



Government of
Saskatchewan

Saskatchewan
Bureau of Statistics

Economic Review 1981

Number Thirty-five



Saskatchewan

Decade of Growth
1970-1980

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The Cover

Grain production, including wheat, barley, oats, rye, canola and flax is expected to increase to about 19.5 million tonnes, up from the 1980 level of 15.5 million tonnes, and just below the record of 20 million tonnes set in 1976. More details on page 10.

December 1981

Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics,
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Regina, Saskatchewan.
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Foreword



For Saskatchewan, 1980 marked the eighth successive year of real economic growth. Led by expansion in our resource industries, this growth occurred despite a second year of below average agricultural performance.

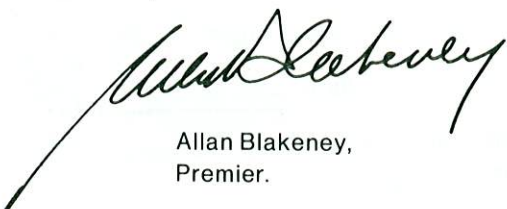
I believe all of us in Saskatchewan can reflect with pride on our progress during the 1970's. Through our commitment to diversify the economy, we have developed industries around such primary products as potash, petroleum and uranium, to join agriculture as major contributors of jobs and income for Saskatchewan people.

As a result of this diversification, Saskatchewan's population grew by 29,000 from 1970 to 1980, 90,000 new jobs were created, and the value of Saskatchewan's exports increased more than fivefold. Although agriculture is and will remain our largest industry, the growing contributions of other sectors have brought increasing stability to Saskatchewan.

We look forward now with confidence to the next decade. Today, our population stands at 983,900 — the highest ever — and our unemployment rate continues to be one of the lowest in the country.

Saskatchewan's real economic growth in 1981 will markedly surpass that of recent years, mainly because of a recovery in agriculture and steady expansions in resource industries. Continuing investment in Saskatchewan will ensure that our industries can meet the needs of our residents for goods and services, and of our customers for exports.

The economic challenge during the 1980's will be to continue to expand primary production and to generate further benefits by increasing the processing of our resources in Saskatchewan. This economic strategy is central to our objective of ensuring a high quality of life for all the citizens of our province.



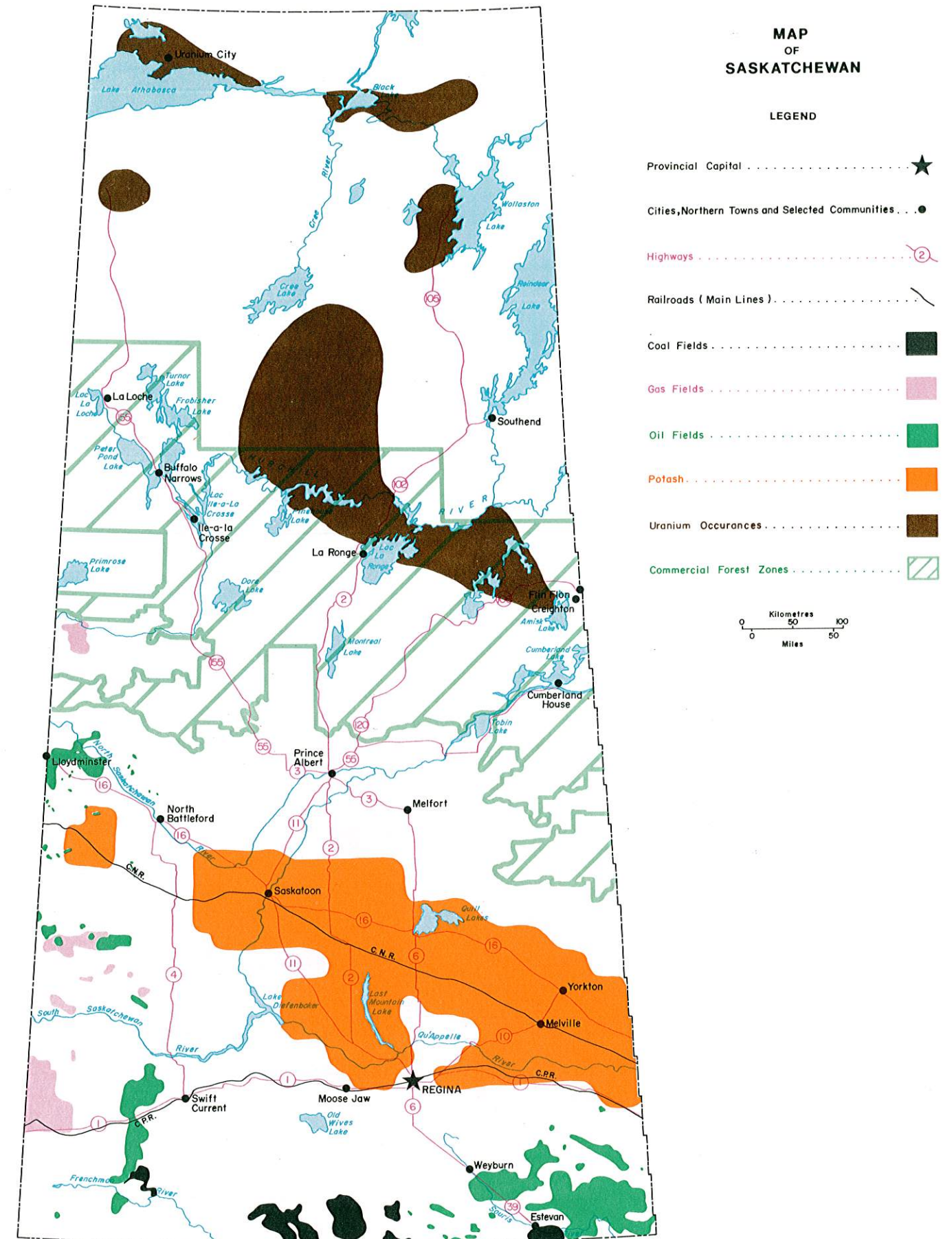
Allan Blakeney,
Premier.

Economic Indicators, Saskatchewan

	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Personal Income — Millions of Dollars							
Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income	2,189	2,730	3,241	3,612	3,935	4,465	5,105
Net Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production	1,082	1,465	1,254	844	898	827	704
Other Income	1,247	1,464	1,704	1,917	2,258	2,578	2,948
Total Personal Income	4,518	5,660	6,199	6,373	7,091	7,870	8,757
Population and Labour Force — Thousands of Persons							
Saskatchewan Population as of June 1	899.7	907.4	921.3	937.0	948.4	959.8	970.1
Saskatchewan Labour Force	360	376	394	410	421	433	443
Saskatchewan Employed	350	365	378	392	400	415	423
Saskatchewan Unemployed	10	11	15	18	21	18	19
Saskatchewan Per Cent Unemployed	2.8	2.9	3.9	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.4
Canada Per Cent Unemployed	5.3	6.9	7.1	8.1	8.4	7.5	7.5
Consumer Price Index — Annual Percentage Increase							
Regina	9.4	10.5	8.9	9.7	9.1	8.4	10.1
Saskatoon	9.5	11.2	8.2	8.6	7.9	8.9	10.5
Canada	10.9	10.8	7.5	8.0	8.9	9.1	10.1
Gross Domestic Product by Industry — Millions of Dollars							
Agriculture	1,725	1,756	1,701	1,385	1,657	1,652	1,911
Forestry	14	18	16	17	18	22	24
Mining	421	437	484	643	818	1,138	1,435
Construction	311	401	493	541	504	610	666
Manufacturing	342	416	442	457	535	646	764
Transportation, Communication and Storage	439	484	568	631	742	866	943
Utilities	111	139	160	174	201	238	249
Trade	553	699	808	793	900	1,058	1,136
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	606	745	872	992	1,237	1,263	1,415
Services	823	1,018	1,172	1,314	1,471	1,679	1,914
Public Administration	408	534	625	706	792	944	1,109
Total GDP at Factor Cost	5,753	6,646	7,341	7,651	8,875	10,115	11,567
Mineral Shipments Value — Millions of Dollars							
Oil	398	407	445	580	691	729	881
Potash	309	359	353	404	504	735	986
Uranium	15	16	45	75	261	258	232
Other	83	95	121	125	134	169	199
Total	805	877	964	1,184	1,590	1,891	2,298
Volume							
Oil — Millions of Barrels	74	59	56	61	61	59	60
Potash — Thousands of Short Tons	6,367	5,152	5,749	6,354	6,993	7,798	8,303
Uranium — Thousands of Pounds	1,114	1,433	4,838	6,180	6,628	6,364	6,193
Other							
Private and Public Investment — Millions of Dollars							
New Capital Investment							
Construction	681	923	1,197	1,314	1,350	1,753	1,838
Machinery and Equipment	580	857	983	955	1,043	1,351	1,437
Total New Capital Investment	1,262	1,780	2,180	2,269	2,393	3,104	3,276
Repair and Maintenance	425	481	527	576	678	795	888
Total Private and Public Investment	1,687	2,261	2,707	2,845	3,071	3,899	4,164
Value of Manufacturing Shipments — Millions of Dollars							
Value of Retail Trade — Millions of Dollars	1,904	2,243	2,522	2,569	2,875	3,204	3,453
Housing Starts — Units	7,684	10,505	13,143	12,825	9,527	11,742	6,250
Electric Power Generated — Millions of kWh	7,388	7,090	7,534	8,418	8,862	9,106	9,188

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.
Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources.
Statistics Canada.

Note: Components may not add to total due to rounding.



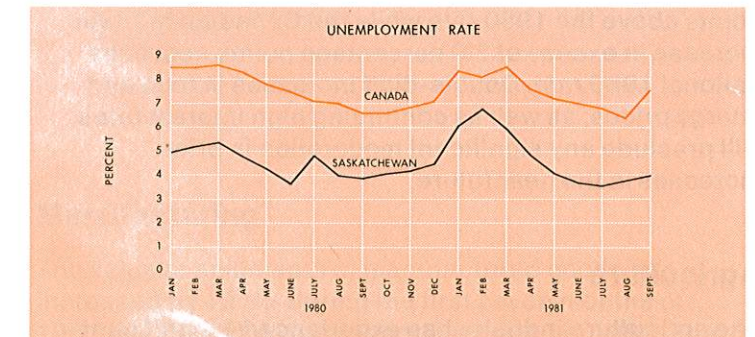
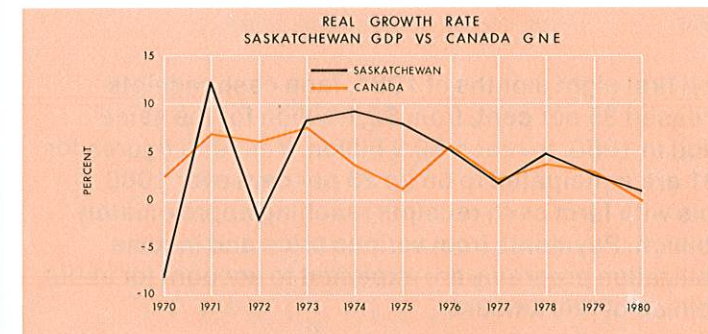
Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

1981 in Review

Growth in Output and Employment

Saskatchewan will continue to enjoy increased growth in real output in 1981, a trend unbroken since 1973. Based on a strong recovery in agricultural production and substantial investment in resource industries, the performance of the economy should be amongst the best in the country in terms of real growth. Saskatchewan's real Gross Domestic Product (in constant 1971 dollars) will advance in excess of 8.0 per cent in 1981, which is comparable to performance in the 1973-1975 period.

After two successive years of below average crop production, the harvest of the six major grains in 1981 will exceed 19 million tonnes, up from 15.5 million tonnes in 1980.



Investment in Saskatchewan has increased at an accelerated rate this year, and is expected to grow by more than 25 per cent over the 1980 level to reach \$5.4 billion. Major investments in 1981 included: construction of the pre-build portion of the Alaska Highway natural gas pipeline; initial stages of development of a new uranium mine at Key Lake; expansion of potash production capacity; the Cornwall Centre downtown redevelopment project in Regina; the opening of the SEDCO Centre in Saskatoon; and the installation of a second 300 megawatt generating unit by Saskatchewan Power Corporation at the plant near Coronach.

Over the first nine months of 1981, on average, the level of employment has been 2.1% higher than the corresponding period in 1980. Labour force growth has

been slightly larger than the increase in employment, and as a result the average unemployment rate has increased marginally over the corresponding 1980 rate.

Labour force participation rates have remained slightly below the national average while Saskatchewan's unemployment rate has remained significantly below the Canadian average. Small declines in employment in sectors adversely affected by high interest rates (such as finance, insurance and real estate) have been more than offset by job creation in other sectors — particularly agriculture and services. Overall, employment and labour force growth will exceed the 1980 performance, and total unemployment will be essentially unchanged from the previous year.

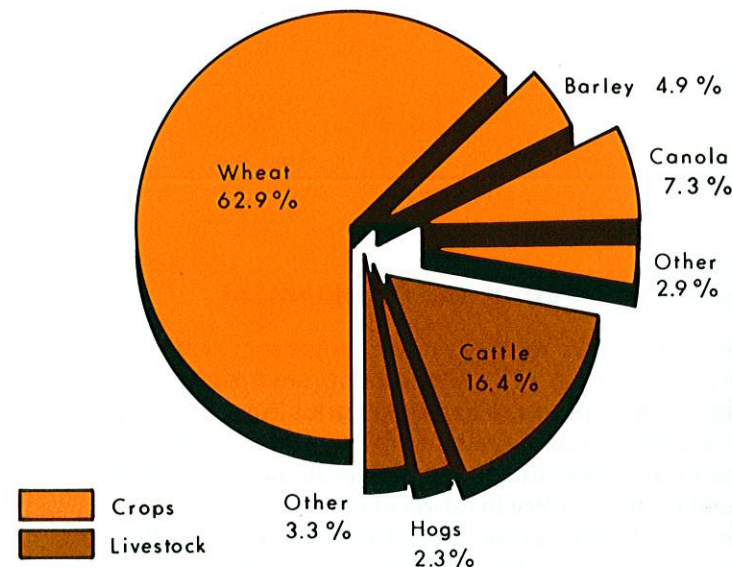
Prices have continued to trend upwards in Saskatchewan following increases in the consumer price indexes for Regina and Saskatoon of 10.1% and 10.5% respectively in 1980. The major sources of consumer price inflation continue to be the energy, food and housing components of the index. Indications to date suggest that Saskatchewan consumer prices will increase at a lower rate than that of Canada as a whole. In 1981, the Saskatchewan increase (average for Regina and Saskatoon) will likely be 1 to 1.5 percentage points above the 1980 rate while the Canadian rate will increase in excess of 2.0 percentage points above the national 1980 rate. Double-digit increases in food and energy prices, as well as continuing high interest rates, will preclude any significant moderation in price increases in the near future.

Agriculture

The agriculture industry has experienced a significant recovery in 1981. Grain production, including wheat, barley, oats, rye, canola and flax is expected to increase to about 19.5 million tonnes, up from the 1980 level of 15.5 million tonnes, and just below the record of 20 million tonnes set in 1976. Aside from a brief strike at Thunder Bay, there have not been any significant disruptions to the grain transportation system. Currently, overall grain exports are running about 2 per cent behind last year's pace. The Canadian Wheat Board has set an ambitious export target of 26 million tonnes for the crop year ending July 31, 1982, up 13 per cent over the previous record set in 1979-80. By July 31, 1981 on-farm stocks had declined sharply to 1.7 million tonnes, down from 3.9 million tonnes in the previous year. Total shipments from Saskatchewan elevators amounted to 13.5 million tonnes in the crop year ending July 31, 1981. Given the high levels of production, shipments are expected to rise this crop year.

As a result of record large Canadian and U.S. grain crops international grain prices are currently lower than for the comparable period last year; but for a major crop failure in the USSR, which has helped to support markets, prices might have been even lower. It is expected that prices will remain steady at or near current levels for the balance of the year. The Canadian Wheat Board export asking price at Thunder Bay for No. 1 C.W. 13.5 per cent protein wheat declined from \$270 per tonne at the beginning of the year to \$230 per tonne in late October. With the exception of oilseed prices which have recently begun to strengthen, other prices have declined slightly from the comparable levels last year and are expected to remain steady to year end.

Distribution of Farm Cash Receipts by Commodity, Saskatchewan 1980



For the first 10 months of 1981, hog production declined 13 per cent relative to the same period in 1980; prices were moderately higher than in 1980. Beef production has increased 9 per cent in the first 10 months of 1981, compared to a national production increase of 5 per cent for the same period. Prices have declined from 1980 levels.

In the first eight months of 1981, farm cash receipts increased 35 per cent, from \$2.1 billion for the same period in 1980, to reach \$2.9 billion. Year end figures for 1981 are anticipated to be up 25 per cent over 1980 levels with farm cash receipts reaching approximately \$4 billion. Payments from various price and income stabilization programs are expected to account for about \$1 billion of this amount.

