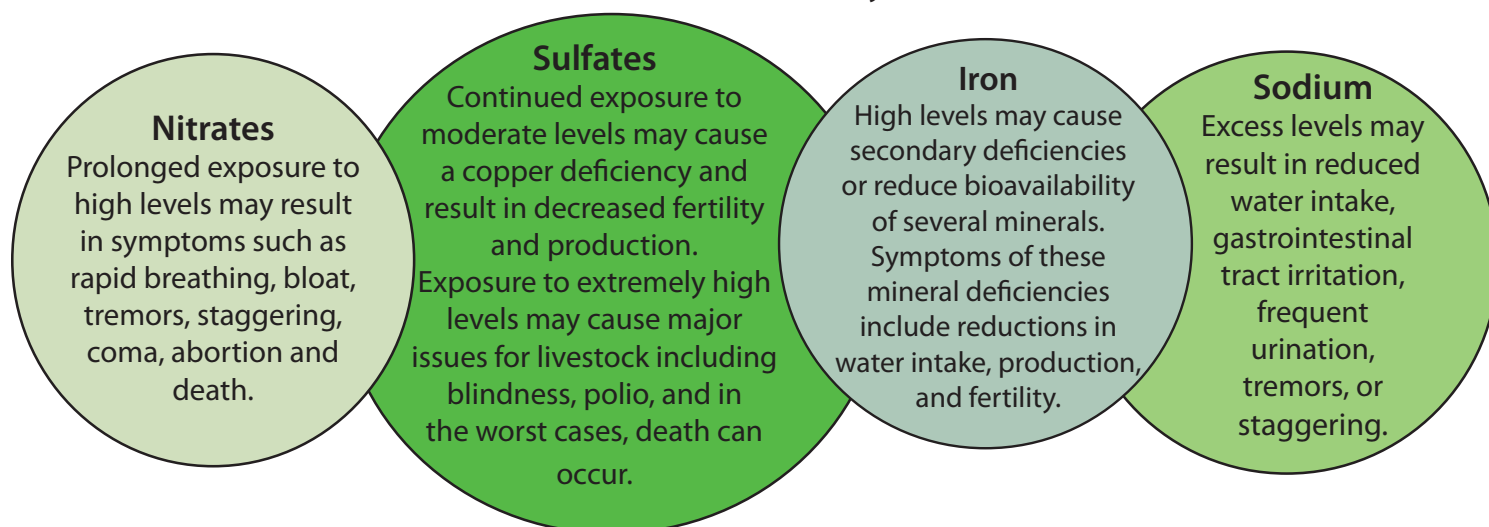


Why and How to Test Your Livestock Water

Why test your water?

Ground and surface water sources can contain varying levels of minerals or elements that may impact animal health and production.

What are the common contaminants and what do they do?



Remember, any of these contaminants present in the feed would also have an impact on the animal. We recommend testing your feed sources to mitigate your risk.

<i>Maximum Recommended Levels of Common Water Contaminants</i>					
	Unit	Cattle/Sheep/Bison	Horse	Poultry	Swine
Nitrate Dissolved	mg/L	100	400	< 12	< 400
Sulfate Dissolved	mg/L	< 500-1,500	< 2,500	< 500	500-1,000
Iron	mg/L	< 10	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
Sodium	mg/L	800-1,000	2,500	< 400	< 400

These are only some of the contaminants found in Saskatchewan water sources. While less common, there are many others which may negatively affect livestock health. Testing your water is the best way to protect yourself and your herd from production losses and animal welfare concerns.

What can we do?

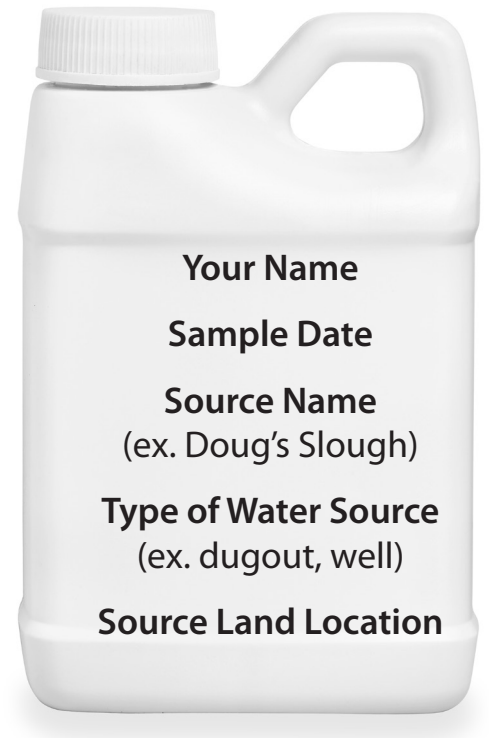
The Ministry of Agriculture assists producers in determining if their water is suitable for livestock use. Bring a one litre water sample from the source your livestock are using to a regional office where a livestock and feed extension specialist will work with you to coordinate analysis of the sample. In some cases, a quick determination of quality can be made with equipment available in the office. Some samples may be sent for more in-depth analysis. Once results are received, we will help you with their interpretation and provide you with the information you need to make decisions about how to use each water source.

How to collect a sample:

- Use a clean container to collect your sample.
 - Sample jugs are available at your local regional office.
- Collect one litre of water from the trough or source the livestock are using (dugout, slough, etc.).
- If possible, flush the water lines prior to taking the sample to ensure that it is representative.
- For dugouts, reach out as far as is safely possible.
 - Sampling poles are available in ministry regional offices.
 - If water from a dugout or slough is pumped into a trough, samples can be taken from the trough.
- Avoid getting any dirt, debris, or plant matter in the sample container.
- Label your container as seen on the right and keep cool until it can be delivered to your regional office.

If water is going to be tested for blue-green algae, bacteria or other specific contaminants, please contact your regional office for sampling protocols.

- For blue-green algae testing, samples should be frozen and shipped to the lab as soon as possible to prevent toxin breakdown during transport.
- For bacteriological testing, samples must be received by the lab within 48 hours of sampling to ensure accurate results.



For more information or to bring in a sample, contact your nearest regional office:

Kindersley

608 12th Ave. East
306-463-5513

Outlook

410 Saskatchewan Ave. W
306-867-5500

Swift Current

101-350 Cheadle St. West
306-778-8285

Prince Albert

Room 141, L.F. McIntosh
Building, 800 Central Ave.
306-953-2363

Tisdale

1105 99th Street
306-878-8842

North Battleford

A131-1192 – 102nd Street
306-446-7962

Humboldt

2414 Westwood Dr.
306-682-6701

Weyburn

60-18th Street
306-848-2857

Yorkton

38-5th Ave. North
306-786-1531

Moose Jaw

Agriculture Knowledge Centre

45 Thatcher Dr. East
Toll-Free 1-866-457-2377

Water samples can also be dropped off at most Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation locations.

A Premises Identification (PID) number is required to access ministry services.