moderate crop damage in areas throughout the region. Some crops in low lying areas are showing signs of stress (yellowing) due to excess moisture and in some areas are unlikely to recover. With the frequent rainfall producers continue to note the development of leaf disease in some crops. Frost was also reported but with minor overall crop damage. Gophers and flea beetles continue to cause crop damage with a few areas reporting moderate to severe damage. Producers are taking control measures on later seeded canola in some areas for flea beetles as the slow crop development is not allowing the canola to outgrow the damage being caused.

West-Central Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 12 – Biggar, Delisle, Rosetown and Sonningdale areas
- Census Division 13 – Cut Knife, Kerrobert, Kindersley, Macklin, Plenty and Wilkie areas

In-crop spray applications within the region continue as the weather allows and producers are monitoring for insect and disease pressure. Fence checking continues as cattle are out to pasture. Haying operations are just starting within the region with many producers getting machinery ready. A severe storm moved throughout the region over the past week and caused damage from hail and strong winds. Producers are still assessing the extent of damage to crops but overall are reporting minor to moderate crop damage with a few isolated areas reporting severe damage.

Rain was variable throughout the region over the past week with higher rainfall amounts reported in the southeast corner of the region. The Macrorie and Conquest areas reported the highest amounts for the region at 50 mm and 43 mm respectively. The Rosetown area reported 35 mm. The majority of other areas within the region reported below 10 mm for the week.

Topsoil moisture fell slightly within the region this week. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent surplus, 95 per cent adequate and three per cent short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at one per cent surplus, 93 per cent adequate and six per cent short. Pasture topsoil moisture is one per cent surplus, 92 per cent adequate and seven per cent short.

Crop development continues to be slow due to the cooler temperatures. Most crops throughout the region have fallen slightly further behind their normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. The furthest behind is fall cereal crops at 46 per cent behind the normal stages of development and spring cereals and oilseeds which are both reported at 41 per cent behind. Crop conditions are rated mainly as

West-central Saskatchewan Crop			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	3%	51%	46%
Spring Cereals	1%	58%	41%
Oilseeds	1%	61%	38%
Pulse Crops	1%	58%	41%
Perennial Forage	3%	75%	22%
Annual Forage	0%	69%	31%

good throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Pastures are reported in good condition and livestock producers are rating hay quality as 21 per cent excellent, 72 per cent good and seven per cent fair. Only one per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut in the region.

Excess moisture, frost and hail caused minor to moderate crop damage in areas throughout the region. Some crops in low lying areas are drowned out due to the excess moisture. Producers are hopeful that crops will be able to recover from the hail due to the delayed stages of development they are currently in. Minor crop damage due to wind was reported for the past week. Gophers, flea beetles and grasshoppers continue to cause minor to moderate crop damage with a few smaller areas reporting severe damage. Producers are continuing to monitor for crop disease with some fungicides being applied to slow current disease development.

Northeastern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 14 – Choiceland, Hudson Bay, Kelvington, Melfort, and Nipawin areas
- Census Division 15 – Cudworth, Humboldt, Kinistino, Prince Albert, Rosthern and St. Brieux areas

With seeding finishing within the region, producers note that some acres won't be seeded this year due to the excess moisture. In-crop applications continue when the weather allows but the current moisture conditions are causing challenges with ruts being created in fields from equipment. Producers are monitoring for insect and disease pressure. A severe storm moved throughout the region over the past week that caused significant damage in some areas from hail and strong winds.

The amount of rain varied considerably throughout the region with some areas reporting significant amounts and other areas reporting less than 10 mm for the week. The highest rainfall recorded fell in the St. Brieux area at 76 mm followed by the Rosthern area at 57 mm and the Lake Lenore area at 42 mm.

Topsoil moisture remains adequate for the region with a slight reduction in the surplus amount. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 27 per cent surplus and 73 per cent adequate. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 19 per cent surplus and 81 per cent adequate. Pasture topsoil moisture is 17 per cent surplus and 83 per cent adequate.

Cooler temperatures and excess moisture continue to slow crop development throughout the region. Most crops are showing increases but are still falling behind their normal stages of development for this time of year. The furthest behind is oilseed crops at 51 per cent behind the normal stages of development for this time of year. This is followed closely by fall cereals at 45 per cent and spring cereals at 43 per cent behind their

Northeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	55%	45%
Spring Cereals	1%	56%	43%
Oilseeds	0%	49%	51%
Pulse Crops	2%	65%	33%
Perennial Forage	1%	67%	32%
Annual Forage	1%	70%	29%

normal stages of development. Crop conditions are rated mainly as good to fair throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Livestock producers are rating hay quality as 46 per cent excellent, 51 per cent good and three per cent fair. Two per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut in the region with one per cent baled or silaged currently.

Wind, excess moisture and hail caused crop damage in areas throughout the region with a few areas reporting severe damage. Crops in low lying areas are showing signs of stress (yellowing) due to excess moisture and in some areas are unlikely to recover. Some re-seeding has been done in previously drowned out areas of field. With the frequent rainfall producers continue to note the development of root rot and some producers are spraying fungicides to control the current leaf disease pressure. Frost was also reported but with minor overall crop damage. Minor to moderate flea beetle damage is being reported in the region with a few smaller areas showing severe damage.

Northwestern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 16 – Blaine Lake, Canwood, North Battleford, Radisson and Spiritwood areas
- Census Division 17 – Glaslyn, Maidstone, Meadow Lake, Pierceland and St. Walburg areas

A few areas within the region note that the recent rain stopped any further seeding from happening. In-crop applications continue when the weather allows, and producers are monitoring for insect and disease pressure. A severe storm moved throughout the region over the past week and caused significant damage in some areas from hail and strong winds.

Rain fell throughout the region in varying amounts. The highest rainfall recorded fell in the Prince Albert area at 38 mm followed by the North Battleford area at 34 mm. The Meadow Lake area recorded 26 mm. Areas on the west side of the region recorded less than 10 mm for the week.