Operation and depreciation charges are expected to total approximately \$2.8 billion in 1981, up 24 per cent from \$2.25 billion in 1980. Interest costs have become the leading component of these charges, followed by energy and related costs for fuels, lubricants, fertilizers and herbicides.

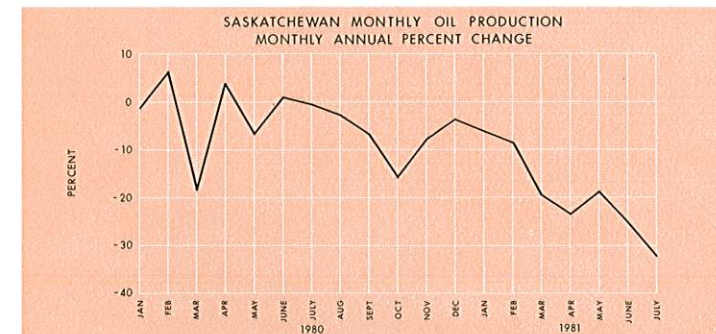
After allowing for these expenses, net farm income in 1981 is expected to more than double from \$700 million in 1980 to approximately \$1.5 billion, based primarily on the significant recovery in grain production.

Mining

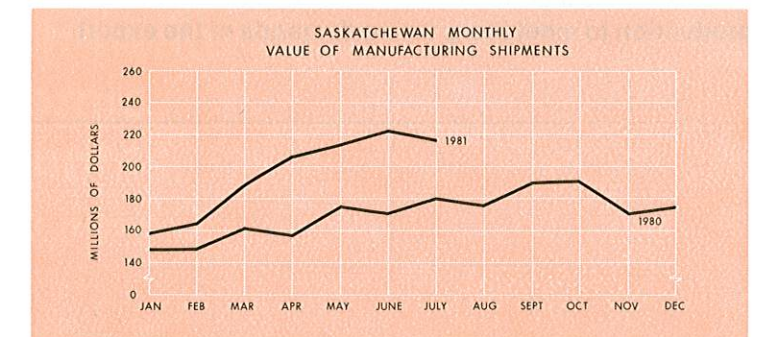
This has been a year of mixed results in the mining industry. Investments in potash and uranium have been leading components of growth. Petroleum exploration and production have been severely curtailed as a result of the adverse provisions of the National Energy Program, although production has increased significantly in uranium.

Completion of the first phase of the Cluff Lake uranium mine south of Lake Athabasca and expansion at the Beaverlodge site has raised installed production capacity in the industry to 10.4 million pounds of U₃O₈. Actual production for the first six months of 1981 was more than 40% above the level achieved in the corresponding period of 1980. The development of a new mine at Key Lake began earlier this year, and production is expected to begin in 1984.

Included in the expansion plans of the potash industry are mines at Lanigan, Rocanville, Allan, Esterhazy, Belle Plaine, Vanscoy and the Potash Corporation of America mine east of Saskatoon. Production of K₂O equivalent has increased slightly over the first seven months of 1981. Sales to American markets have held their own while the offshore market has deteriorated sharply. The Canadian dollar has been weak relative to the U.S. dollar. Both currencies have appreciated against other world currencies. This upward movement of potash offshore export prices has adversely affected sales.



Production of all types of crude oil in all producing areas of Saskatchewan has been depressed throughout the year in response to the pricing, taxation and incentive provisions of the federal government's National Energy Program. Exploration has also been adversely affected: drilling activity in Saskatchewan had decreased over 40% to mid-October. In response to the depressed conditions in the oil industry, the Saskatchewan government introduced two programs totalling \$8 million (the Well Servicing Assistance Program and the Temporary Oilfield Servicing Support Program) to assist the oil patch service industry while negotiations for a mutually acceptable energy agreement were in progress. The recent Alberta and Saskatchewan energy agreements should restore production in the near term and lead to increased production in the future, particularly in the heavy oil regions of the province.



Manufacturing

The value of shipments of manufactured goods has increased by 19.9% during the first seven months of 1981 relative to the corresponding period in 1980. The food and beverage industry accounted for over 30% of the value of Saskatchewan's manufacturing activity during this period. Other areas, including steel production, farm implements manufacture and high technology electronics are emerging as sources of strength.

Earlier this year, the Interprovincial Steel and Pipe Company Ltd., (IPSCO) completed the expansion of its Regina plant from a capacity of 490,000 tonnes to 680,000 tonnes of steel production per year. IPSCO is under contract to provide large diameter pipe for the pre-build section of the Alaska Highway natural gas pipeline.

Northern Telecom Canada Limited opened its Saskatoon fibre optics plant in April of this year.

Service Industries

Although high interest rates and rising prices have affected the service sector, it has continued to grow in 1981. Strong growth in the economy and increasing population have stimulated expansion and generated new employment in service industries. In the first six months of 1981, retail trade was almost 14% above the comparable 1980 level. Personal expenditures on goods and services — a major stimulus to service sector growth — are expected to increase by 15% in 1981 and promote continued expansion of this sector.

Prospects for the 1980's

The record of the past decade is one of notable achievements by Saskatchewan, particularly in the diversification and stabilization of the economy. The 1980's will be a period of continued expansion of production to meet the growing demands of the export

sector (for such commodities as grain, potash and uranium) and the increasing requirements of a growing population for consumer goods. With the resolution of most federal-provincial differences regarding petroleum resource pricing, it is expected that petroleum exploration, development and production will rebound and that intensive activity will take place in heavy oil. As well, there will be significant opportunities to expand processing and manufacturing associated with raw materials produced in Saskatchewan, such as upgrading heavy oil, increased oil refining and production of chemicals and fertilizers.

This pattern of expansion will provide continued growth and further economic diversification. Rising export strength together with comprehensive agricultural income stabilization programs have improved Saskatchewan's capacity to withstand the fluctuations which characterized the economy in the past.

Saskatchewan Economic Accounts 1970 to 1980

Saskatchewan Economic Accounts

The Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics has developed a set of economic accounts which can be used to trace the development and growth of the Saskatchewan economy.

The purpose of the Accounts is to measure the value of economic activity in each sector of the economy. This is done by means of a balancing set of accounts similar to the annual income and expenditure statements of a commercial enterprise.

The accounts measure such things as:

- the annual value of all goods and services produced in Saskatchewan (gross domestic product or GDP);
- how much income was generated and to which sectors it accrued (persons, business, government or non-resident);
- by what sectors the production was consumed.

The Accounts measure GDP in both "current" dollars and "constant" 1971 dollars.

GDP, when measured in current dollars (the price which prevails in the market at the time of purchase),

reflects both changes in the volume and price of output.

GDP, when measured in constant dollar prices (referred to as "real" GDP), yields a value in which the effects of "price" change have been removed and hence reflects only changes in the volume of output.

This "real" measurement of GDP is especially useful in times of significant inflation and is particularly important in explaining changes in employment in the economy.

The Accounts have many useful functions. They consolidate information which is now provided through a number of scattered sources and organize it into a central framework. This allows many kinds of economic analysis to be performed ranging from monitoring current economic performance to analysis of structural change in the economy.

The Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics has available, upon request, many more detailed tables and other information concerning the Saskatchewan Economic Accounts.

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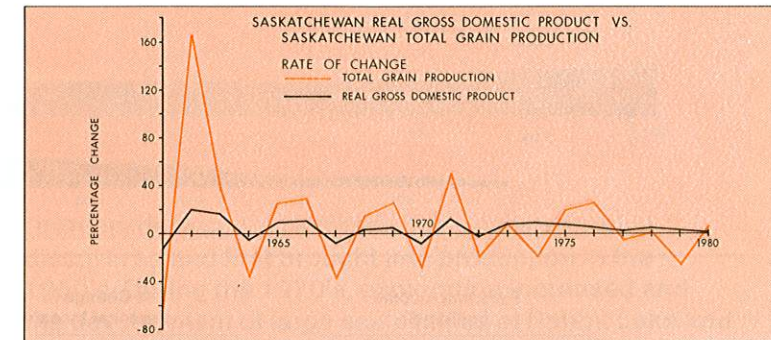
Economic Growth, 1970 - 1980

The 1970's proved to be a decade of dramatic growth for Saskatchewan. From 1970 to 1980, the compound annual rate of growth in total output in the economy was 4.9 per cent, measured in constant (deflated) dollars. The comparable figure for Canada for the same period was 3.9 per cent.

In recent years, Saskatchewan has begun to reap the benefits of economic diversification stemming from a broadening economic base. This base now includes oil and gas, potash and uranium as major exports, in addition to grains and livestock. As a consequence, Saskatchewan has enjoyed increases in real (constant) Gross Domestic Product every year since 1973. By contrast, during the previous 20 years, the provincial economy suffered an absolute decrease in real output more frequently than one year in three.

A further indication of the stabilizing effects of diversification may be seen by comparing, on a percentage basis, annual changes in total provincial grain production with Saskatchewan's real Gross Domestic Product (GDP). As the economy has become more diversified, fluctuations in grain production have had a less noticeable effect on real provincial GDP.

Over the decade, Saskatchewan has experienced significant growth in all leading indicators, measured in current dollars. Gross Domestic Product increased from just over \$3 billion in 1970 to \$12.8 billion in 1980; the value of exports grew from \$1.2 billion to \$6.9 billion, with gains in potash and grain exports accounting for most of this; total personal income increased from a 1970 level of \$2.1 billion to \$8.7 billion in 1980; net farm income, after peaking in 1975, has remained at much higher levels in the latter part of the decade than in the early 70's. During this time, the population of Saskatchewan grew from 941,000 in 1970 to reach 970,100 at mid-year 1980, and employment in



Saskatchewan increased from 333,000 to 423,000 over the same period.

Growth in 1980

The Saskatchewan economy continued its pattern of growth in 1980 despite below average grain production and the poor state of Canadian economic health in general. In the past, these conditions might have precluded expansion of the Saskatchewan economy.

Saskatchewan's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) reached \$12.8 billion in 1980, an increase of 16.5 per cent over 1979. After allowing for price change, the increase (measured in 1971 constant dollars) was 0.9 per cent. The leading contributor to this rise over 1979 levels was the increased value of grain exports, up 10 per cent in constant dollars, as large on-farm inventories were drawn down in 1980. Housing starts fell by 47 per cent from the 1979 level, responding to higher mortgage rates, which contributed to a decline in constant dollar gross fixed capital formation and tempered economic growth.

Although Saskatchewan saw continued growth in 1980, and current dollar per capita income in the province rose to \$9,035, this remained below the national average of \$9,922.

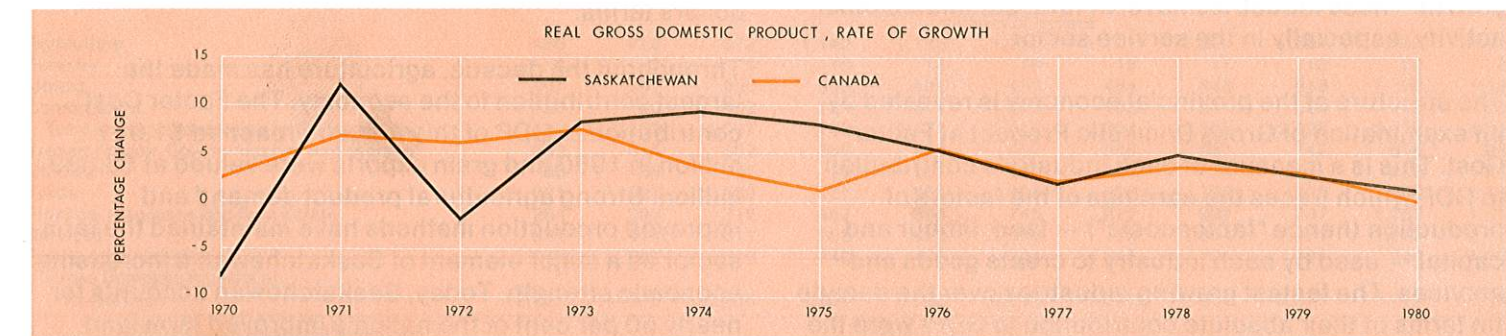
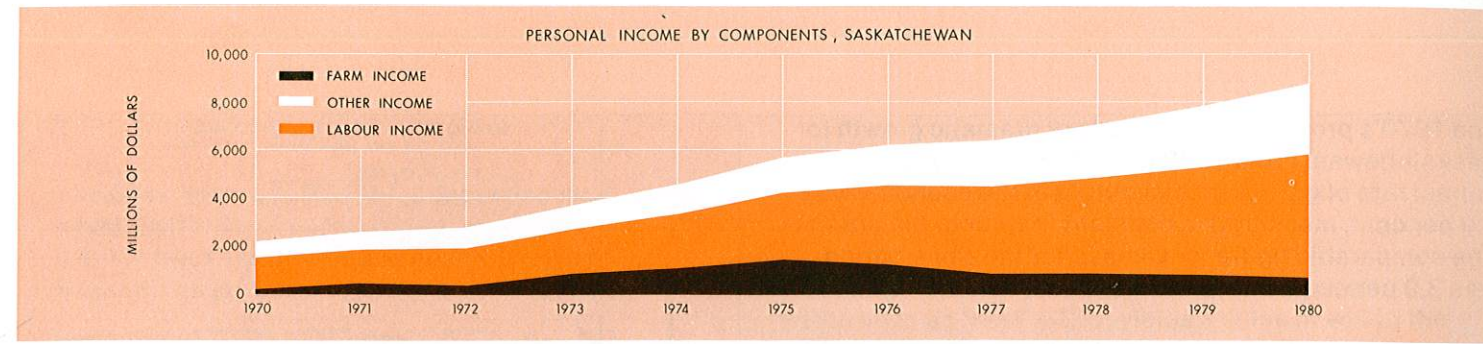


Table 1: Comparison of Personal Income — Saskatchewan and Canada



	Personal Income (million \$)		% Change in Personal Income		Sask. Personal Income as % of Canada	Per Capita Personal Income		Ratio
	Sask.	Canada	Sask.	Canada		Sask. (\$)	Canada (\$)	
1951	1,069	16,791			6.4	1,284	1,199	1.07
1952	1,214	18,592	13.6	10.7	6.5	1,440	1,286	1.12
1953	1,138	19,550	-6.3	5.2	5.8	1,322	1,317	1.00
1954	823	19,717	-27.6	0.9	4.2	943	1,290	0.73
1955	1,057	21,265	28.4	7.9	5.0	1,204	1,355	0.89
1956	1,204	23,531	13.9	10.7	5.1	1,367	1,463	0.93
1957	1,204	23,531	13.9	10.7	5.1	1,367	1,463	0.93
1958	1,155	26,651	11.6	5.9	4.3	1,297	1,560	0.83
1959	1,200	28,108	3.9	5.5	4.3	1,323	1,608	0.82
1960	1,352	29,595	12.6	5.3	4.6	1,477	1,656	0.89
1961	1,084	30,104	-19.8	1.7	3.6	1,172	1,651	0.71
1962	1,530	32,788	41.1	8.9	4.7	1,645	1,764	0.93
1963	1,688	34,829	10.3	6.2	4.8	1,809	1,840	0.98
1964	1,537	37,282	-8.9	7.0	4.1	1,632	1,933	0.84
1965	1,786	41,071	16.2	10.2	4.3	1,880	2,091	0.90
1966	2,046	46,094	14.5	12.2	4.4	2,142	2,303	0.93
1967	1,932	50,579	-5.6	9.7	3.8	2,018	2,482	0.81
1968	2,186	55,677	13.2	10.1	3.9	2,277	2,690	0.85
1969	2,271	61,804	3.9	11.0	3.7	2,370	2,943	0.81
1970	2,132	66,633	-6.1	7.8	3.2	2,266	3,129	0.72
1971	2,556	74,092	19.9	11.2	3.4	2,760	3,435	0.80
1972	2,771	83,767	8.4	13.1	3.3	3,032	3,842	0.79
1973	3,673	97,832	32.5	16.8	3.8	4,058	4,438	0.91
1974	4,518	116,867	23.0	19.5	3.9	5,020	5,226	0.96
1975	5,660	136,205	25.3	16.5	4.2	6,240	6,001	1.04
1976	6,199	155,343	9.5	14.1	4.0	6,731	6,756	1.00
1977	6,373	171,303	2.8	10.3	3.7	6,801	7,365	0.92
1978	7,091	190,067	11.3	11.0	3.7	7,477	8,096	0.92
1979	7,870	211,394	11.0	11.2	3.7	8,206	8,931	0.92
1980	8,757	237,272	11.3	12.2	3.7	9,035	9,922	0.91

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

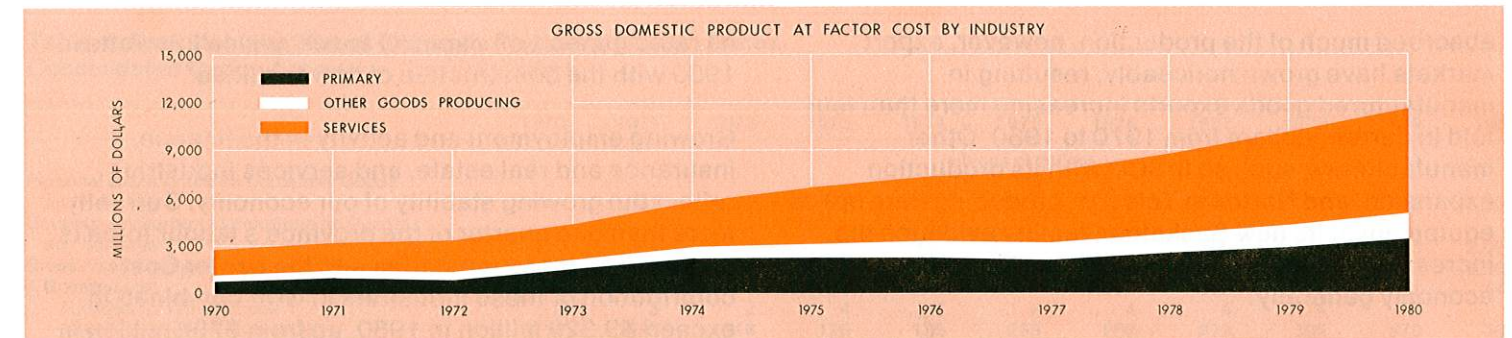
Resource-Based Diversification

The provincial economy has become more diversified during the last decade as other industries, particularly those building on Saskatchewan's rich resource base, have joined agriculture as major sources of economic growth. These industries have, in turn, stimulated other activity, especially in the service sector.

