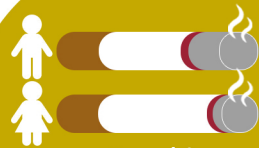


Smoking in Saskatchewan (2015-2016)

SMOKING is a risk factor for lung cancer, heart disease, stroke, chronic respiratory disease, and other conditions. The population aged 12 and over who reported being a current cigarette smoker (daily or occasional) are depicted. Occasional smokers include former daily smokers who now smoke occasionally.

1 in 5

SK residents 12 years and older reported daily or occasional smoking



Smoking was **32% more common in males** than females

20%



17%

The proportion of residents who reported daily or occasional smoking was **significantly lower** in Canada overall than SK

Daily or occasional smoking was most common in people

18-64

years old

In this age group, **about 1 in 5** reported daily or occasional smoking

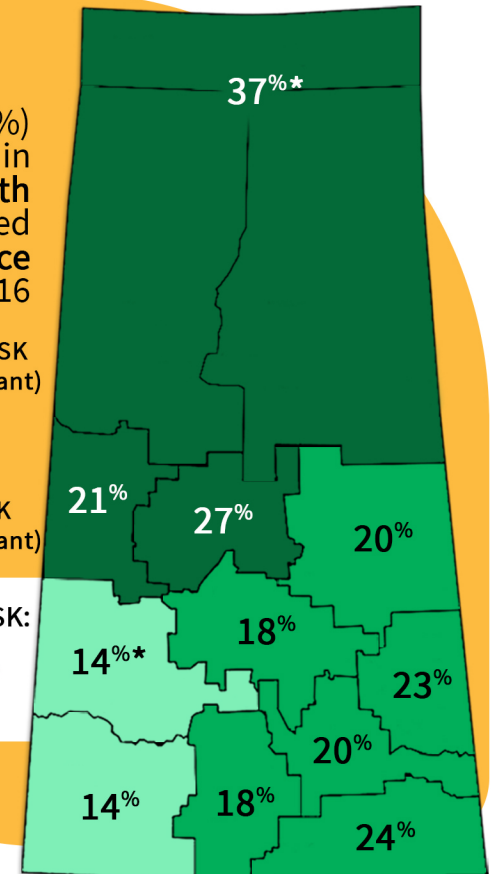


Prevalence (%) of smoking in **former health regions** compared to the **province** in 2015-2016

- more common than SK (statistically significant)
- not significantly different than SK
- less common than SK (statistically significant)

Prevalence for SK:

20%



*rounded; interpret with caution due to low numbers

SOURCE: Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)

NOTE: Due to methodological changes to the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) in 2015, the combined 2015 and 2016 results should not be compared to previous surveys.