Topsoil moisture remains adequate condition for the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 14 per cent surplus, 84 per cent adequate and two per cent short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at six per cent surplus, 90 per cent adequate and four per cent short. Pasture topsoil moisture is six per cent surplus, 87 per cent adequate and seven per cent short.

Crop development continues to be delayed due to cooler temperatures and excess moisture throughout the region. The majority of crops have fallen further behind their normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. The furthest behind is fall cereal crops at 66 per cent behind the normal stages of development for this time of year. This is followed

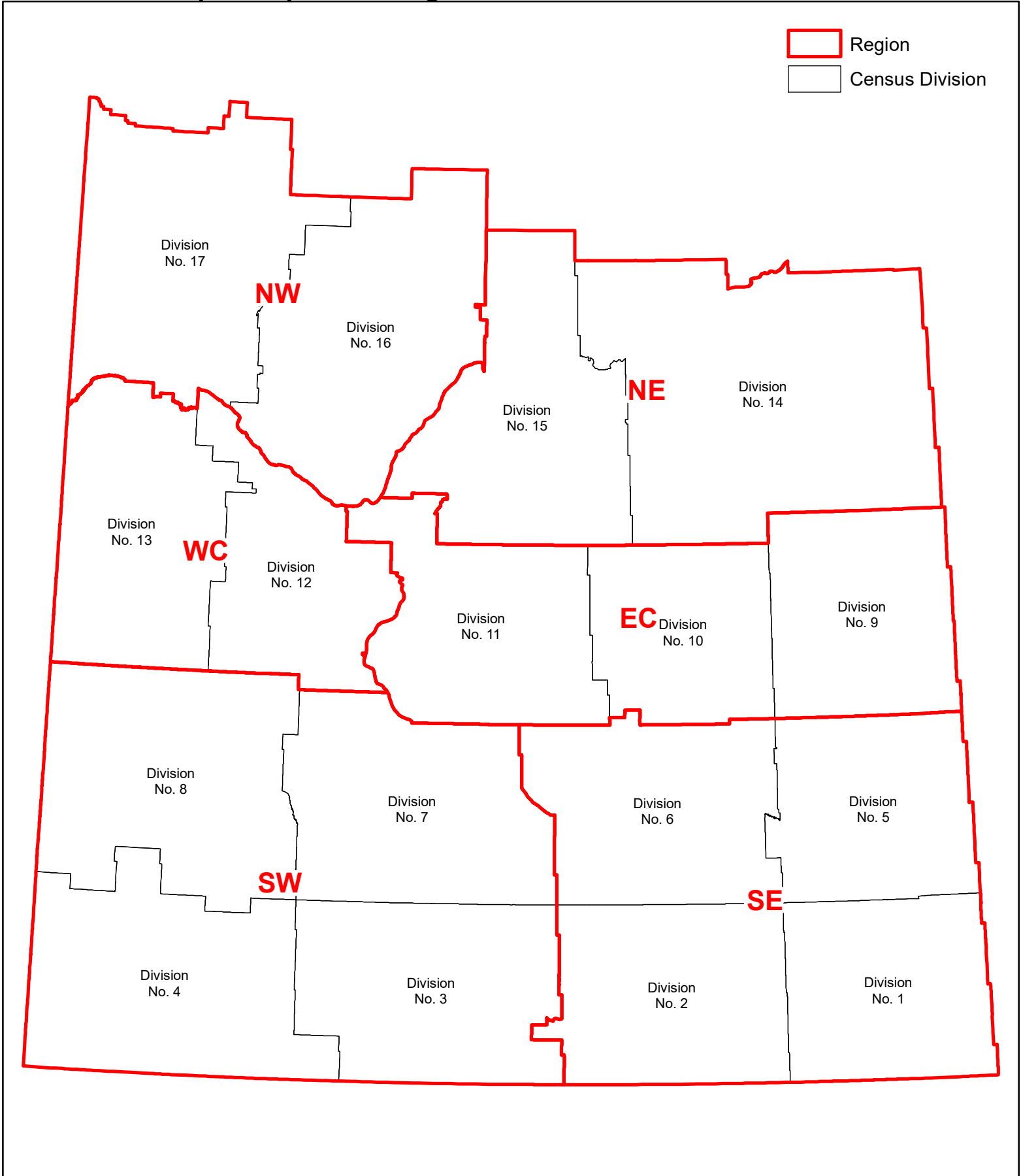
Northwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	34%	66%
Spring Cereals	1%	60%	39%
Oilseeds	1%	48%	51%
Pulse Crops	1%	76%	23%
Perennial Forage	0%	83%	17%
Annual Forage	0%	46%	54%

by annual forages at 54 per cent and oilseeds at 51 per cent behind their normal stages of development. Crop conditions are rated mainly as good throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table

Livestock producers rate hay quality as 100 per cent good within the region. Two per cent of the hay crop is reported as cut in the region currently.