The structure of the provincial economy is revealed by an examination of Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost. This is a measure of each industry's contribution to GDP which traces the earnings of the factors of production (hence "factor costs") — land, labour and capital — used by each industry to create goods and services. The fastest growing industries over the decade (in terms of their absolute contribution to GDP) were the

mining, construction, and finance, insurance and real estate industries posting compound annual growth rates, 1970 to 1980, of between 17 and 18 per cent. Other industries performed nearly as well, resulting in an overall annual growth rate of 15.4 per cent for GDP at Factor Cost from 1970 to 1980, measured in current dollars terms.

Throughout the decade, agriculture has made the largest contribution to the economy. The Factor Cost contribution to GDP of this industry reached \$1,911 million in 1980 and grain exports were valued at \$3,039 million. Strong agricultural product demand and improved production methods have maintained the farm sector as a major element of Saskatchewan's increasing economic strength. Today, Saskatchewan accounts for nearly 50 per cent of the nation's improved farm land,



and is the leading exporter of cereal crops in Canada. In 1980, Saskatchewan had 69,200 farms averaging 392.5 hectares (970 acres) in size with an average value of \$667 per hectare (\$270 per acre).

A second important sector of the economy in 1980 was mining, (including the petroleum, uranium and potash industries) with a Factor Cost contribution to GDP of \$1,435 million, up from \$267 million in 1970.

Saskatchewan is a world leader in the production and export of potash. Exports rose from \$109 million in 1970 to \$1,010 million in 1980. Expansion plans announced by the Potash Corporation of Saskatchewan will see production capacity increase dramatically in the 1980's.

Next to Alberta, Saskatchewan is the nation's largest producer of crude oil. The value of crude oil exports rose from \$194 million in 1970 to \$1,370 million in 1980, with much of our heavier crude production being exported to the United States. Petroleum price increases during the 1970's significantly increased business income and provincial resource royalty revenue from petroleum, increasing the importance to the economy of the oil industry. Energy related projects, such as the pre-build section of the Alaska Highway Pipeline, were important to growth in our economy. Benefits were realized, for instance, by the Interprovincial Steel and Pipe Corporation (IPSCO) in the manufacturing sector through the increased production of large diameter pipe.

Uranium deposits in Northern Saskatchewan were discovered and first brought into production in the 1950's. During the 1970's, exploration increased and the development of large scale mines at Rabbit Lake and Cluff Lake was realized. These and other mines have made Saskatchewan the second largest uranium producer in Canada. Uranium exports abroad were valued at \$232 million in 1980.

Activity in the construction industry is an important indicator of general economic health since it reflects, in large part, investment in other industries. After a relative decline in its contribution to provincial GDP in the early 1970's, the construction industry rebounded in response to increased development, particularly in the resource sector, in recent years. The Factor Cost contribution to GDP of the construction industry reached \$666 million in 1980.

New construction programs for shopping facilities and other commercial establishments promise additional long term benefits for the province. Currently about 76,000 people are employed in retail and wholesale trade within the province. During the 1970's the trade industry contributed an average of 10.4 per cent of provincial GDP.

Saskatchewan's manufacturing sector has been dominated by the food and beverage and the agricultural implements industries. Small, regional markets have

Table 2: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
	millions of dollars										
Agriculture	460	715	573	1,142	1,725	1,756	1,701	1,385	1,657	1,652	1,911
Forestry	5	7	9	10	14	18	16	17	18	22	24
Mining	267	291	292	359	421	437	484	643	818	1,138	1,435
Construction	131	150	163	227	311	401	493	541	504	610	666
Total Primary Industries and Construction	862	1,163	1,037	1,739	2,471	2,612	2,694	2,585	2,998	3,422	4,037
Transportation, Communication and Storage	280	314	352	380	439	484	568	631	742	866	943
Utilities	80	88	97	98	111	139	160	174	201	238	249
Trade	321	327	380	437	553	699	808	793	900	1,058	1,136
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	284	293	316	387	606	745	872	992	1,237	1,263	1,415
Services	504	544	611	688	823	1,018	1,172	1,314	1,471	1,679	1,914
Public Administration	248	267	316	340	408	534	625	706	792	944	1,109
Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost	2,761	3,188	3,336	4,359	5,753	6,646	7,341	7,651	8,875	10,115	11,567

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

absorbed much of the production, however, export markets have grown noticeably, resulting in manufactured goods exports increasing more than four fold in current dollars from 1970 to 1980. Other manufacturers, such as IPSCO with its production expansion, and Northern Telecom producing fibre optics equipment at its new Saskatoon facility evidence the increasing diversity of the manufacturing sector and the economy generally.

Saskatchewan's commercial forests cover 150,000 square kilometers (58,000 square miles) of land. This carefully managed renewable resource provides raw materials to Saskatchewan forest industries which manufacture building products and Kraft pulp. While comparatively small, the Saskatchewan forest products industry has maintained a firm position in the economy.

The utilities sector in Saskatchewan has been led by the Saskatchewan Power Corporation which has increased

its rated generation capacity to two million kilowatts in 1980 with the construction of new facilities.

Growing employment and activity in the finance, insurance and real estate, and services industries reflect the growing stability of our economy. Currently more than one quarter of the province's labour force is employed in these industries and the Factor Cost contribution of these industries to GDP combined to exceed \$3,329 million in 1980, up from \$788 million in 1970.

As can be seen when the Factor Cost contribution to GDP is compared on a percentage distribution basis, mining's share has increased by 28 per cent over the decade. All of the other sectors have generally kept pace with the growth of the economy as a whole, swings in agricultural performance notwithstanding.

Table 3: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry — Percentage Distribution

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Agriculture	16.7	22.4	17.2	26.2	30.0	26.4	23.2	18.1	18.7	16.3	16.5
Forestry	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Mining	9.7	9.1	8.8	8.2	7.3	6.6	6.6	8.4	9.2	11.2	12.4
Construction	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.4	6.0	6.7	7.1	5.7	6.0	5.8
Total Primary Industries and Construction	31.2	36.5	31.1	39.9	42.9	39.3	36.7	33.8	33.8	33.8	34.9
Manufacturing	6.6	6.1	6.8	6.6	6.0	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.4	6.6
Transportation, Communication and Storage	10.2	9.8	10.6	8.7	7.6	7.3	7.7	8.2	8.4	8.6	8.2
Utilities	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2
Trade	11.6	10.3	11.4	10.0	9.6	10.5	11.0	10.4	10.1	10.5	9.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	10.3	9.2	9.5	8.9	10.5	11.2	11.9	13.0	13.9	12.5	12.2
Services	18.2	17.1	18.3	15.8	14.3	15.3	16.0	17.2	16.6	16.6	16.5
Public Administration	9.0	8.4	9.5	7.8	7.1	8.0	8.5	9.2	8.9	9.3	9.6
Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Dynamics of Growth

The outlay or expenditure account measures expenditures made on final goods and services in the province, indicating by what sectors the province's production was consumed, and thus is an indicator of product demand. This demand is exercised through consumer spending, government spending and investment.

Personal expenditures on consumer goods and services is the aggregate of purchases of durable and non-durable goods and services by consumers, and represents the demand by Saskatchewan residents for Saskatchewan goods and services.

Similarly, government current expenditures on goods and services consist of the administrative expenses, wages and salaries and other costs incurred in the province for Saskatchewan goods and services by the three levels of government in discharging their

responsibilities. This demand for goods and services, together with consumer spending, is a major determinant of the level of economic activity in Saskatchewan.

The single most important factor driving the growth of Saskatchewan's economy is exports of goods and services, a measure of receipts earned from non-residents as payment for Saskatchewan goods or services to satisfy their demands. Export earnings reached \$6,904 million in 1980, almost six times the 1970 level.

As the demands of consumers and government increase, and as the demand for Saskatchewan's exports rise, new businesses are created and existing firms attempt to increase their capacity in order to satisfy these demands. Generally this requires investment, which is measured as gross fixed capital formation, and includes expenditures for new

Table 4: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices, Consolidated Outlay Account — Current Dollars

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
	millions of dollars										
Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	1,861	2,032	2,279	2,627	3,166	3,715	4,330	4,596	5,117	5,648	6,226
Government Current Expenditure on Goods and Services	610	641	702	757	954	1,245	1,385	1,566	1,742	1,883	2,084
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	607	668	833	992	1,284	1,821	2,221	2,320	2,453	3,143	3,338
Government:	131	141	141	153	218	317	367	365	355	421	440
Residential Construction	3	3	2	4	2	4	4	4	4	5	7
Non-Residential Construction	112	123	116	126	185	253	268	279	302	370	384
Machinery and Equipment	17	16	23	24	31	61	96	83	49	46	49
Business:	476	527	692	838	1,065	1,504	1,854	1,955	2,098	2,722	2,897
Residential Construction:	58	74	115	169	253	380	553	589	570	656	543
Non-Residential Construction	182	212	228	253	280	346	431	510	556	799	967
Machinery and Equipment	237	241	349	415	532	778	870	856	972	1,267	1,387
Value of Physical Change in Inventories:	-51	30	-178	-61	-134	-26	457	55	145	-64	-598
Non-Farm	12	20	36	37	98	-10	40	17	-6	117	-12
Farm Inventories and Grain in Commercial Channels	-63	10	-214	-98	-232	-16	417	38	151	-181	-586
Exports of Goods and Services	1,207	1,468	1,691	2,490	3,410	3,381	3,127	3,578	4,283	5,271	6,904
Imports of Goods and Services	1,186	1,336	1,609	1,887	2,379	3,038	3,638	3,839	4,143	4,833	5,311
Total Expenditures	3,048	3,503	3,717	4,918	6,300	7,098	7,882	8,277	9,598	11,047	12,683
Residual Error of Estimate	-22	1	-10	-88	17	20	29	52	-32	-25	157
Percentage Error	0.7	0	0.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.2
Gross Domestic Product	3,027	3,505	3,707	4,830	6,317	7,118	7,911	8,328	9,566	11,022	12,839
Annual Rate of Change	-3.7	15.8	5.8	30.3	30.8	12.7	11.1	5.3	14.9	15.2	16.5

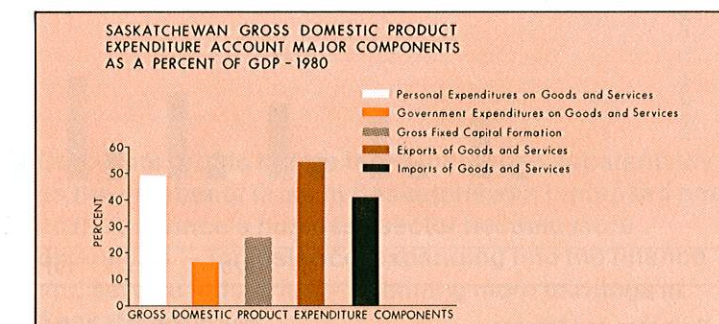
Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

construction and new machinery and equipment. This investment, which totalled \$3,338 million in 1980 (up from \$607 million in 1970), represents productivity improvements or expansions being made in the economy.

These investments, stimulated by increasing demands, have significant spin-off and multiplier effects within the Saskatchewan economy. For instance, provincially owned Crown Corporations investing in resource industries, utilities and other industries have resulted in the construction of new plants, acquisition of machinery and equipment, creation of new direct jobs and increased demands for services (creating more jobs indirectly), and depending on the industry, earned additional export revenue. Growing petroleum demands coupled with increased oil prices have led to expanded exploration, development and production of domestic oil reserves in Alberta, British Columbia and Saskatchewan. The surge in investment caused advances, in each of these provinces, in the construction and services industries in particular and resulted in additional spin-off benefits in many other sectors of the economy.

Imports of goods and services measures the payments made to meet Saskatchewan demands for merchandise or services from outside the province. Imports have increased over the past decade, in current dollar terms, largely in response to the demands for outside goods and services generated by new investment in resource based industries in Saskatchewan.

Examining the components of GDP in real (constant 1971 dollars) terms permits a measure of volume changes in economic output. Total investment, led by the business sector, was a major generator of growth in the economy, more than doubling in real terms from 1970 to 1980. Exports also grew significantly over this period, although in real terms exports fell behind imports which have been stimulated by resource investment as noted.



Personal Expenditure

Personal expenditure is the aggregate of purchases of goods and services by consumers from business, non-residents and persons.

In 1980, total personal expenditure grew 11 per cent, measured in current dollars, with expenditures on services and non-durable goods recording the largest increases (12.7 per cent and 10.5 per cent respectively).

Table 5: Saskatchewan Real Gross Domestic Product in Constant (1971) Dollars

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	1,894	2,032	2,190	2,377	2,590	2,729	2,946	2,903	3,012	3,052	3,061
Government Current Expenditure on Goods and Services	642	641	646	650	728	854	839	846	885	886	877
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	644	668	794	877	983	1,237	1,384	1,332	1,288	1,506	1,467
Government:	140	141	134	134	158	208	223	205	183	199	192
Residential Construction	3	3	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	3
Non-Residential Construction	119	123	110	108	130	162	159	153	152	172	164
Machinery and Equipment	18	16	22	22	27	44	63	50	30	25	25
Business:	505	527	660	743	825	1,029	1,161	1,127	1,105	1,306	1,276
Residential Construction:	61	74	107	137	171	226	290	287	254	259	196
Non-Residential Construction	200	212	214	216	209	233	263	286	291	387	434
Machinery and Equipment	243	241	339	389	445	570	608	554	559	660	646
Value of Physical Change in Inventories:	-83	30	-178	-44	-19	4	181	37	48	-21	-186
Non-Farm	12	20	33	28	63	-6	23	9	-3	53	-5
Farm Inventories and Grain in Commercial Channels	-95	10	-212	-72	-82	11	158	27	51	-74	-181
Exports of Goods and Services	1,266	1,468	1,543	1,579	1,478	1,462	1,465	1,653	1,734	1,704	1,764
Imports of Goods and Services	1,213	1,336	1,555	1,664	1,725	1,938	2,251	2,139	2,071	2,108	1,993
Total Expenditures	3,151	3,503	3,441	3,775	4,034	4,348	4,564	4,632	4,896	5,017	4,989
Residual Error of Estimate	-22	1	-9	-67	11	12	17	29	-16	-11	62
Percentage Error	0.7	0	0.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.2
Gross Domestic Product	3,128	3,505	3,431	3,708	4,045	4,360	4,581	4,660	4,880	5,006	5,051
GDP Real Growth Rate	-8.1	12.0	-2.1	8.1	9.1	7.8	5.1	1.7	4.7	2.6	0.9

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Expenditures on durable goods (requiring larger sums of money to purchase) increased at a slower rate from 1979 to 1980, suggesting consumers avoided finance charges by delaying purchases of goods such as automobiles, recreation equipment and appliances.

From 1970 to 1980 total personal expenditure increased three fold in current dollars. Part of the increase can be explained by a population increase over that period of 29,000 persons. Inflation also contributed to increased personal expenditures, as prices for consumer goods rose rapidly during the 1970's.