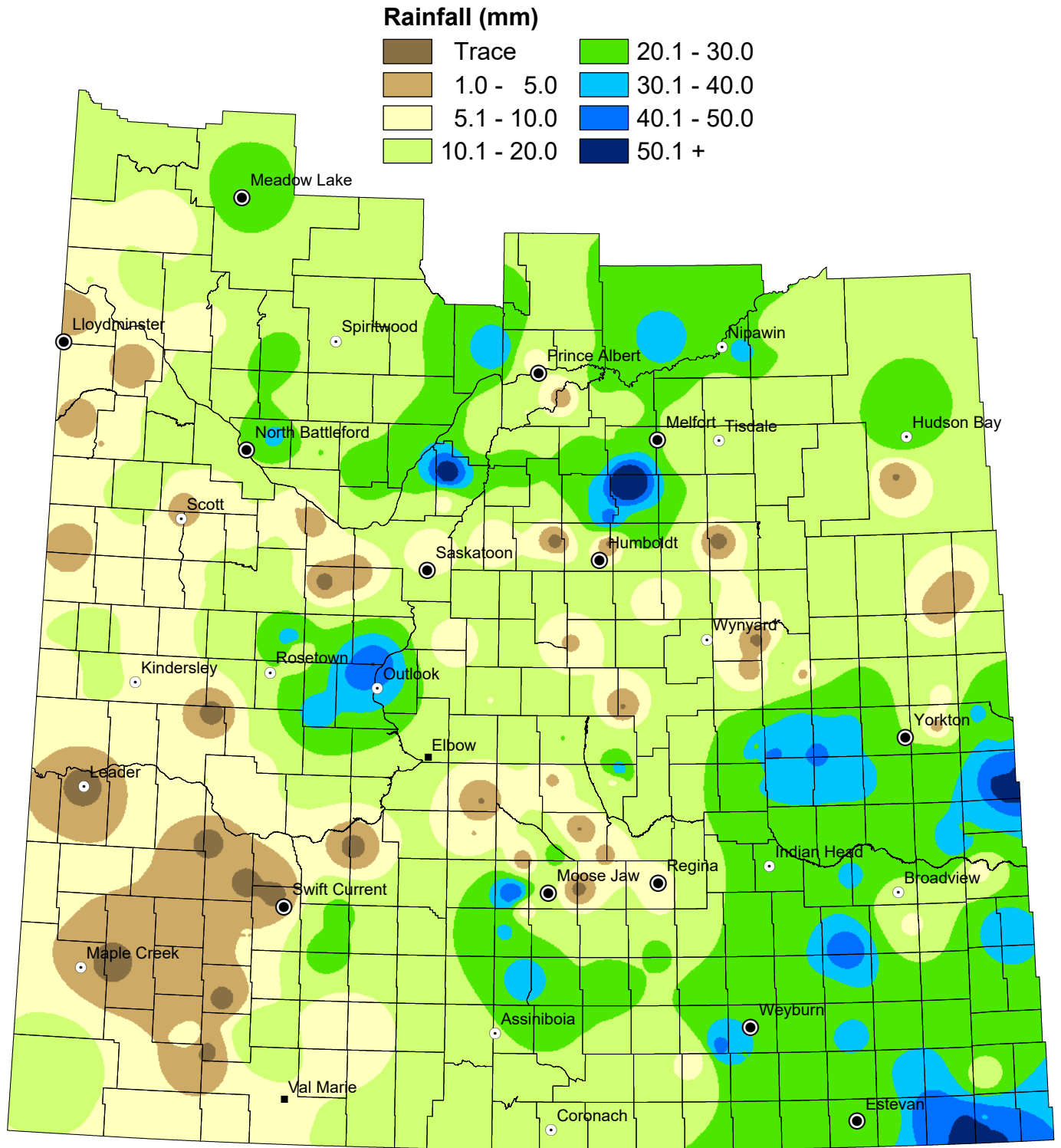
Wind, excess moisture and hail caused crop damage in areas throughout the region with a few areas reporting severe damage. Producers indicate that the excess moisture has caused minor flowing in areas of fields that have standing water. With the frequent rainfall producers continue to note the development of root rot and some producers are spraying fungicides to control the current leaf disease pressure. Frost was also reported but with minor overall crop damage. Minor flea beetle damage is being reported in the region.

Crop Report Regions & Census Divisions



Weekly Rainfall

from June 18 to June 24, 2024



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



Weekly Rainfall Summary

(reported in millimeters)