Table 6: Saskatchewan Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Food, Beverages, and Tobacco	384	425	460	514	610	693	800	873	994	1,132	1,240
Clothing and Footwear	119	129	142	161	209	240	287	297	323	358	392
Gross Rent, Fuel and Power	397	397	414	442	491	566	662	736	806	862	941
Furniture, Furnishings, and Household Equipment	172	169	238	277	363	421	469	489	551	632	695
Medical Care, Health Services	52	46	48	50	62	66	74	85	95	99	129
Transportation, Communication	261	305	345	407	495	563	684	714	754	830	938
Recreation, Entertainment, Education, and Cultural Services	175	199	233	279	333	402	473	489	572	586	632
Personal Goods and Services	258	311	350	427	512	637	744	774	869	992	1,122
Net Personal Expenditure	42	52	48	72	90	127	137	140	153	158	178
Out-of-Province											
Total Expenditure	1,861	2,032	2,279	2,627	3,166	3,715	4,330	4,596	5,117	5,648	6,266
Expenditure on:											
Durable Goods	255	283	370	451	567	636	738	743	855	912	989
Semi-Durable Goods	227	225	272	305	399	457	536	560	616	685	750
Non-Durable Goods	579	638	690	767	912	1,050	1,236	1,369	1,535	1,716	1,897
Services	800	885	947	1,105	1,288	1,572	1,819	1,923	2,112	2,335	2,631

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

In constant (1971) dollars, Saskatchewan residents increased their expenditures on goods and services by 62 per cent from 1970 to 1980. Significant increases in personal expenditures on clothing, footwear and personal goods and services were realized during the

decade. Constant dollar personal expenditures on gross rent, fuel and power increased marginally over the decade but more than doubled in current dollar terms, driven primarily by increased energy prices.

Table 7: Saskatchewan Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services — Constant (1971) Dollars

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Food, Beverages, and Tobacco	384	425	437	447	474	483	533	530	530	544	541
Clothing and Footwear	122	129	140	150	178	194	221	215	223	224	219
Gross Rent, Fuel and Power	400	397	399	407	425	435	441	440	448	449	449
Furniture, Furnishings, and Household Equipment	175	169	230	256	304	312	327	321	348	368	368
Medical Care, Health Services	51	46	45	46	56	58	76	80	82	83	91
Transportation, Communication	270	305	336	391	440	450	497	474	471	479	481
Recreation, Entertainment, Education and Cultural Services	177	199	221	250	271	291	316	307	348	331	329
Personal Goods and Services	271	311	336	365	370	413	442	445	470	488	496
Net Personal Expenditure	45	52	46	64	71	93	95	92	93	87	86
Out-of-Province											
Total Expenditure	1,894	2,032	2,190	2,377	2,590	2,729	2,946	2,903	3,012	3,052	3,061
Expenditure on:											
Durable Goods	262	283	358	422	488	489	533	503	552	543	539
Semi-Durable Goods	230	225	263	281	331	347	385	380	398	397	383
Non-Durable Goods	583	638	662	689	744	769	854	857	860	877	871
Services	819	885	907	985	1,026	1,124	1,173	1,164	1,203	1,235	1,267

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Income

The Consolidated Income Account provides a measure of all income earned in Saskatchewan, allocated generally to those who earned it, such as employees (in the case of wages and salaries), businesses (corporate profits), farmers (farm income) or governments (indirect taxes). Total income earned in Saskatchewan increased more than four fold, in current dollar measure, from 1970 to 1980. Significant gains were recorded in the income of individuals, businesses and government.

Corporate profits before taxes increased substantially as the number of firms in Saskatchewan increased and as the province's business sector became more diversified — for instance, expanding into the finance and service industries — retaining more earnings in Saskatchewan.

Interest and miscellaneous investment income increased primarily as higher interest rates were paid on deposits and bonds.

Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income grew to \$5,105 million in 1980, reflecting an increase in both the number of people working and in wage rates. Over the decade, substantial job creation has occurred in the mining, manufacturing, services, trade and finance industries as a result of growing economic activity in Saskatchewan.

Net farm income has continued to fluctuate according to the vagaries of the weather, world markets and prices for grains, and prices for livestock. It should be noted that accrued net farm income includes a retroactive adjustment to account for payments made by the Canadian Wheat Board.

Table 8: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices, Consolidated Income Account — Current Dollars

Income Account	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income ¹	1,251	1,345	1,513	1,762	2,189	2,730	3,241	3,612	3,935	4,465	5,105
Corporate Profits Before Taxes	271	330	372	506	597	630	650	745	949	1,302	1,426
Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income	230	241	293	319	597	756	886	999	1,362	1,659	1,961
Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production	185	456	388	879	1,082	1,465	1,254	844	898	827	704
Adjustment on Grain Transactions	57	57	-30	11	319	-92	-8	50	149	124	411
Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business including Rent	204	209	217	262	260	304	334	364	391	425	458
Inventory Valuation Adjustment	-3	-18	-24	-57	-105	-68	-56	-109	-130	-192	-206
Net Income at Factor Cost	2,195	2,620	2,729	3,681	4,940	5,725	6,302	6,507	7,555	8,609	9,859
Indirect Taxes Less Subsidies	244	318	361	384	581	492	599	729	659	882	1,429
Capital Consumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valuation Adjustments	566	568	607	677	813	920	1,039	1,144	1,320	1,506	1,708
Total Income	3,005	3,506	3,697	4,742	6,333	7,138	7,940	8,380	9,534	10,998	12,996
Residual Error of Estimate	22	-1	10	88	-17	-20	-29	-52	32	25	-157
Percentage Error	0.7	0	0.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.2
Gross Domestic Product	3,027	3,505	3,707	4,830	6,317	7,118	7,911	8,328	9,566	11,022	12,839
Annual Rate of Change	-3.7	15.8	5.8	30.3	30.8	12.7	11.1	5.3	14.9	15.2	16.5

¹Includes Military Pay and Allowances.
Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.



Table 9: Saskatchewan Sources and Disposition of Personal Income

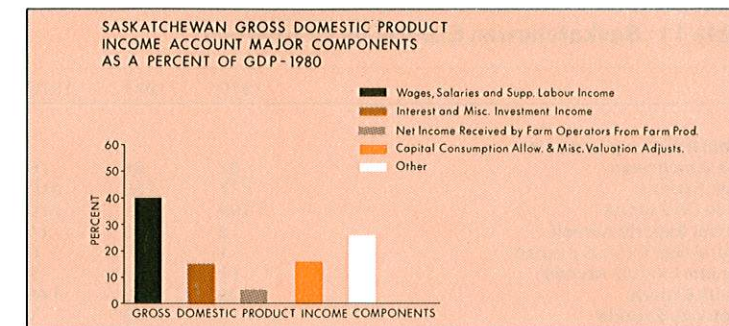
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income ¹	1,251	1,345	1,513	1,762	2,189	2,730	3,241	3,612	3,935	4,465	5,105
Net Income Received by Farm from Farm Production	185	456	388	879	1,082	1,465	1,254	844	898	827	704
Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business including Rent	204	209	217	262	260	304	334	364	391	425	458
Interest, Dividends and Miscellaneous Investment Income	194	204	245	291	397	492	604	655	862	1,040	1,235
Current Transfers:											
From Government:											
Transfers to Persons	284	326	393	458	565	639	741	867	972	1,052	1,182
Capital Assistance	2	2	2	3	7	8	3	5	2	25	33
From Corporations	7	7	7	8	9	11	11	13	15	18	20
From Non-Residents	5	7	7	9	9	10	11	13	16	18	20
Personal Income	2,132	2,556	2,771	3,673	4,518	5,660	6,199	6,373	7,091	7,870	8,757
Deduct:											
Current Transfers to Government	343	354	389	498	697	858	1,005	1,074	1,099	1,162	1,351
Equals:											
Personal Disposable Income	1,789	2,202	2,382	3,175	3,821	4,802	5,194	5,299	5,992	6,708	7,406
Deduct:											
Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	1,861	2,032	2,279	2,627	3,166	3,715	4,330	4,596	5,117	5,648	6,266
Current Transfers to Corporations (Interest on the Consumer Debt)	21	20	21	30	44	49	58	64	78	119	154
Current Transfers to Non-Residents	6	6	6	9	9	11	11	10	11	12	12
Equals:											
Personal Savings	-97	144	76	509	601	1,027	795	629	786	929	974

¹Includes Military Pay and Allowances.
Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Indirect taxes levied by federal, provincial and local governments have increased as a result of changing tax rates and through the application of new taxes (such as the federal oil export tax).

Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments increased significantly from the early 1970's to the end of the decade. As new investments in machinery and equipment were made, capital consumption allowances (depreciation expenses) increased.

From 1979 to 1980, personal income (the measure of all income received by Saskatchewan residents) increased 11.3 per cent. Major sources of this growth include increased labour income (as a result of employment growth) and larger interest, dividends and miscellaneous investment income (as higher interest rates were experienced on deposits and bonds).



In 1980, personal savings represented 13.2 per cent of personal disposable income, down substantially from the 21.4 per cent peak of 1975. Since 1975, personal savings by Saskatchewan residents have averaged 14.5 per cent of disposable income, considerably more than during the early 1970's, and well above the Canadian average.

Table 10: Saskatchewan Implicit Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Expenditure, 1971 = 100

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	98.2	100.0	104.0	110.5	122.2	136.1	147.0	158.3	169.9	185.1	204.7
Government Current Expenditure on Goods and Services	95.1	100.0	108.6	116.5	131.2	145.9	165.1	185.2	196.9	212.4	237.8
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	94.3	100.0	104.9	113.1	130.6	147.2	160.4	174.2	190.4	208.7	227.4
Government:	93.9	100.0	105.1	114.7	138.3	152.7	164.4	177.9	193.3	211.2	229.4
Residential Construction	94.2	100.0	107.1	123.8	147.9	167.7	190.6	205.6	224.3	252.8	277.8
Non-Residential Construction	93.4	100.0	105.5	116.2	142.5	155.9	168.7	181.9	198.3	215.0	233.5
Machinery and Equipment	96.9	100.0	103.1	106.3	117.3	140.3	152.6	164.8	165.7	182.3	197.7
Business:	94.4	100.0	104.8	112.8	129.1	146.1	159.7	173.5	190.0	208.4	227.2
Residential Construction:	94.2	100.0	107.1	123.8	147.9	167.7	190.6	205.6	224.3	252.8	277.8
Non-Residential Construction	90.7	100.0	106.8	117.0	134.1	148.9	164.0	178.0	190.9	206.5	222.8
Machinery and Equipment	97.5	100.0	102.9	106.7	119.6	136.4	143.0	154.5	173.9	192.0	214.8
Exports of Goods and Services	95.4	100.0	109.6	157.7	230.7	231.3	213.4	216.5	247.0	309.4	391.5
Imports of Goods and Services	97.8	100.0	103.5	113.4	138.0	156.7	161.6	179.5	200.0	229.2	266.5
Gross Domestic Expenditure	96.7	100.0	108.0	130.3	156.2	163.3	172.7	178.7	196.0	220.2	254.2

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Implicit price indexes are used to remove the effects of inflation from Gross Domestic Expenditure or aggregate demand. Thus these indexes are used to convert current dollar economic accounts to constant dollar accounts. Since these indexes are compiled for each component of aggregate demand or expenditure, they are more accurate than the Consumer Price Index (CPI), which measures price changes in a fixed, limited selection of consumer goods.

Once the effects of inflation or price changes have been removed from the accounts, changes reflect increases or decreases in the quantity of a product produced or sold. Consequently, measurements in constant dollar terms more accurately reflect, in some respects, true (or "real") economic performance by indicating quantity

(volume) and rate of production changes. The change in the physical volume of output is one of the main determinants of job creation in the economy.

External Trade

Saskatchewan has enjoyed a positive balance of trade in all but two years of the past decade. As a diversified primary producer, demands for our production have tended to be steady and markets for our most important exports — grain, crude oil and potash — have generally been strong. In real terms, total exports from Saskatchewan grew by almost 40 per cent from 1970 to 1980, which is indicative of our expanding productive capacity. Exports of manufactured goods more than quadrupled, measured in current dollars, from 1970 to 1980 — a near-doubling in real dollar terms.

Table 11: Saskatchewan Exports by Commodity

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Selected Exports Laden in Saskatchewan	61	61	76	124	149	154	167	178	191	296	322
Grain Exports	577	753	910	1,472	1,845	1,805	1,472	1,629	1,846	2,153	3,039
Crude Oil Exports	194	211	210	265	578	500	505	675	771	977	1,370
Lumber Exports Abroad	5	8	14	17	10	11	14	27	33	32	28
Natural Gas Exports Abroad	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uranium Exports Abroad	11	8	9	10	14	16	45	75	261	258	232
Potash Exports	109	146	145	195	312	348	358	398	496	733	1,010
Electricity Exports	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exports of Manufactured Goods to Other Parts of Canada	59	68	80	90	89	81	71	66	67	71	77
Livestock Exports to Other Parts of Canada	59	68	80	90	89	81	71	66	67	71	77
Purchases in Saskatchewan by Non-Residents	42	47	53	63	69	82	97	106	124	142	160
Total Exports	1,207	1,468	1,691	2,490	3,410	3,381	3,127	3,578	4,283	5,271	6,904

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

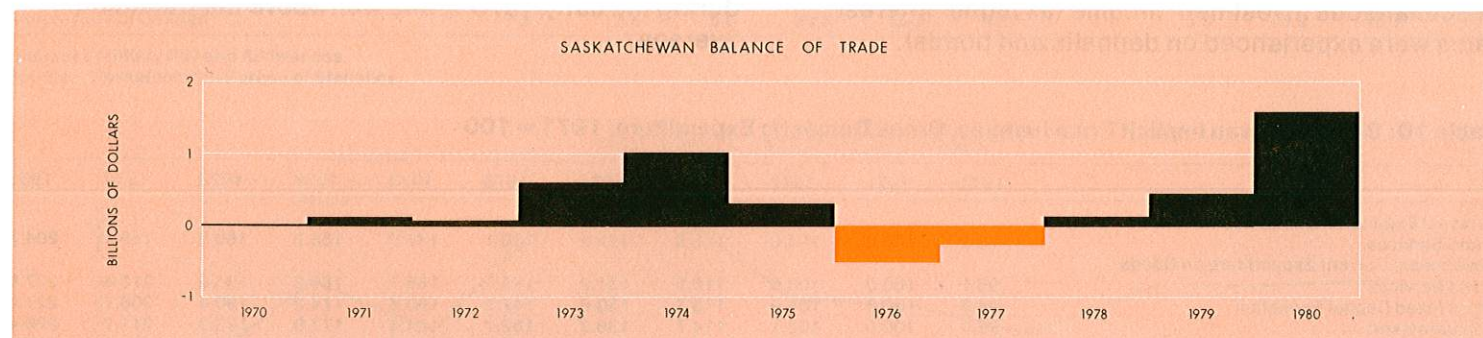


Table 12: Saskatchewan Imports from Canada and Abroad

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Crude Oil	53	49	39	53	102	104	79	97	96	161	238
Natural Gas	6	6	6	7	14	27	49	70	91	108	146
Coal and Electricity	1	0	1	2	2	7	9	15	11	10	13
Out-of-Country Purchases by Saskatchewan Travellers	44	49	47	64	74	101	119	129	145	146	165
Out-of-Province Purchases in Canada by Saskatchewan Travellers	40	49	53	71	85	107	116	117	132	153	172
Imports Cleared through Saskatchewan Custom Ports	91	115	133	188	314	398	457	469	560	756	814
Other Imports from Canada and Abroad	952	1,068	1,330	1,501	1,788	2,293	2,810	2,942	3,109	3,499	3,763
Total Imports	1,186	1,336	1,609	1,887	2,379	3,038	3,638	3,839	4,143	4,833	5,311

Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.

Imports to Saskatchewan consist largely of energy and goods and services associated with expanding our resource industries. As a major producer and exporter of heavier crudes, Saskatchewan still requires imports of lighter crudes, as well as other energy forms, to meet its energy needs. While the current dollar value of crude oil imports increased more than four times from 1970 to 1980, reflecting price increases, real crude oil imports by Saskatchewan actually declined during this period.

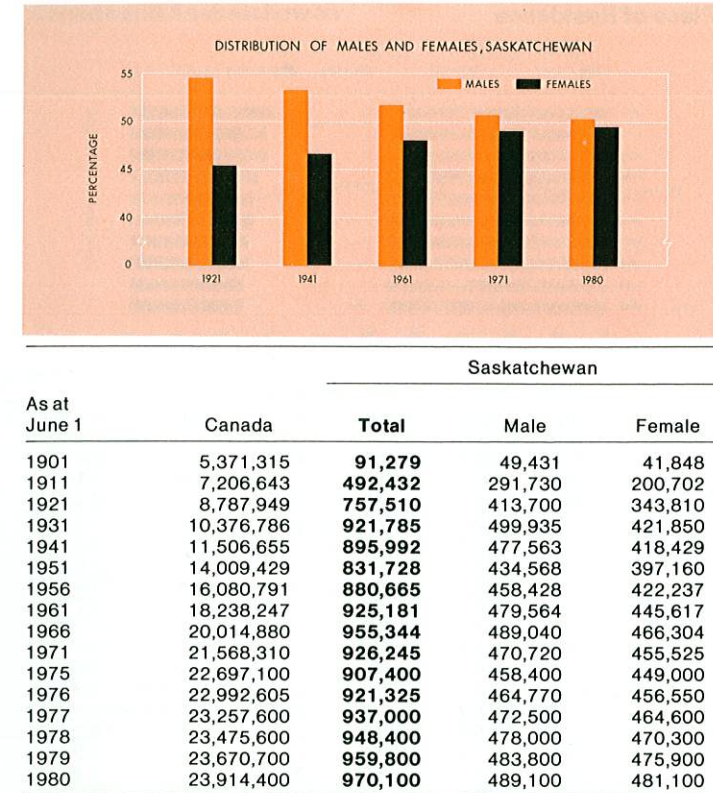
During most of the 1970's, the Canadian dollar was valued well below the American dollar (the world's leading currency of trade). Since the United States is our major trading partner, this had the effect of increasing interest in our export commodities. At the same time, the lower-valued Canadian dollar has also meant increased prices for imported goods and services, which dampened import demand.