1 inch=25 mm

for the period from June 18 to June 24, 2024

Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1	32	RECIPROCITY	15	174	8	168A	RIVERSIDE	0	52	14	367	PONASS LAKE	0	239
1	4	COALFIELDS	22	210	8	168	RIVERSIDE	0	91	14	394A	HUDSON BAY	1	125
1	95	GOLDEN WEST	24	133	8	137	SWIFT CURRENT	0	94	14	428	STAR CITY	12	203
1	65	TECUMSEH	31	151	8	231	HAPPYLAND	0	140	14	457	CONNAUGHT	14	167
1	2	MOUNT PLEASANT	40	239	8	259	SNIFE LAKE	0	145	14	366	KELVINGTON	14	198
1	3	ENNISKILLEN	46	221	8	139	GULL LAKE	2	94	14	456	ARBORFIELD	15	230
1	2A	MOUNT PLEASANT	70	229	8	138A	WEBB	5	161	14	397	BARRIER VALLEY	15	139
2	38	LAURIER	6	149	8	142	ENTERPRISE	6	188	14	395	PORCUPINE	16	242
2	38A	LAURIER	9	102	8	257	MONET	9	145	14	486	MOOSE RANGE	18	240
2	100	ELMSTHORPE	24	228	8	228	LACADENA	10	142	14	397A	BARRIER VALLEY	19	240
2	67	WEYBURN	30	134	8	138	WEBB	N/A	120	14	394	HUDSON BAY	29	240
2	68	BROKENSHELL	44	145	8	259A	SNIFE LAKE	N/A	134	14	487	NIPAWIN	32	245
2	6	CAMBRIA	N/A	32	8	229	MIRY CREEK	N/A	150	14	488A	TORCH RIVER	36	243
2	10	HAPPY VALLEY	N/A	129	9	331	LIVINGSTON	2	162	14	488	TORCH RIVER	N/A	213
3	76	AUVERGNE	7	151	9	333	CLAYTON	3	196	15	370	HUMBOLDT	1	157
3	75	PINTO CREEK	7	167	9	243	WALLACE	4	91	15	460	BIRCH HILLS	3	139
3	73	STONEHENGE	13	168	9	273	SLIDING HILLS	8	150	15	372	GRANT	5	166
3	106	WHISKA CREEK	25	126	9	301	ST. PHILIPS	18	69	15	371B	BAYNE	8	110
3	102	LAKE JOHNSTON	35	221	9	241	CALDER	28	153	15	403	ROSTHERN	8	173
3	101	TERRELL	N/A	141	9	275	INSINGER	30	114	15	491	BUCKLAND	8	248
3	74	WOOD RIVER	N/A	186	9	241A	CALDER	31	199	15	461	PRINCE ALBERT	10	181
4	108	BONE CREEK	0	103	9	245A	GARRY	31	172	15	371A	BAYNE	12	155
4	110	PIAPOT	0	166	9	245	GARRY	43	176	15	459	KINISTINO	12	187
4	78A	GRASSY CREEK	0	181	9	273A	SLIDING HILLS	N/A	19	15	463	DUCK LAKE	18	254
4	79A	ARLINGTON	4	107	10	307	ELFROS	0	179	15	429	FLETT'S SPRINGS	21	223
4	79	ARLINGTON	6	130	10	279	MOUNT HOPE	1	85	15	402	FISH CREEK	22	188
4	51	RENO	15	122	10	277A	EMERALD	3	163	15	461A	PRINCE ALBERT	23	219
4	77A	WISE CREEK	17	142	10	276B	FOAM LAKE	4	214	15	369	ST. PETER	23	242
5	124	KINGSLEY	7	137	10	277	EMERALD	5	152	15	430	INVERGORDON	27	224
5	151	ROCANVILLE	7	146	10	336	SASMAN	5	179	15	400	THREE LAKES	42	250
5	154A	ELCAPO	15	129	10	339	LEROY	6	160	15	403A	ROSTHERN	57	255
5	123	SILVERWOOD	19	219	10	248	TOUCHWOOD	12	115	15	399	LAKE LENORE	76	293
5	213	SALTCOATS	27	114	10	337	LINDE	12	127	15	371	BAYNE	N/A	147
5	181	LANGENBURG	29	155	10	276A	FOAM LAKE	20	285	15	521	LAKELAND	N/A	157
5	155	WOLSELEY	31	154	10	247	KELLROSS	30	91	15	520	PADDOCKWOOD	N/A	157
5	215	STANLEY	32	103	10	246A	ITUNA BON ACCORD	40	156	16	467	ROUND HILL	11	93
5	122	MARTIN	35	189	10	246	ITUNA BON ACCORD	50	193	16	466	MEETING LAKE	11	103
5	183	FERTILE BELT	36	177	10	276	FOAM LAKE	N/A	37	16	406	MAYFIELD	15	164
5	211A	CHURCHBRIDGE	42	158	10	279A	MOUNT HOPE	N/A	59	16	436	DOUGLAS	20	165
5	125A	CHESTERFIELD	47	79	11	310	USBORNE	5	115	16	437	NORTH BATTLEFORD	22	204
5	211	CHURCHBRIDGE	68	222	11	344	CORMAN PARK	6	161	16	435	REDBERRY	28	280
6	160	PENSE	0	135	11	314	DUNDURN	6	159	16	497	MEDSTEAD	29	159
6	190C	DUFFERIN	1	147	11	282	McCRANEY	10	199	16	437A	NORTH BATTLEFORD	34	181
6	190A	DUFFERIN	4	86	11	251	BIG ARM	20	132	16	493	SHELLBROOK	38	225
6	221	SARNIA	5	140	11	284	RUDY	N/A	117	16	467A	ROUND HILL	N/A	151
6	159B	SHERWOOD	8	119	12	346	PERDUE	0	181	17	502	BRITANNIA	2	82
6	159A	SHERWOOD	8	153	12	376	EAGLE CREEK	1	251	17	471	ELDON	2	141
6	220A	McKILLOP	9	106	12	345	VANSCOY	2	229	17	499	MERVIN	6	96
6	219B	LONGLAKETON	10	71	12	377	GLENSIDE	5	223	17	561	LOON LAKE	7	139
6	219	LONGLAKETON	13	116	12	378	ROSEMOUNT	7	122	17	501	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	10	136
6	130	REDBURN	15	176	12	317	MARRIOTT	13	268	17	501A	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	11	141
6	129	BRATT'S LAKE	21	191	12	347	BIGGAR	14	215	17	498	PARKDALE	12	88
6	156	INDIAN HEAD	22	169	12	286	MILDEN	33	192	17	468	MEOTA	17	91
6	127	FRANCIS	23	150	12	317A	MARRIOTT	35	160	17	470	PAYNTON	18	41
6	186	ABERNETHY	24	130	12	285A	FERTILE VALLEY	43	201	17	588	MEADOW LAKE	26	221
6	217	LIPTON	27	204	12	285	FERTILE VALLEY	50	233	17	472	WILTON	N/A	8
6	220B	McKILLOP	34	156	12	316	HARRIS	N/A	109					
6	216A	TULLYMET	N/A	17	12	287	ST. ANDREWS	N/A	167					
6	216	TULLYMET	N/A	36	12	288	PLEASANT VALLEY	N/A	209					
6	219A	LONGLAKETON	N/A	54	13	409A	BUFFALO	3	161					
6	190B	DUFFERIN	N/A	129	13	382	EYE HILL	3	186					
6	190	DUFFERIN	N/A	129	13	442	MANITOU LAKE	4	120					
7	165	MORSE	0	154	13	440	HILLSDALE	5	93					
7	223	HURON	1	169	13	351	PROGRESS	7	150					
7	162A	CARON	2	143	13	409	BUFFALO	7	181					
7	193	EYEBROW	5	165	13	320A	OAKDALE	8	124					
7	132	HILLSBOROUGH	6	192	13	292	MILTON	9	170					
7	136	COULEE	22	128	13	350	MARIPOSA	9	131					
7	191	MARQUIS	24	194	13	410	ROUND VALLEY	15	145					
7	132A	HILLSBOROUGH	31	150	13	321	PRAIRIE DALE	18	191					
7	162	CARON	49	170	13	290	KINDERSLEY	N/A	121					
7	161	MOOSE JAW	N/A	149	13	320	OAKDALE	N/A	143					
					13	292A	MILTON	N/A	180					