Statistical Tables and Charts

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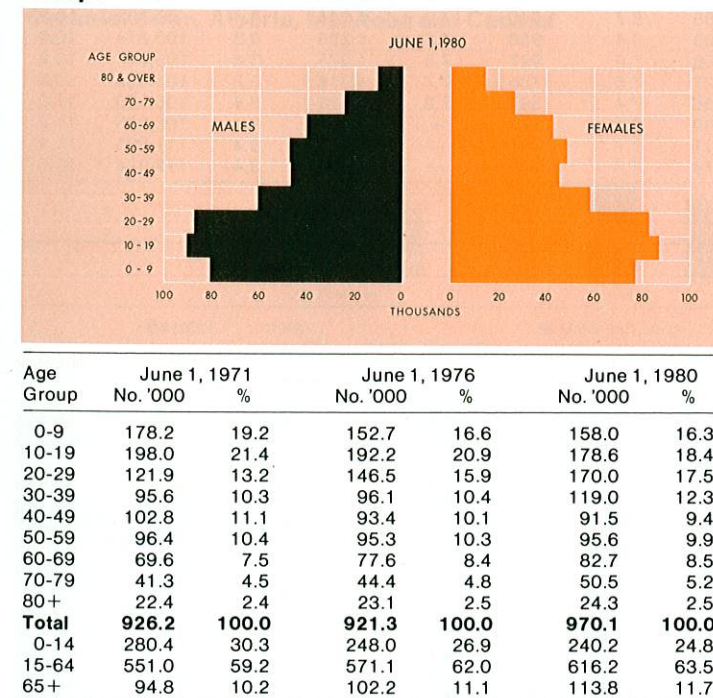
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Table 1: Population, Canada, and Saskatchewan by Sex



Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada*; 91-512, *Population 1921-1971, Revised Annual Estimates of Population*; 91-202, *Estimated Population by Sex and Age Group, for Canada and the Provinces*.

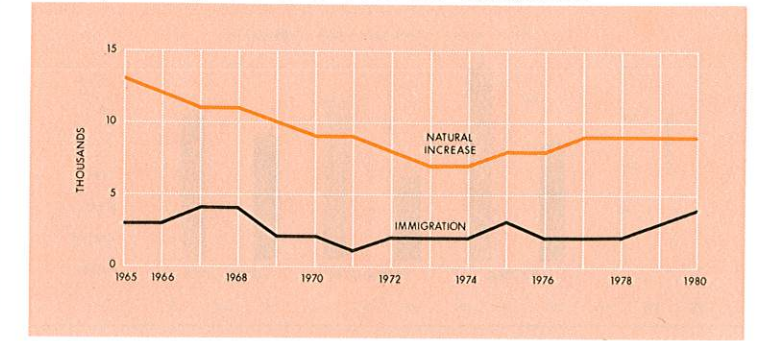
Table 3: Population, Saskatchewan Distribution by Age Groups



Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada* and 91-202, *Estimated Population by Sex and Age Group, for Canada and Provinces, 92-823. Population — Five year age groups.*

Note: Figures may not add to total due to rounding.

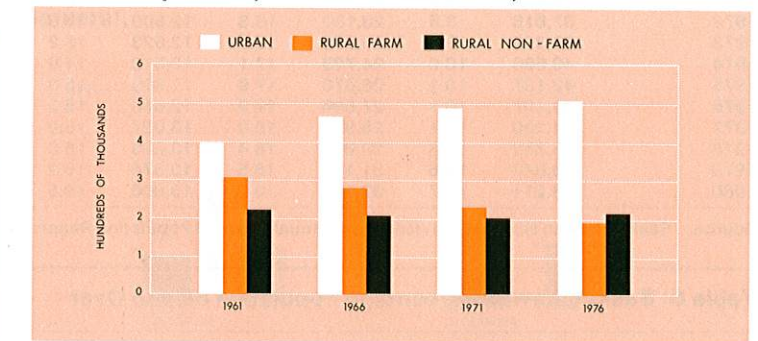
Table 2: Population, Saskatchewan Births, Deaths, Natural Increase and Immigration



Year	Live Births	Deaths	Natural Increase	Immigration
1965	20,494	7,417	13,077	2,649
1966	19,037	7,427	11,610	3,440
1967	17,993	7,441	10,552	3,754
1968	18,197	7,498	10,699	3,557
1969	17,592	7,492	10,100	2,492
1970	16,443	7,472	8,971	1,709
1971	16,054	7,413	8,641	1,426
1972	15,473	7,590	7,883	1,511
1973	14,806	7,646	7,160	1,866
1974	15,118	7,814	7,304	2,244
1975	15,265	7,672	7,593	2,837
1976	15,969	7,809	8,160	2,323
1977	16,547	7,594	8,953	2,231
1978	16,550	7,749	8,801	1,564
1979	16,130	7,290	8,840	2,762
1980	16,470	7,590	8,880	3,596

Source: Statistics Canada 84-201, 84-204, 84-206, 84-001, *Vital Statistics, Canada Dept. of Manpower and Immigration, Immigration Statistics and Immigration.*

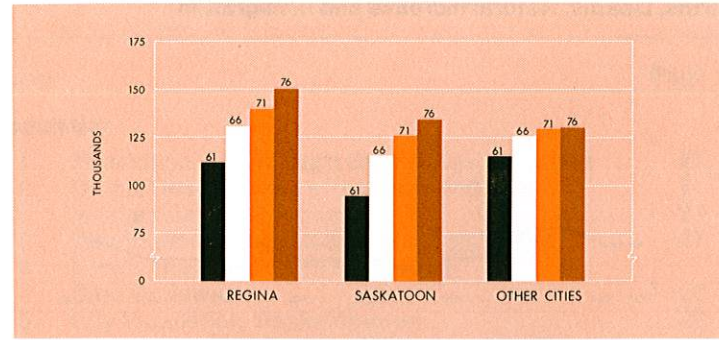
Table 4: Population, Saskatchewan Urban, Rural and Farm



As at June 1	Rural				
	Total	Urban ¹	Total	Farm	Non-farm
1956	880,665	322,003	558,662	360,651	198,011
1961	925,181	398,091	527,090	304,672	222,418
1966	955,344	468,327	487,017	279,642	207,375
1971	926,245	490,635	435,610	233,335	202,275
1976	921,325	511,330	409,995	192,570	217,425
% Changes					
1956-61	+5.1	+23.6	-5.7	-15.5	+12.3
1961-66	+3.3	+17.6	-7.6	-8.2	-6.8
1966-71	-3.0	+4.8	-10.6	-16.6	-2.5
1971-76	-0.5	+4.2	-5.9	-17.5	+7.5

¹The census definition specifies that all centres with populations of 1,000 and over, whether incorporated or unincorporated, are classified as urban. Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada*.

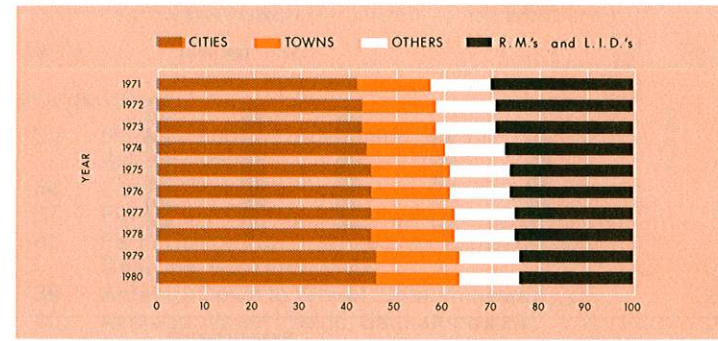
Table 5: City Population, Saskatchewan



City	1961	1966	1971	1976	Percentage Change 1966-1976
Regina	112,141	131,127	139,479	149,593	+14.1
Saskatoon	95,526	115,892	126,449	133,750	+15.4
Moose Jaw	33,206	33,417	31,854	32,581	- 2.5
Prince Albert	24,168	26,269	28,464	28,631	+ 9.0
Swift Current	12,186	14,485	15,415	14,264	- 1.5
North					
Battleford	11,230	12,262	12,698	13,158	+ 7.3
Yorkton	9,995	12,645	13,430	14,119	+11.7
Estevan	7,728	9,062	9,150	8,847	- 2.4
Weyburn	9,101	9,000	8,815	8,892	- 1.2
Melville	5,191	5,690	5,375	5,149	- 9.5
Lloydminster	2,723	3,304	3,953	4,493	+36.0
Total	323,195	373,153	395,082	413,477	+10.8

Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada*.

Table 6: Percentage Distribution of Population by Place of Residence



Year	Place of Residence					
	City	Town	Village	R.M.	L.I.D.	Reservation
1965	37.3	13.8	10.2	33.8	1.9	3.0
1966	38.3	14.2	10.0	32.6	1.8	3.1
1967	39.2	14.7	9.9	31.3	1.7	3.2
1968	40.1	15.1	9.7	30.3	1.5	3.3
1969	41.1	15.2	9.6	29.4	1.4	3.3
1970	41.6	15.3	9.5	28.7	1.4	3.5
1971	42.1	15.3	9.4	28.2	1.4	3.6
1972	42.8	15.2	9.2	27.7	1.4	3.7
1973	43.2	15.2	9.0	27.3	1.4	3.9
1974	43.9	15.7	9.2	25.8	1.3	4.1
1975	44.7	16.1	8.8	24.9	1.3	4.2
1976	44.9	16.4	8.9	24.5	1.1	4.2
1977	45.3	16.7	8.5	24.6	0.8	4.1
1978	45.4	16.7	8.6	25.2	-	4.1
1979	45.5	17.2	8.6	24.5	-	4.2
1980	45.8	17.2	8.5	24.2	-	4.3

Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Reports.

Table 7: Saskatchewan Population 65 and Over by Place of Residence

Year	Cities		Towns		Villages		R.M.'s		L.I.D.'s		Reservations		Province	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
1969	34,929	8.8	21,840	14.9	12,277	13.3	20,782	7.3	909	6.7	1,117	3.5	91,854	9.5
1970	35,658	9.0	22,183	15.3	12,360	13.7	20,629	7.6	920	6.9	1,145	3.5	92,895	9.8
1971	36,479	9.2	22,635	15.8	12,352	14.0	20,582	7.8	955	7.0	1,166	3.5	94,169	10.0
1972	37,816	9.5	23,180	16.3	12,500	14.6	21,274	8.2	1,030	7.6	1,197	3.5	96,997	10.4
1973	39,342	9.9	23,676	16.9	12,623	15.2	21,888	8.7	1,010	7.9	1,244	3.4	99,783	10.8
1974	40,669	10.0	24,728	17.1	12,573	14.9	20,133	8.4	956	7.8	1,255	3.3	100,314	10.9
1975	42,137	10.1	26,870	17.9	12,600	15.3	17,608	7.6	927	7.6	1,275	3.3	100,417	10.9
1976	43,107	10.1	27,899	17.9	12,858	15.2	17,421	7.5	785	7.7	1,318	3.3	103,388	10.9
1977	44,190	10.1	28,932	18.0	13,027	16.0	17,556	7.4	597	7.8	1,328	3.4	105,630	11.0
1978	45,352	10.3	29,851	18.4	13,395	16.0	18,280	7.5	-	-	1,357	3.4	108,235	11.2
1979	46,840	10.5	31,148	18.5	13,576	16.2	18,311	7.7	-	-	1,410	3.4	111,285	11.4
1980	48,214	10.7	32,128	19.0	13,806	16.5	18,374	7.7	-	-	1,452	3.4	113,974	11.6

Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Reports.

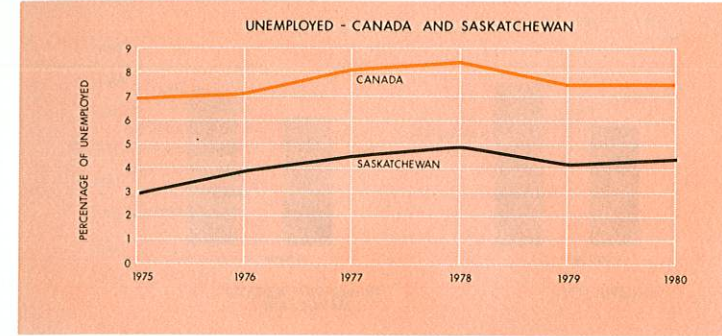
Table 8: Saskatchewan Percentage Population 65 and Over

Year	Age						Total 65+
	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90+	
	percent						
1967	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.3	9.5
1968	3.0	2.4	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.3	9.5
1969	3.1	2.3	2.0	1.3	0.7	0.2	9.5
1970	3.2	2.4	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.2	9.8
1971	3.3	2.4	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.3	10.0
1972	3.4	2.5	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.3	10.4
1973	3.6	2.7	2.0	1.4	0.8	0.3	10.8
1974	3.6	2.7	1.9	1.4	0.8	0.3	10.9
1975	3.6	2.8	1.9	1.4	0.8	0.4	10.9
1976	3.7	2.8	1.9	1.4	0.8	0.4	10.9
1977	3.7	2.9	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.4	11.0
1978	3.8	2.9	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.4	11.2
1979	3.8	3.0	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.4	11.4
1980	4.0	3.0	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.4	11.6

Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Report.

Note: The data contained in this publication have been drawn from a number of sources and therefore such data as population counts may vary slightly between sources.

Table 9: Labour Force, Annual Averages Canada and Saskatchewan

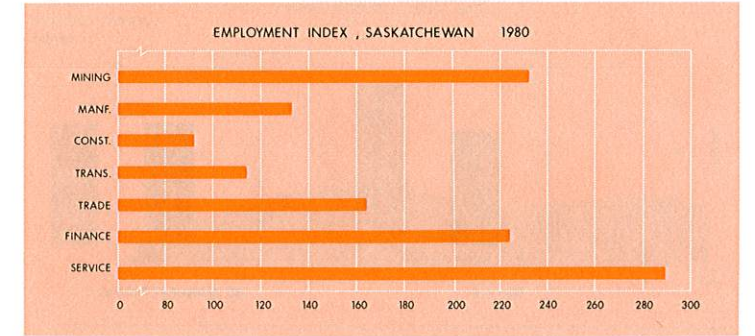


	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Labour Force						
Canada	9,974	10,206	10,498	10,882	11,207	11,522
Saskatchewan	376	394	410	421	433	443
Employed						
Canada	9,284	9,479	9,648	9,972	10,369	10,655
Saskatchewan	365	378	392	400	415	423
Unemployed						
Canada	690	727	850	911	838	867
Saskatchewan	11	15	18	21	18	19
Unemployment						
Canada	6.9	7.1	8.1	8.4	7.5	7.5
Saskatchewan	2.9	3.9	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.4
Participation Rate¹						
Canada	61.1	61.1	61.5	62.6	63.3	64.0
Saskatchewan	59.2	60.5	61.5	61.9	62.6	62.9

¹The labour force as a percentage of population 15 years of age and over.

Source: Statistics Canada 71-001, *The Labour Force*; 71-201, *Historical Labour Force Statistics*.

Table 10: Index of Employment¹, (1961 = 100), by Industries, Saskatchewan

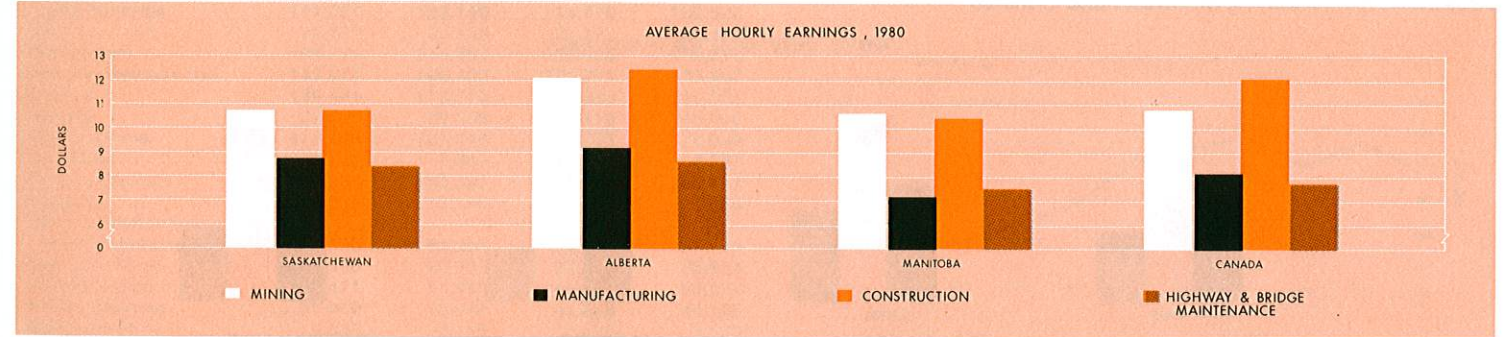


	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Industrial Composite						
Saskatchewan	137.0	142.1	142.9	143.4	148.9	154.0
Alberta	169.6	184.9	193.3	203.3	218.1	234.5
Manitoba	130.1	128.2	125.4	124.9	128.6	129.2
Canada	141.1	144.1	144.3	146.5	150.7	152.4
Industries, Saskatchewan						
Mining	167.4	177.4	186.7	194.2	211.8	232.3
Manufacturing	130.7	134.3	130.7	123.6	127.9	133.1
Construction	85.6	93.3	98.3	92.3	97.4	92.3
Transportation	110.9	113.9	109.4	108.5	110.3	114.4
Trade	148.1	152.7	150.1	155.1	160.3	164.6
Finance	160.4	176.6	194.9	201.7	204.4	214.3
Service	240.0	247.4	259.0	261.0	279.0	289.7

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-002, *Employment Earnings and Hours*: Special tabulations.

Table 11: Annual Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-rated Wage-earners¹, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada

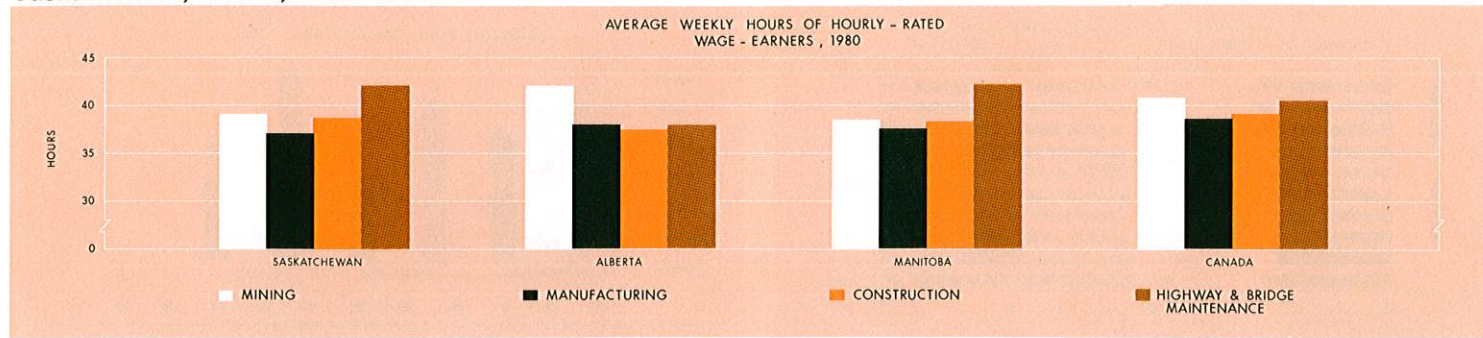


Industry	Saskatchewan			Alberta			Manitoba			Canada		
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
Mining including milling	8.79	9.74	10.77	9.93	10.76	12.09	8.46	9.46	10.62	8.75	9.66	10.80
Manufacturing	7.30	8.06	8.79	7.45	8.21	9.21	6.01	6.53	7.20	6.84	7.44	8.19
Durable goods	7.50	8.21	8.91	7.75	8.54	9.65	6.37	6.87	7.63	7.30	7.90	8.72
Non-durable goods	7.10	7.89	8.65	7.14	7.85	8.71	5.76	6.21	6.79	6.34	6.93	7.62
Food and beverages	7.06	7.74	8.50	6.99	7.73	8.48	6.50	7.18	7.89	6.32	6.96	7.65
Construction	8.58	9.67	10.72	10.80	11.62	12.44	9.08	9.82	10.43	10.28	11.04	12.10
Building	9.18	10.45	11.67	10.60	11.90	12.62	9.52	10.25	10.94	10.35	11.24	12.47
Engineering	7.87	8.57	9.52	11.13	10.80	12.05	8.13	8.42	8.85	10.18	10.68	11.42
Highway and Bridge maintenance	6.70	8.20	8.41	6.12	8.21	8.65	5.61	6.52	7.53	6.02	7.13	7.78
Hotels, restaurants and taverns	3.99	4.31	4.47	4.08	4.49	4.76	3.79	3.99	4.12	3.96	4.23	4.50

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-002, *Employment, Earnings and Hours*: Special tabulations.

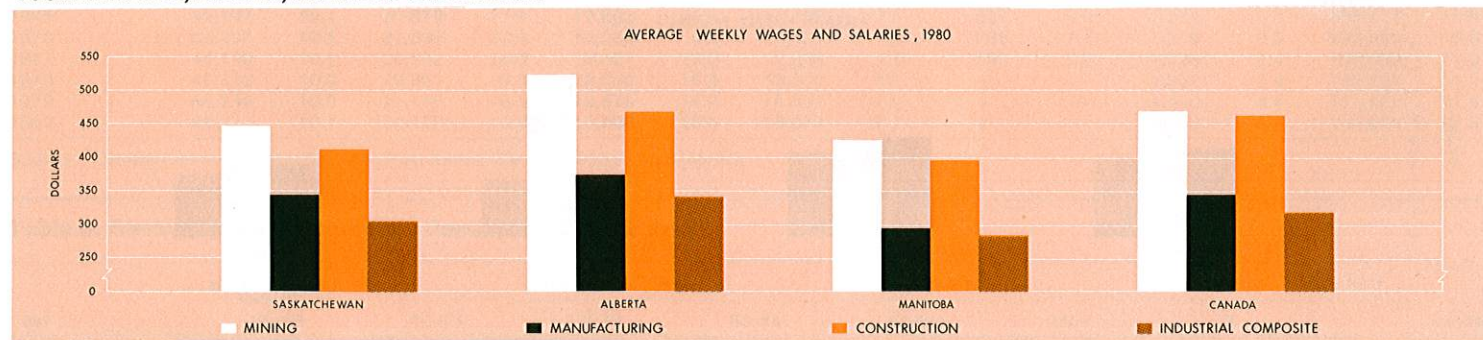
Table 12: Average Weekly Hours of Hourly-rated Wage-earners¹, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



Industry	Saskatchewan			Alberta			Manitoba			Canada		
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
	hours											
Mining including milling	39.0	39.4	39.1	41.7	42.1	42.1	38.1	37.8	38.5	40.5	41.1	40.8
Manufacturing	37.4	37.3	37.0	37.8	37.9	37.9	37.3	37.3	37.5	38.7	38.8	38.5
Durable goods	37.3	37.1	36.9	37.8	38.0	38.4	38.0	38.0	38.2	39.6	39.5	39.2
Non-durable goods	37.5	37.0	37.1	37.8	37.7	37.4	36.6	36.7	36.9	37.9	38.1	37.8
Food and beverages	37.6	37.1	37.2	37.5	37.6	37.3	37.5	36.6	37.8	37.8	37.9	37.7
Construction	38.2	38.2	38.6	37.3	37.8	37.3	38.7	38.3	38.2	39.0	39.4	39.0
Building	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.3	36.6	35.7	36.7	37.0	37.1	37.3	37.9	37.6
Engineering	41.7	42.4	43.4	38.9	41.4	41.1	43.1	42.7	41.5	42.1	42.6	41.9
Highway and Bridge maintenance	43.0	40.1	42.0	42.8	36.5	37.8	48.0	44.3	42.1	43.2	40.0	40.3
Hotels, restaurants and taverns	23.4	24.6	24.6	26.3	26.3	27.1	24.1	24.3	24.5	25.9	25.9	25.9

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.
Source: Statistics Canada 72-002, *Employment, Earnings and Hours*; Special tabulations.

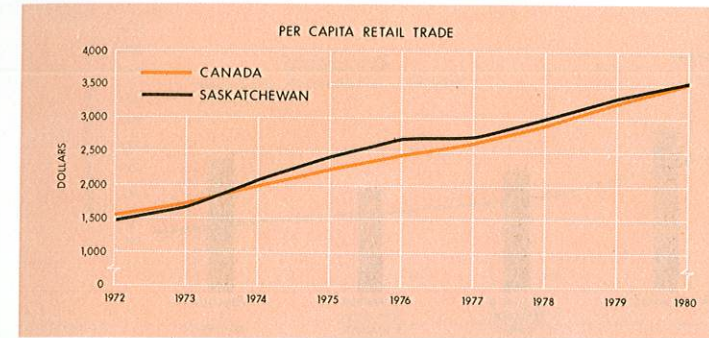
Table 13: Average Weekly Wages and Salaries¹, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



Industry	Saskatchewan			Alberta			Manitoba			Canada		
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
	dollars											
Mining including milling	363.83	404.13	446.80	421.22	465.25	523.89	336.54	374.68	426.26	376.40	419.39	468.60
Manufacturing	285.56	313.79	343.15	301.82	334.30	373.99	243.97	265.26	293.16	285.67	311.19	342.19
Construction	329.39	368.35	410.58	396.64	433.86	465.44	344.75	367.52	395.40	389.64	422.28	461.52
Transportation and other utilities	305.34	336.12	374.23	313.92	343.68	384.24	299.69	326.76	360.44	313.28	341.45	381.17
Trade	196.67	216.69	233.95	206.08	228.73	252.09	190.17	204.27	218.80	201.79	218.75	238.53
Finance, insurance and real estate	243.15	266.85	295.97	244.26	270.20	304.88	237.84	257.53	286.08	248.43	272.10	304.37
Service	141.92	153.97	166.46	174.35	190.74	209.78	156.44	165.58	178.33	180.00	193.26	211.17
Industrial Composite	250.43	275.82	303.70	276.32	306.79	341.93	239.71	259.00	283.20	265.37	288.25	317.38

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.
Source: Statistics Canada 72-002, *Employment, Earnings and Hours*; Special tabulations.

Table 14: Retail Trade, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



Year	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Manitoba	Canada
	millions of dollars			
1967	1,082	1,903	1,073	24,155
1968	1,082	2,067	1,118	25,711
1969	1,052	2,255	1,188	27,401
1970	1,018	2,274	1,227	28,034
1971	1,139	2,467	1,318	30,648
1972	1,363	2,728	1,476	34,086
1973	1,533	3,070	1,679	38,313
1974	1,904	3,736	1,962	44,739
1975	2,242	4,556	2,157	51,361
1976	2,522	5,290	2,371	57,128
1977	2,569	5,924	2,474	61,623
1978	2,875	6,793	2,688	68,779
1979	3,202	8,053	2,936	77,025
1980	3,453	9,411	3,164	84,027

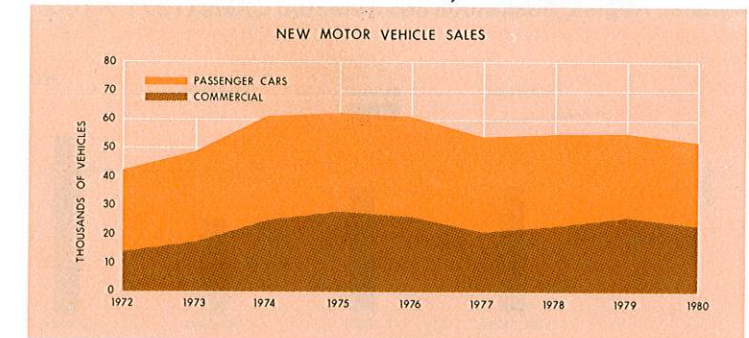
Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM and 63-005 *Retail Trade*.

Table 16: Retail Trade by Kind of Business, Saskatchewan

Kind of Business	1977	1978	1979	1980
	thousands of dollars			
Combination (groceries and meat)	329,337	380,863	501,936	552,402
Grocery, Confection and Sundries	111,057	139,140	114,770	109,520
All Other Food	22,139	23,739	21,172	23,474
Department	194,729	214,557	238,085	260,310
General Merchandise	145,974	168,403	171,271	179,497
General	149,491	173,276	192,649	210,334
Variety	37,550	39,306	42,119	45,009
Motor Vehicle	673,423	731,246	824,779	873,039
Used Car	2,232	7,863	10,394	8,837
Service Stations	190,334	180,397	181,616	205,411
Garages	12,239	12,170	17,796	16,078
Automotive Parts and Accessories	43,730	51,265	54,345	57,741
Men's Clothing	21,630	20,932	23,131	26,854
Women's Clothing	39,471	44,445	49,142	56,684
Family Clothing	31,860	36,019	41,578	44,198
Specialty Shoe	2,640	3,119	3,593	3,630
Family Shoe	13,182	14,216	15,708	18,520
Hardware	30,110	32,976	31,139	29,454
Household Furniture	12,160	23,922	45,251	57,055
Household Appliance	13,068	12,674	15,787	14,243
Furniture, T.V., Radio and Appliance	24,790	26,476	28,071	39,148
Pharmacies, Patent Medicine and Cosmetic	88,216	95,965	104,243	104,504
Book and Stationery	6,992	8,226	8,711	9,508
Florists	7,490	5,777	6,370	6,664
Jewellery	17,381	18,885	21,024	23,998
Sporting Goods and Accessories	37,297	58,290	43,326	40,203
Personal Accessories	24,901	29,263	28,632	31,479
All Other Stores	285,923	321,683	366,891	404,865
Total All Stores	2,569,346	2,875,093	3,203,529	3,452,659

Source: Statistics Canada 63-005, *Retail Trade*.

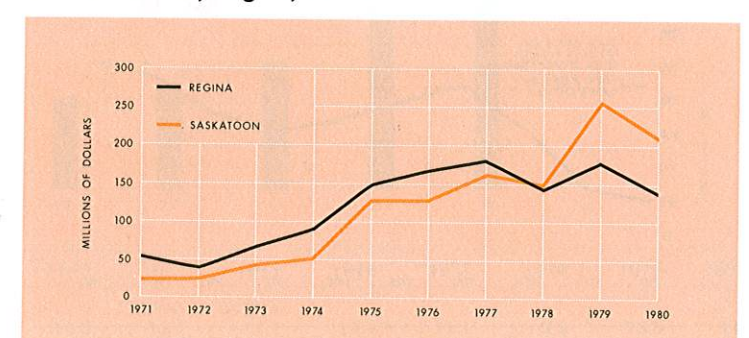
Table 15: New Motor Vehicles Sales, Saskatchewan



Year	Passenger Cars		Commercial Vehicles		Total Vehicles	
	Sales	Value	Sales	Value	Sales	Value
	No.		\$'000		\$'000	
1970	18,187	63,661	8,395	33,640	26,582	97,301
1971	23,612	85,780	10,498	46,031	34,110	131,811
1972	28,157	107,414	13,916	65,306	42,073	172,720
1973	32,200	133,015	17,163	89,436	49,363	222,451
1974	36,279	160,666	24,572	130,789	60,851	291,455
1975	33,705	178,172	27,942	177,545	61,647	355,717
1976	34,810	199,669	26,382	182,653	61,192	382,322
1977	32,876	202,267	21,337	154,998	54,213	357,265
1978	31,752	217,786	23,380	193,980	55,132	411,766
1979	29,495	232,907	25,598	260,436	55,093	493,343
1980	29,417	253,342	22,561	256,956	51,978	510,298

Source: Statistics Canada 63-208, 63-007, *New Motor Vehicle Sales*.

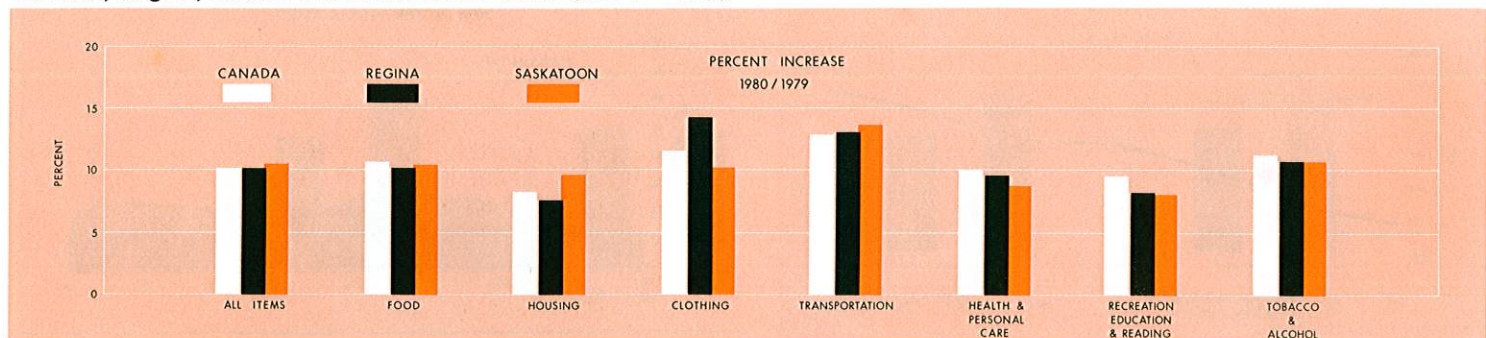
Table 17: Value of Building Permits Issued for Construction Saskatchewan, Regina, Saskatoon



City	millions of dollars				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Regina					
Residential	93	94	71	84	54
Industrial	6	5	3	5	14
Commercial	48	49	32	64	60
Inst. & Govt.	22	34	38	27	12
Total	170	181	144	179	139
Saskatoon					
Residential	69	112	93	154	96
Industrial	6	5	2	2	8
Commercial	24	32	36	79	72
Inst. & Govt.	30	13	22	20	36
Total	129	163	153	256	211
Provincial Total	516	540	487	667	546

Source: Statistics Canada 64-203, *Building Permits*.