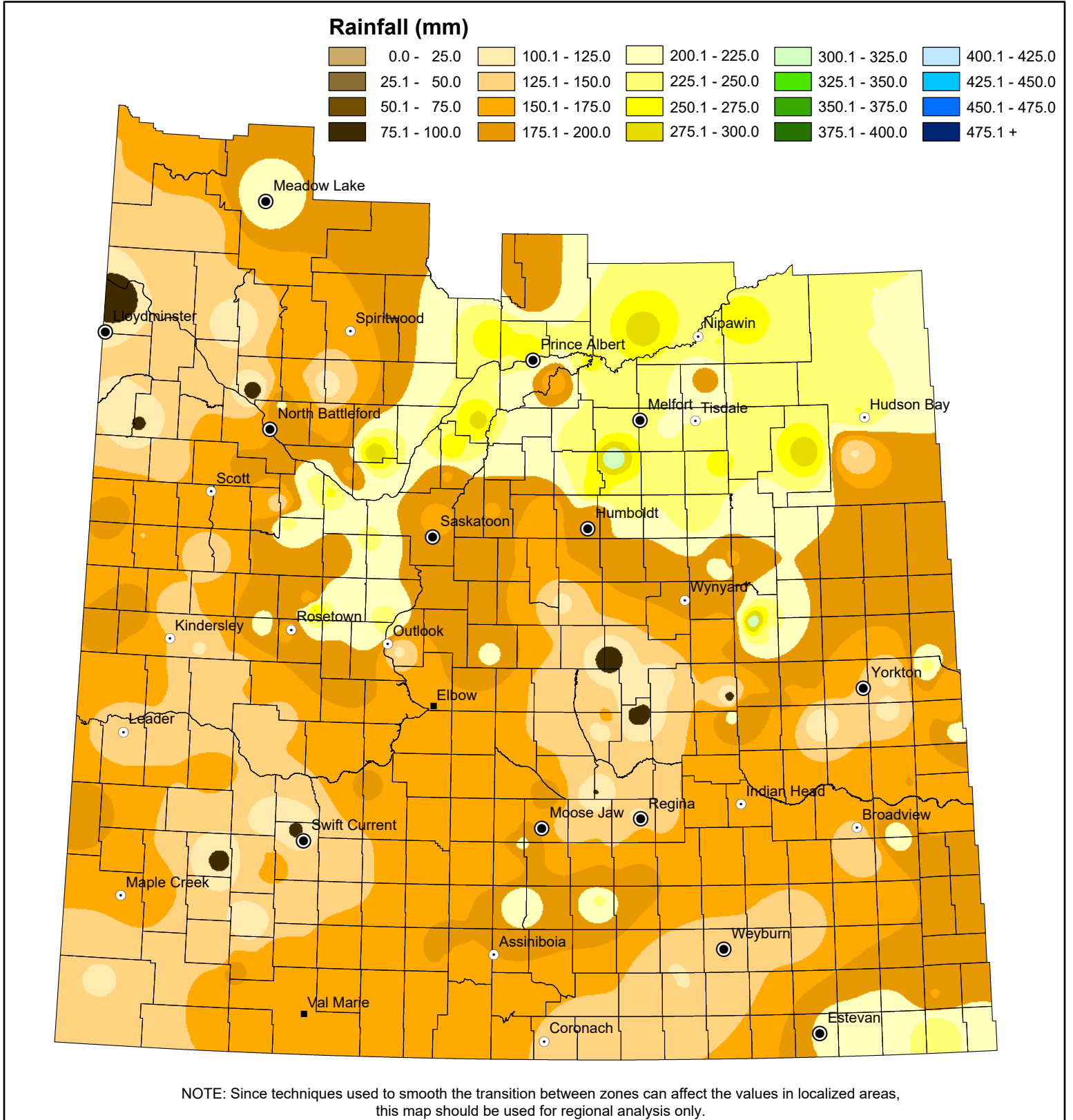
Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

N/A indicates that rainfall was not reported for the week

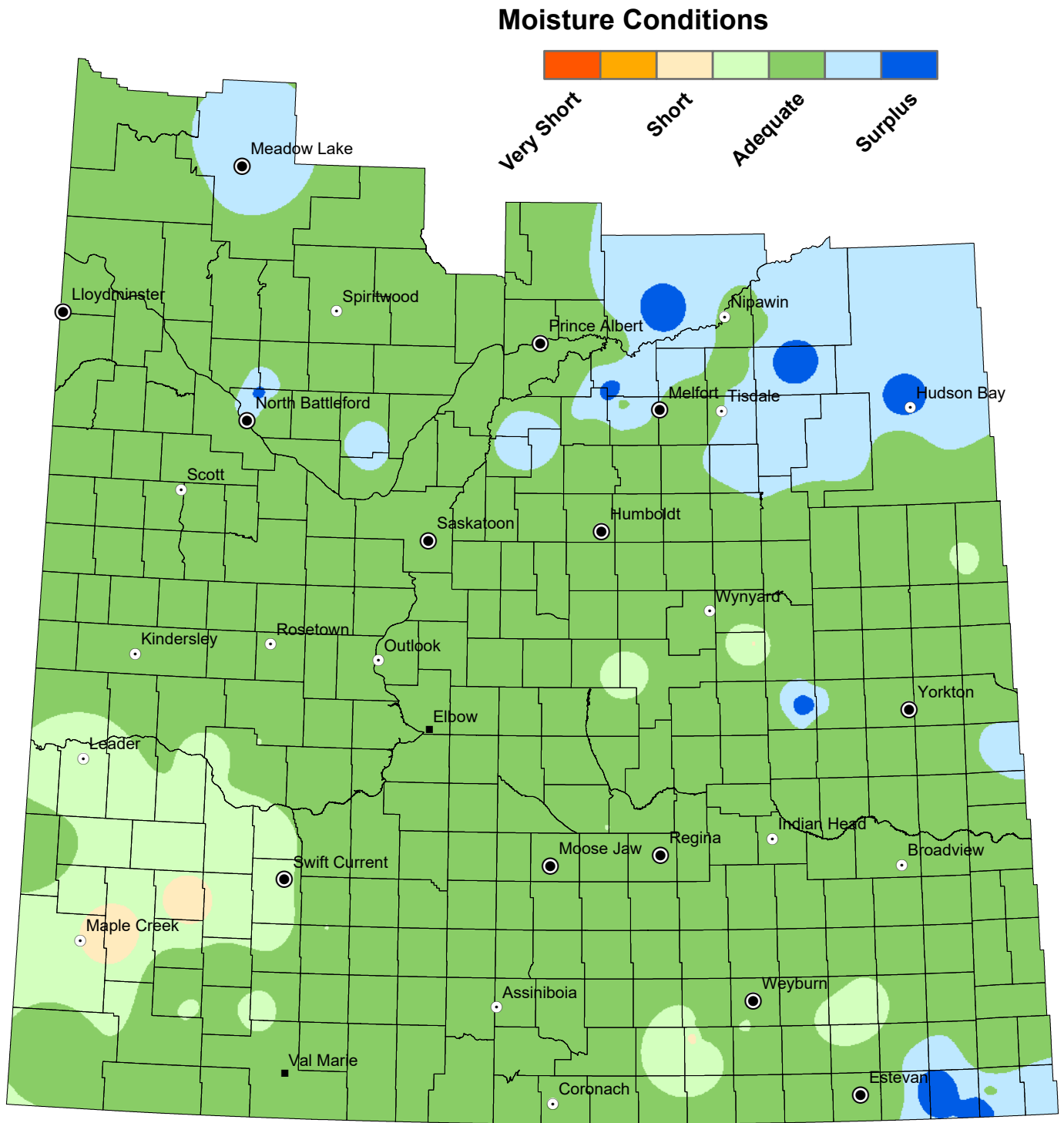
Cumulative Rainfall

from April 1 to June 24, 2024



Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

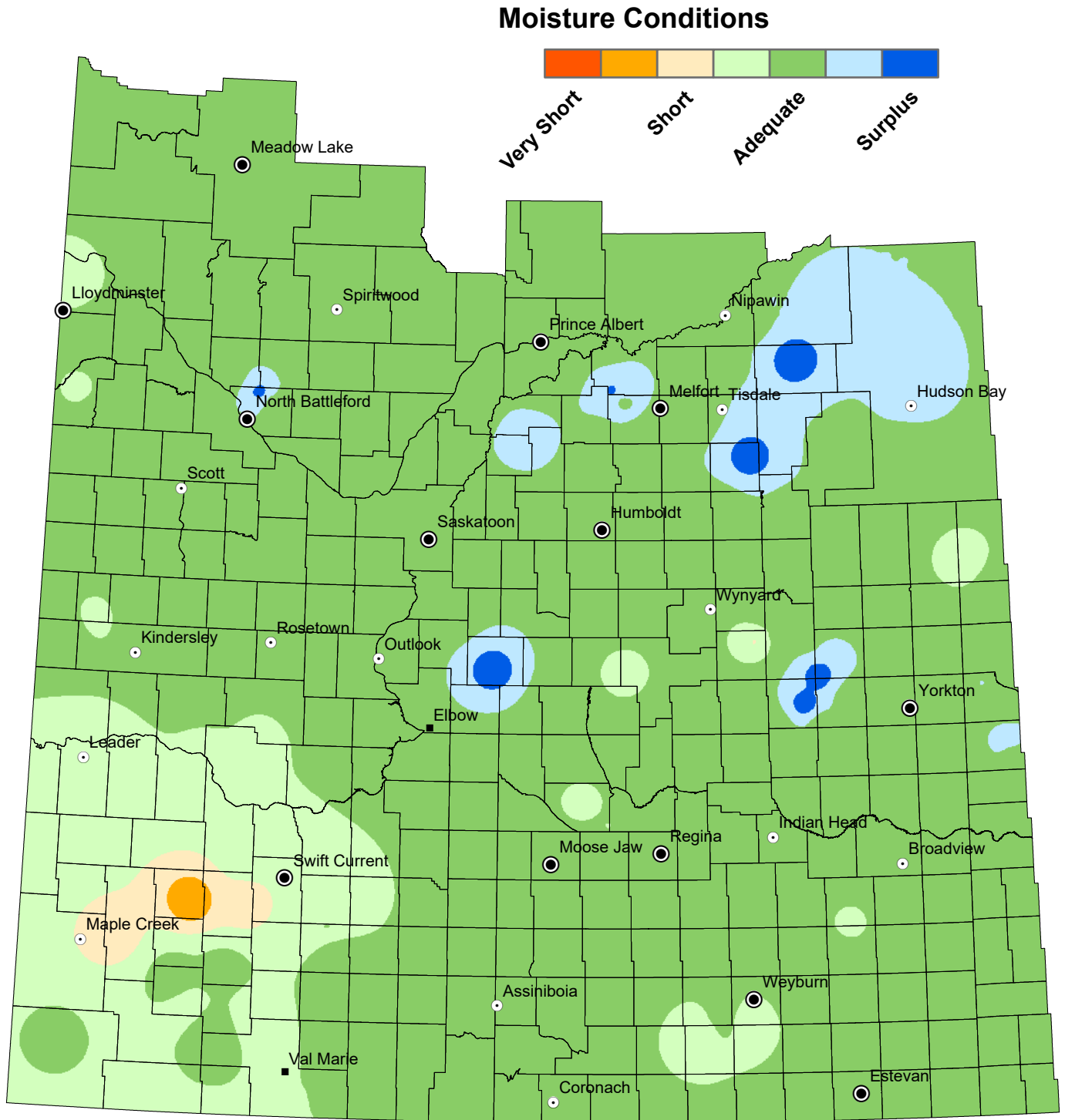
from June 18 to June 24, 2024



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Hay Topsoil Moisture Conditions