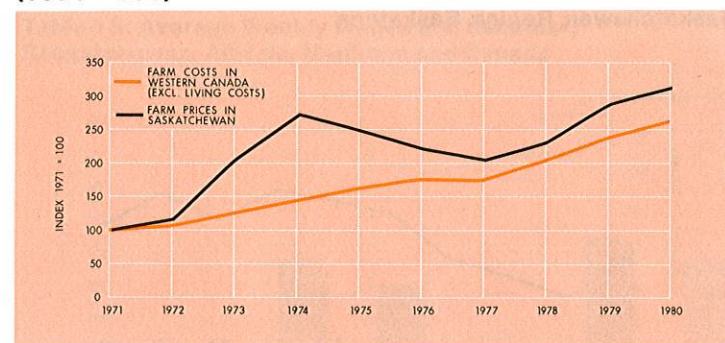
Table 18: Consumer Price Indexes, Canada, Regina, Saskatoon and Selected Cities (1971 = 100)



	All Items	Food	Housing	Clothing	Transportation	Health & Personal Care	Recreation Education & Reading	Tobacco and Alcohol
Canada								
1979	191.2	235.4	186.2	159.9	178.0	181.2	158.4	166.7
1980	210.6	260.6	201.4	178.7	200.7	199.3	173.5	185.3
Regina								
1979	190.5	224.2	189.0	162.6	179.3	179.3	175.4	170.9
1980	209.7	247.0	203.3	185.9	202.7	196.5	190.0	189.3
Saskatoon								
1979	186.8	224.4	185.0	163.1	172.4	168.3	171.6	170.0
1980	206.5	247.8	202.9	179.7	196.1	183.1	185.5	188.4
Edmonton								
1979	192.5	224.3	203.6	169.4	178.3	168.1	163.1	148.5
1980	212.0	246.2	222.4	192.9	199.1	182.6	177.2	162.0
Calgary								
1979	188.9	221.7	195.0	169.1	173.4	177.5	161.2	153.1
1980	208.4	243.1	214.8	188.7	196.0	188.7	175.1	168.9
Winnipeg								
1979	192.7	229.5	198.8	165.8	174.9	180.4	157.7	164.1
1980	211.9	251.8	213.9	187.9	199.5	197.8	171.9	181.1

Source: Statistics Canada 62-010, *Consumer Prices and Price Indexes*.
Note: Revised data based on the 1974 Family Expenditure Survey.

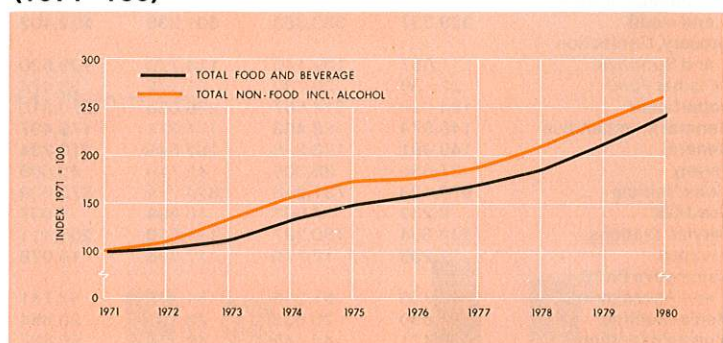
Table 19: Indexes of Farm Prices and Farm Costs (1971 = 100)



Year	Major Indexes, Western Canada					
	Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, Sask.	Total	Building and Fencing	Machinery and Motor Vehicles ¹	Crop Production	Interest
1970	100.9	96.4	95.4	97.0	98.0	93.6
1971	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1972	116.7	106.8	110.4	103.6	103.7	101.6
1973	204.3	124.4	124.2	107.9	119.7	127.7
1974	273.8	144.3	144.6	121.1	191.6	178.1
1975	248.2	163.0	156.6	140.3	236.6	203.3
1976	220.2	174.9	173.8	153.1	229.5	242.3
1977	205.5	179.5	187.3	164.8	219.7	237.8
1978	232.6	203.0	204.8	176.5	227.4	278.6
1979	289.4	237.3	228.8	193.9	251.2	387.4
1980	313.7	260.4	240.0	221.6	313.5	466.8

¹Farm share only.
Source: Statistics Canada 62-003, *Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products*; 62-004, *Farm Input Price Index*.

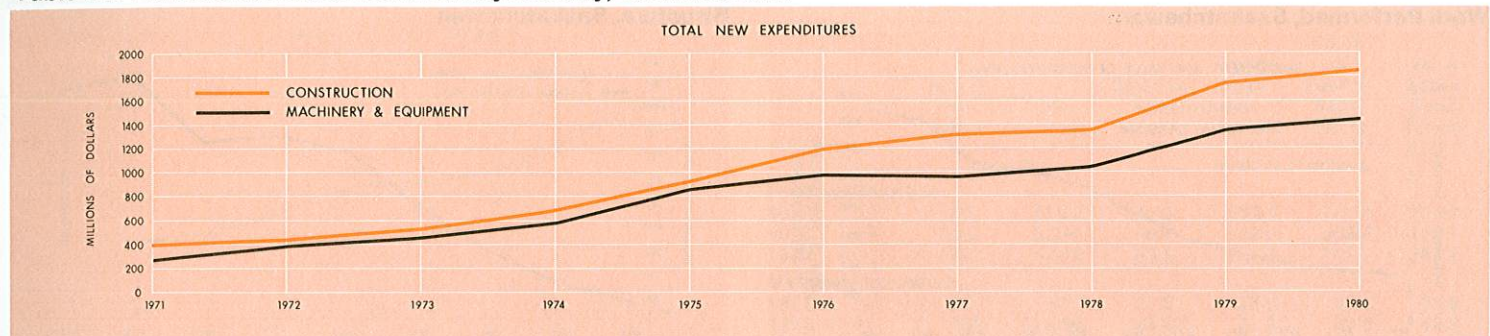
Table 20: Industry Selling Price Indexes, Canada (1971=100)



Year	Total Manufacturing	Total Food & Beverage Excl. Alcohol	Slaughter and Meat Processing	Total Non-Food Incl. Alcohol
1968	92.3	89.7	91.7	93.0
1969	95.8	94.5	102.8	96.1
1970	98.1	97.0	102.7	98.3
1971	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1972	104.4	109.0	116.7	103.4
1973	116.1	133.5	151.8	112.3
1974	138.1	157.6	153.2	133.8
1975	153.7	173.4	165.1	149.3
1976	161.6	175.8	162.5	158.4
1977	174.3	187.9	164.2	171.3
1978	190.4	208.9	209.0	186.4
1979	217.9	235.6	243.1	214.1
1980	247.2	260.5	243.7	244.3

Source: Statistics Canada, 62-011, *Industry Price Indexes*.

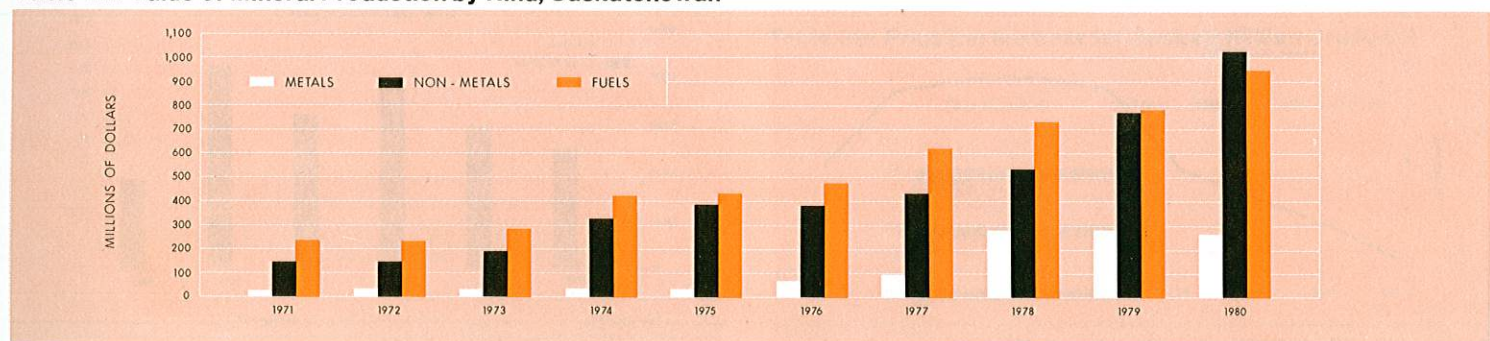
Table 21: Private and Public Investment by Industry, Saskatchewan



	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ¹
	millions of dollars										
New Construction	345.5	394.6	439.0	523.9	681.4	922.9	1,197.0	1,314.1	1,349.5	1,752.9	1,838.4
Primary Industries	77.3	76.4	78.2	94.0	126.6	140.5	146.5	161.8	251.9	362.8	453.4
Manufacturing	5.0	8.4	6.8	12.1	21.8	22.5	27.8	33.8	16.6	20.1	29.0
Utilities	67.6	90.9	109.9	104.7	84.3	111.3	143.1	194.9	156.7	202.2	253.2
Housing	51.6	59.7	93.2	144.1	213.3	324.9	504.5	532.7	500.2	580.1	479.0
Trade, Finance, Services	21.4	16.9	21.5	35.7	39.6	57.8	91.9	93.9	104.6	190.4	211.5
Institutions, Government	122.6	142.3	129.4	133.3	195.8	265.9	283.2	297.0	319.5	397.3	412.3
New Machinery and Equipment	257.2	270.0	385.5	455.1	580.3	856.9	982.8	955.2	1,043.1	1,350.7	1,437.3
Primary Industries	130.3	152.7	211.8	289.9	374.2	567.8	636.3	597.7	705.0	867.3	898.9
Manufacturing	12.0	17.9	16.5	22.0	30.2	37.6	56.5	41.4	36.1	90.8	87.6
Utilities	66.3	52.2	64.1	65.4	83.8	124.8	139.1	157.7	146.8	152.8	224.0
Trade, Finance, Services	28.6	28.8	68.2	51.8	58.2	86.6	107.1	116.4	102.2	188.3	172.1
Institutions, Government	20.0	18.4	24.9	26.0	33.9	40.1	43.8	42.0	53.0	51.5	54.7
Total New Capital Expenditure	602.7	664.6	824.5	979.0	1,261.7	1,779.8	2,179.8	2,269.3	2,392.6	3,103.6	3,275.7
Repair Expenditure on Construction	129.9	140.2	153.9	175.9	176.3	207.5	224.0	250.1	303.3	350.8	375.4
Repair Expenditure on Machinery	131.6	158.6	174.8	200.0	249.1	273.7	303.4	325.2	374.9	444.9	512.9
Total New and Repair Expenditure	864.2	963.4	1,153.2	1,354.9	1,687.1	2,261.0	2,707.2	2,844.6	3,070.8	3,899.3	4,164.0

¹Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada 61-205, *Private and Public Investment in Canada*.

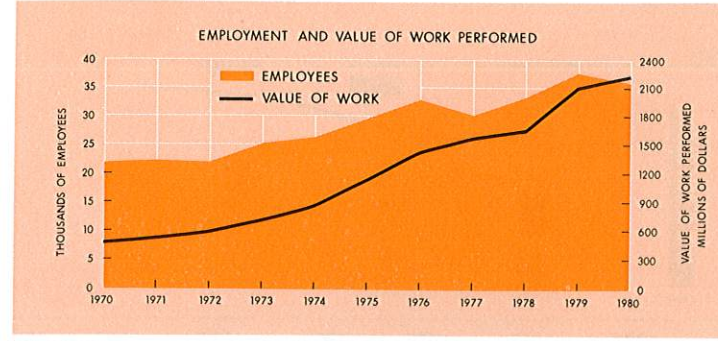
Table 22: Value of Mineral Production by Kind, Saskatchewan



	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ¹
	millions of dollars											
Copper	18.8	22.6	11.8	12.8	13.0	13.7	11.1	14.4	11.1	9.9	13.5	14.2
Zinc	7.7	7.0	2.9	6.3	6.5	4.5	3.8	6.5	5.9	4.6	4.3	4.4
Uranium	10.9	10.7	8.4	9.3	9.8	14.5	15.7	44.8	74.9	261.5	258.0	232.2
Other Metals	4.9	3.2	1.4	2.8	4.4	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.4	4.6	7.7	11.8
Total Metals	42.3	43.5	24.5	31.2	33.7	36.8	34.3	69.9	96.3	280.6	283.5	262.6
Potash	69.4	108.7	135.0	135.5	176.9	308.9	358.6	353.5	403.7	504.5	735.2	986.2
Sodium Sulphate	7.8	6.5	5.8	5.3	6.2	12.6	19.2	20.9	18.6	17.0	23.2	26.2
Salt & Others	2.8	3.8	4.7	4.8	5.2	6.2	8.2	8.5	9.0	10.5	12.0	15.5
Total Non-Metals	80.0	119.0	145.5	145.6	188.3	327.7	386.0	382.9	431.3	532.0	770.4	1,027.9
Petroleum	196.1	199.8	217.8	214.1	264.1	397.8	407.3	444.6	580.4	690.6	729.0	880.5
Natural Gas	7.4	7.3	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.0	10.4	12.0	13.5	15.1	22.5	27.4
Coal & Others	6.3	10.1	9.2	8.9	11.0	14.5	16.1	22.1	27.9	27.3	35.4	43.7
Total Fuels	209.8	217.2	236.0	231.9	284.1	421.3	433.8	478.7	621.8	733.0	786.9	951.6
Cement	5.7	4.6	3.8	4.3	6.9	6.9	9.9	17.6	20.4	24.7	30.5	30.9
Clay Products	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2
Sand & Gravel	3.4	4.3	6.5	4.4	5.2	9.7	10.7	11.1	11.1	16.2	16.9	22.0
Total Structural Material	10.8	10.1	11.3	10.2	14.1	19.0	23.3	32.3	34.6	44.0	50.5	56.1
Grand Total	342.9	389.8	417.3	418.9	520.2	804.8	877.4	963.8	1,184.0	1,589.7	1,891.3	2,298.3

¹Preliminary
Source: Statistics Canada 26-202, *Canada's Mineral Production*, Preliminary Estimate, Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources.

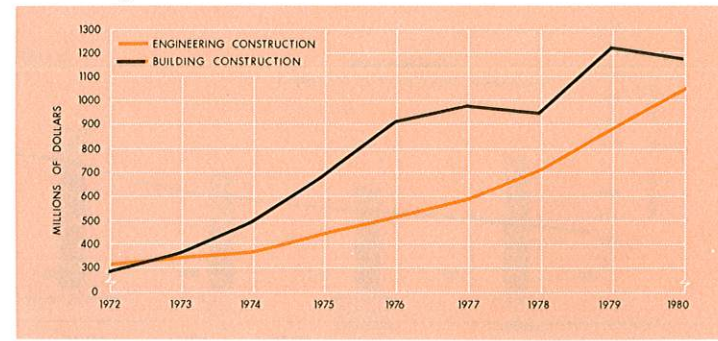
Table 23: Construction Industry; Employment and Value of Work Performed, Saskatchewan



Year	Employees	Salaries and Wages	Net Value of Production	Value of Work Performed
			thousands of dollars	
1968	30,482	223,027	367,550	668,659
1969	26,288	193,574	322,368	589,994
1970	21,778	171,499	278,577	475,663
1971	22,166	190,623	314,034	535,154
1972	21,888	205,537	343,831	593,380
1973	25,237	251,849	416,972	699,919
1974	26,354	311,718	515,549	857,667
1975	29,513	411,244	680,966	1,130,553
1976	32,169	506,218	902,151	1,421,590
1977	30,100	518,814	967,953	1,563,967
1978	33,466	609,126	1,051,683	1,653,217
1979	37,768	766,512	1,331,515	2,103,224
1980 ¹	36,009	819,869	1,412,768	2,213,379

¹Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada 64-201, *Construction in Canada*.