from June 18 to June 24, 2024

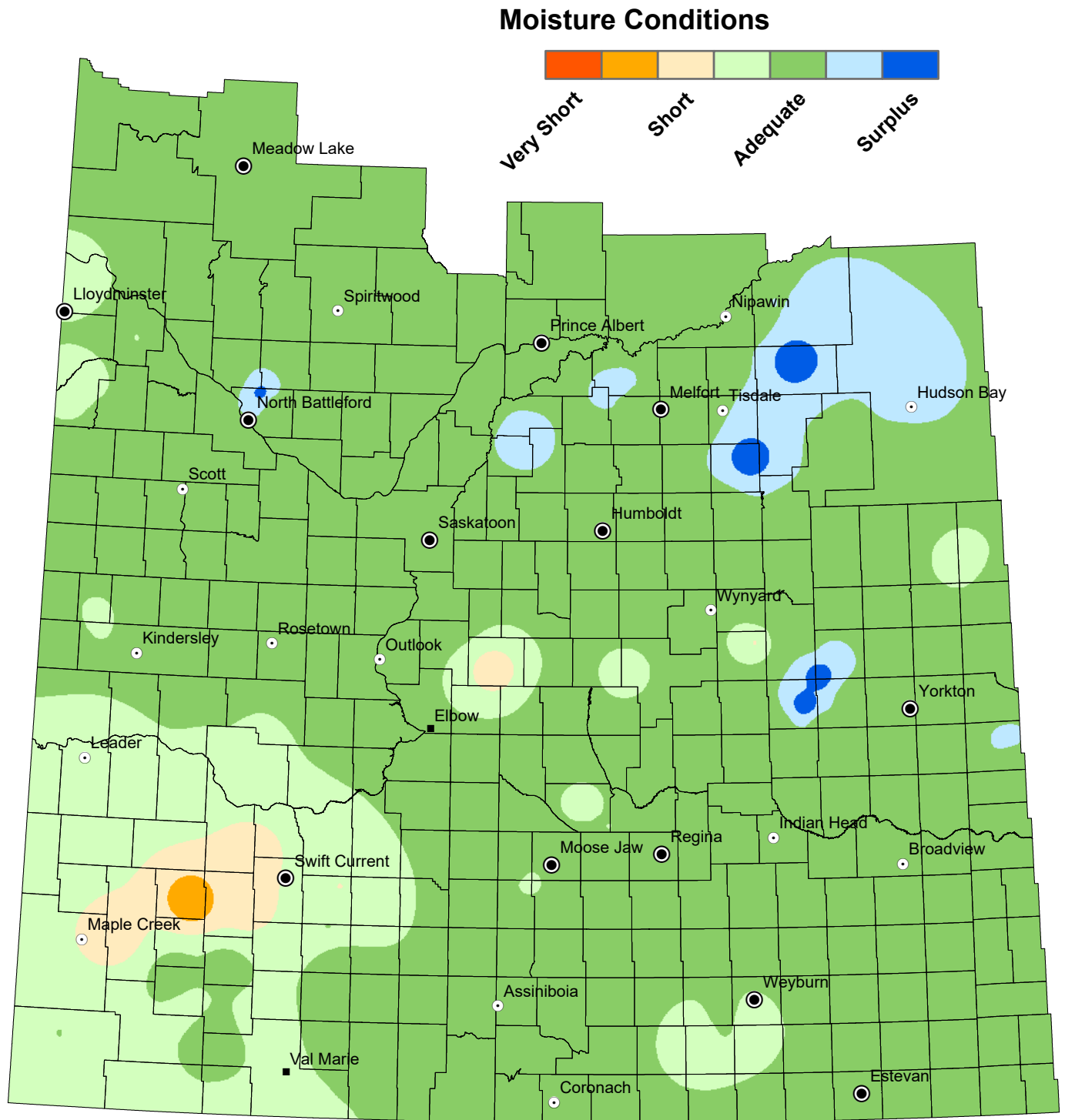


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

from June 18 to June 24, 2024

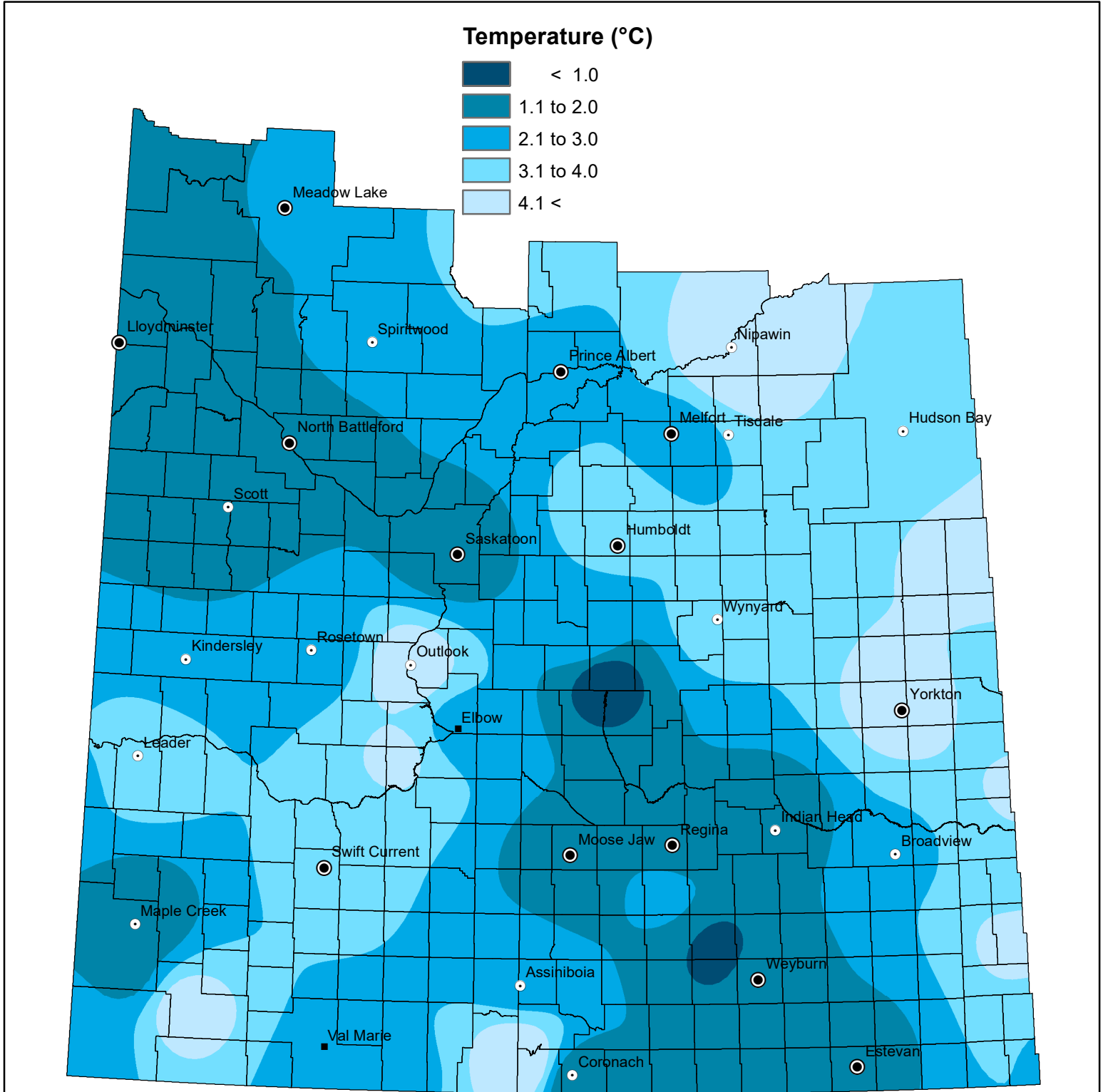


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

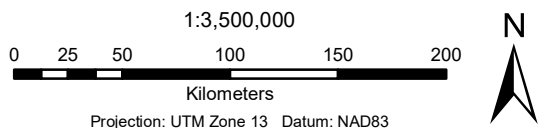


Minimum Temperature

from June 18 to June 24, 2024



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

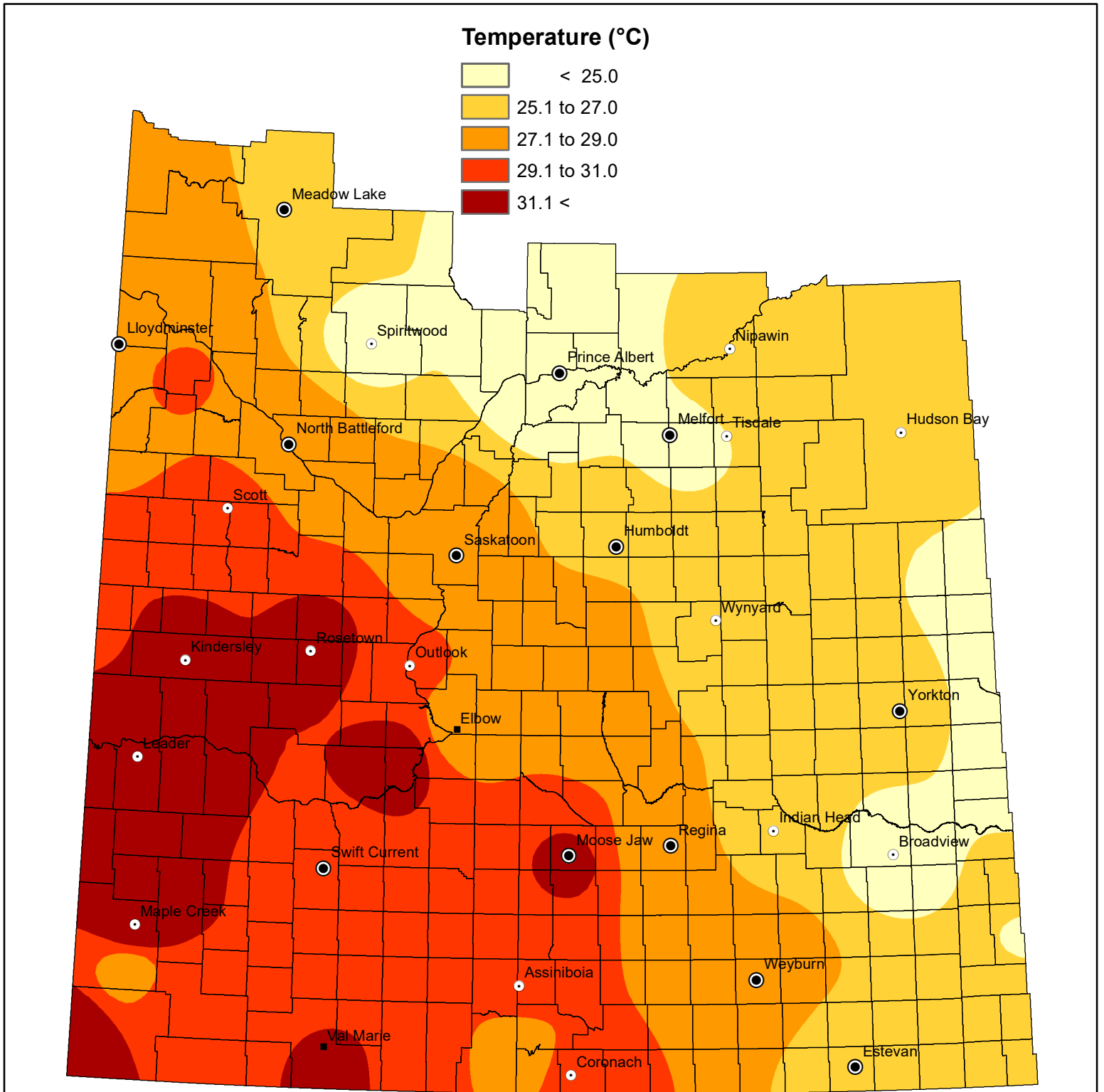


Data Sources:
 Temperature data - Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Wildfire Management Branch) and Environment Canada.
 Temperature data compiled and quality controlled by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
 IDW interpolation (power 3.5, fixed radius 300 km)
 Geomatics Services, Ministry of Agriculture

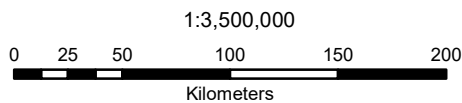
June 26, 2024

Maximum Temperature

from June 18 to June 24, 2024



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



Data Sources:
 Temperature data - Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Wildfire Management Branch) and Environment Canada.
 Temperature data compiled and quality controlled by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
 IDW interpolation (power 3.5, fixed radius 300 km)
 Geomatics Services, Ministry of Agriculture

June 26, 2024