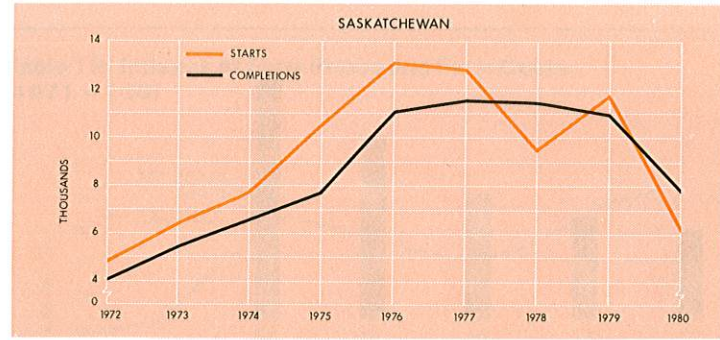
Table 24: Value of Construction Work Performed by Type of Structure, Saskatchewan



Type of Structure	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ¹
	millions of dollars				
Total Construction	1,422	1,564	1,653	2,103	2,213
Building Construction	909	976	945	1,218	1,169
Residential	556	591	564	654	558
Industrial	36	37	34	67	63
Commercial	145	164	162	268	295
Institutional	87	94	84	115	127
Other Building	86	90	101	114	126
Engineering Construction	512	588	708	885	1,044
Road, Highway	133	138	188	214	208
Waterworks, Sewage	63	62	79	89	106
Dams, Irrigation	16	17	19	19	20
Electric Power	60	67	64	86	88
Railway, Telephone	85	92	95	116	155
Gas and Oil Facilities	107	142	164	245	330
Other Engineering	48	70	98	116	137

¹Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada 64-201, *Construction in Canada*.

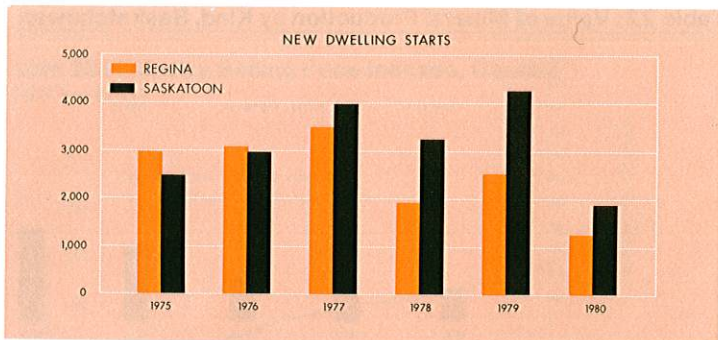
Table 25: New Dwelling Units: Starts and Completions, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Manitoba	Canada
Starts				
1971	3,560	25,602	10,705	233,653
1972	4,845	22,503	12,068	249,914
1973	6,386	20,977	11,531	268,529
1974	7,684	19,008	8,752	222,123
1975	10,505	24,707	7,845	231,456
1976	13,143	38,771	9,339	273,203
1977	12,825	38,075	9,410	245,724
1978	9,527	47,925	12,121	227,667
1979	11,742	39,947	5,772	197,049
1980	6,250	32,031	2,597	158,601
Completions				
1971	2,761	20,829	10,093	201,232
1972	3,967	22,188	10,071	232,227
1973	5,421	23,470	10,727	246,581
1974	6,487	21,570	12,164	257,243
1975	7,705	17,550	8,760	216,964
1976	11,046	25,858	8,492	236,249
1977	11,485	37,879	8,720	251,789
1978	11,383	43,025	10,550	246,533
1979	10,865	44,492	8,410	226,489
1980	7,763	34,717	4,503	176,168

Source: Statistics Canada 64-002, *Housing Starts and Completions*.

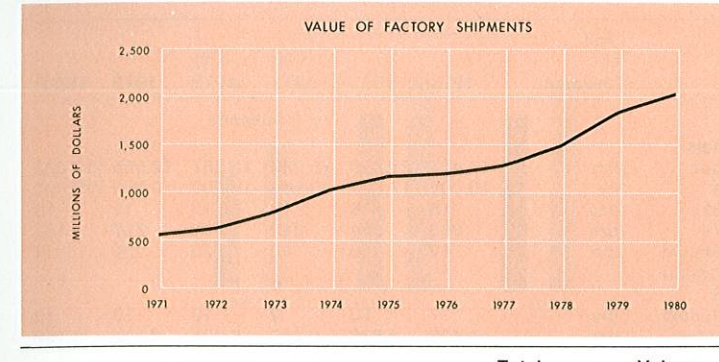
Table 26: New Dwelling Units Started, by Type, Saskatchewan



	Single Dwellings	Double Dwellings	Apartments	Row	Total
Saskatchewan					
1975	7,416	424	2,187	478	10,505
1976	7,603	751	4,184	605	13,143
1977	6,705	520	4,184	490	12,825
1978	5,864	716	2,657	290	9,527
1979	6,758	568	4,179	237	11,742
1980	3,682	278	2,182	108	6,250
Regina					
1975	1,995	6	575	406	2,982
1976	1,786	125	958	201	3,070
1977	1,696	150	1,435	216	3,497
1978	1,073	128	716	...	1,917
1979	1,322	82	1,104	29	2,537
1980	625	4	579	48	1,256
Saskatoon					
1975	1,512	20	954	...	2,486
1976	1,535	112	1,130	188	2,965
1977	1,409	102	2,465	...	3,976
1978	1,685	246	1,319	...	3,250
1979	1,763	244	2,084	168	4,259
1980	1,005	62	775	38	1,880

Source: Statistics Canada 64-002, *Housing Starts and Completions*.

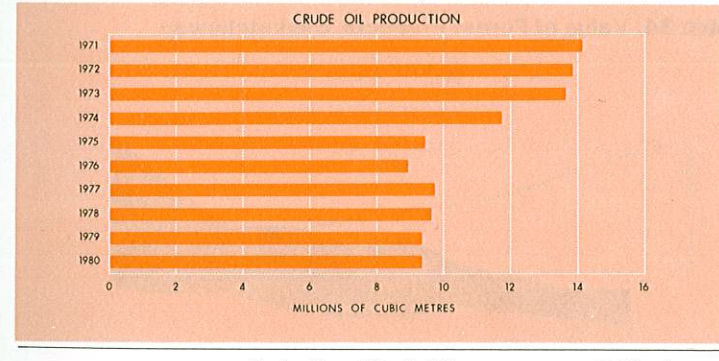
Table 27: Manufacturing Industry, Saskatchewan



Year	Total Employees	Salaries and Wages	Total Value Added	Value Factory Shipments
			thousands of dollars	
1970	14,703	97,985	200,623	544,611
1971	14,578	103,147	217,941	578,039
1972	15,570	117,754	257,447	646,510
1973	16,753	136,307	330,995	809,648
1974	17,917	164,165	391,123	1,045,160
1975	19,213	208,281	455,185	1,176,473
1976	18,694	231,643	469,303	1,213,350
1977	18,648	258,428	489,184	1,299,498
1978	19,215	282,720	567,984	1,513,768
1979	20,051	323,212	692,754	1,863,273
1980 ¹	20,800	366,600	760,000	2,039,000

¹Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics estimate.
Source: Statistics Canada 31-203, *Manufacturing Industries of Canada: National and Provincial Areas 1978*; Statistics Canada Special Tabulations.

Table 29: Crude Oil Statistics, Saskatchewan



Year	Production of Crude Oil				Drilling ¹	
	Light Gravity	Medium Gravity	Heavy Gravity	Total	Wells Drilled	Metres Drilled
					no.	'000
1966	5.3	8.8	0.7	14.8	1,272	1,395
1967	5.4	8.3	1.0	14.7	1,019	1,119
1968	5.3	8.1	1.2	14.6	960	1,032
1969	5.1	7.5	1.3	13.9	1,191	1,141
1970	5.0	7.8	1.4	14.2	945	765
1971	4.8	7.5	1.8	14.1	770	642
1972	4.6	7.3	1.9	13.8	655	568
1973	4.3	7.1	2.2	13.6	661	551
1974	4.0	5.6	2.1	11.7	286	220
1975	3.5	3.8	2.0	9.4	277	208
1976	3.3	4.0	1.6	8.9	262	234
1977	3.1	4.8	1.8	9.7	533	437
1978	2.9	4.7	2.0	9.6	999	738
1979	2.7	4.4	2.2	9.3	1,272	954
1980	2.7	4.2	2.4	9.3	1,498	1,248

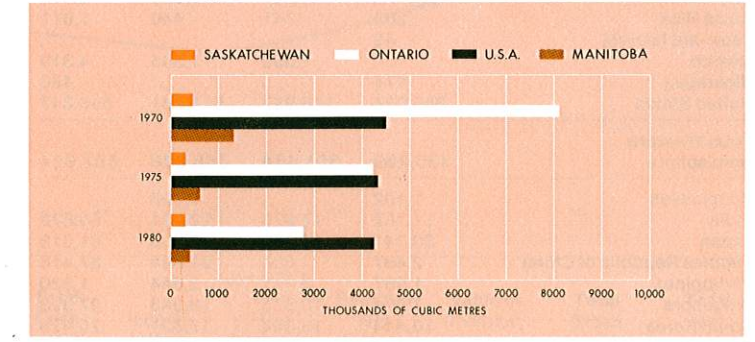
¹Includes all drilling.
Source: Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources, *Mineral Statistical Year Book*.

Table 28: Manufacturing by Industry Groups, Saskatchewan

Industry Group	Year	Establishments	Employees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials Used	Value of Factory Shipments	Value Added Total
Food and Beverage							
1977	160	5,322	74.9	353.8	486.6	135.4	
1978	159	5,247	78.5	402.7	559.2	159.1	
1979	176	5,370	88.8	525.2	711.7	183.1	
Machinery Industries							
1977	34	1,625	21.2	33.6	63.6	34.8	
1978	39	1,656	23.3	38.3	83.6	42.9	
1979	47	2,253	34.7	65.3	130.6	74.0	
Non-Metallic Mineral Products							
1977	42	1,017	15.8	34.6	79.4	42.1	
1978	67	1,127	17.6	36.6	91.1	51.3	
1979	69	1,162	20.3	52.6	111.2	55.9	
Metal Fabricating							
1977	70	1,602	20.7	28.0	61.9	37.4	
1978	85	1,633	23.5	38.3	77.0	41.5	
1979	97	1,675	26.2	42.4	80.1	45.0	
Printing and Publishing							
1977	106	1,778	22.2	16.9	56.4	38.7	
1978	114	1,932	26.3	20.1	65.7	44.8	
1979	117	2,161	31.0	23.4	80.6	56.2	
Wood Industries							
1977	37	1,656	23.5	61.1	96.7	35.4	
1978	46	1,803	27.5	63.0	115.7	51.2	
1979	46	1,867	30.8	67.6	119.3	52.4	
Other Industries							
1977	143	5,648	80.1	277.6	454.8	165.4	
1978	166	5,817	86.1	307.3	521.5	177.2	
1979	192	5,563	91.4	391.7	629.8	226.2	
Total							
1977	592	18,648	258.4	805.6	1,299.5	489.2	
1978	676	19,215	282.7	906.3	1,513.8	568.0	
1979	744	20,051	323.2	1,168.2	1,863.3	692.8	

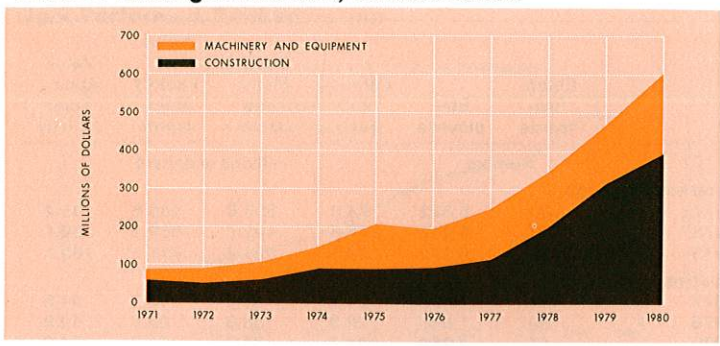
Source: Statistics Canada, 31-203, *Manufacturing Industries of Canada: National and Provincial area*.

Table 30: Principal Markets for Saskatchewan Crude Oil



Year	Sask. Refineries	Ontario	United States	Manitoba	Quebec and Alberta ¹	Total
			thousands of m ³			
1966	636	9,185	3,814	1,256	48	14,938
1967	588	9,074	3,750	1,287	—	14,699
1968	445	8,692	4,211	1,271	—	14,619
1969	318	8,470	3,782	1,319	—	13,889
1970	429	8,120	4,497	1,303	—	14,365
1971	254	6,913	5,403	1,414	—	13,984
1972	296	5,382	6,958	1,343	—	13,978
1973	244	4,702	7,361	1,249	—	13,555
1974	192	4,075	6,243	1,264	—	11,775
1975						

Table 31: Mining Investment, Saskatchewan



Year	Capital Expenditures		Repair Expenditures		Total
	Con-struction	Machinery & Equipment	Con-struction	Machinery & Equipment	
	millions of dollars				
1968	116.5	89.5	13.6	14.1	233.7
1969	82.4	40.2	19.1	14.4	156.1
1970	50.0	25.9	18.8	18.6	113.3
1971	40.8	6.9	18.7	20.2	86.6
1972	36.5	13.5	15.1	24.2	89.3
1973	42.8	15.9	19.4	27.9	106.0
1974	60.2	24.6	28.3	34.5	147.6
1975	58.7	72.6	37.1	40.9	209.3
1976	62.9	57.2	32.3	45.3	197.7
1977	79.4	75.3	37.2	56.0	247.9
1978	154.3	81.5	48.3	59.0	343.1
1979	248.9	74.8	65.0	79.1	467.8
1980 ¹	329.4	95.8	65.8	113.5	604.5

¹Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada, Special Tabulation.

Table 33: Value of Potash Exports, Canada¹

Destination	1977	1978	1979	1980
	thousands of dollars			
Brazil	19,699	21,119	40,105	81,023
Chile	...	1,627	1,555	3,644
Costa Rica	289	741	440	1,611
Leeward Islands	43	...	...	...
Mexico	...	1,050	1,365	4,319
Nicaragua	174	...	...	480
United States	366,084	356,927	512,761	596,847
Total Western Hemisphere	386,289	381,464	556,226	687,924
Bangladesh	1,102	...	1,026	...
India	11,182	17,970	22,731	50,879
Japan	30,741	34,170	46,503	61,816
Peoples Republic of China	2,497	898	21,844	37,416
Philippines	1,987	2,444	2,044	1,330
Singapore	7,274	10,575	26,043	27,893
South Korea	10,444	13,544	17,331	25,428
Sri Lanka	2,523	1,201	1,276	5,543
Taiwan	2,501	3,880	5,842	16,227
Total Asia	70,251	84,682	144,640	226,532
Australia	4,555	7,949	9,187	18,259
New Zealand	...	3,665	2,509	2,937
Total Australasia	4,555	11,614	11,696	21,196
Denmark	2,350	4,624	1,706	2,639
Italy	1,659	803	2,329	1,361
Mozambique	...	235	...	...
Netherlands	...	...	...	2
Romania	...	...	9	14
South Africa	1,868	3,669	3,644	6,239
United Kingdom	288	480	304	189
Yugoslavia	9	...	...	...
Total Europe-Africa	6,174	9,811	7,992	10,444
Grand Total	467,269	487,572	720,554	946,096

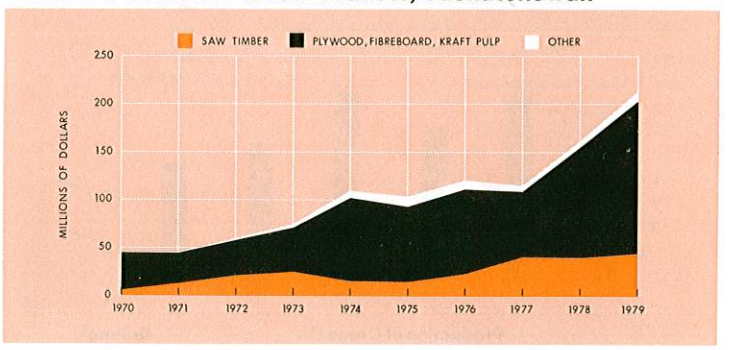
¹All Canadian exports originate in Saskatchewan.
Source: Statistics Canada 65-004, Exports by Commodity.

Table 32: Volume of Mineral Production, Saskatchewan

Unit of Measure	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ¹
thousands						
Metals						
Copper lbs.	17,427	21,005	15,933	13,287	12,555	12,000
Zinc lbs.	10,006	17,397	16,589	13,092	9,899	10,000
Gold ozs.	15	18	17	13	12	11
Silver ozs.	268	334	312	253	257	161
Cadmium lbs.	12	33	23	23	20	11
Selenium and Tellurium lbs.	7	23	9	10	13	13
Uranium lbs.	1,433	4,838	6,180	6,628	6,364	6,193
Non-Metals						
Salt tons	305	307	282	328	322	385
Sodium Sulphate tons	466	409	409	369	441	486
Potash tons	5,152	5,749	6,354	6,993	7,798	8,303
Sulphur long tons	2	2	2	2	3	2
Fuels						
Crude Oil barrels	59,178	56,061	61,439	60,681	59,093	60,203
Natural Gas Mscf	61,405	60,382	51,280	47,956	49,975	51,892
LPG barrels	970	896	883	912	860	882
Coal tons	3,912	5,156	6,039	5,575	5,558	6,261
Structural Materials						
Cement tons	245	368	381	389	377	335
Sand and Gravel tons	9,164	9,501	10,070	13,156	11,279	16,282

¹Preliminary.
Source: Statistics Canada 26-202, Canada's Mineral Production, preliminary estimates; 26-201 General Review of the Mineral Industries. Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources.

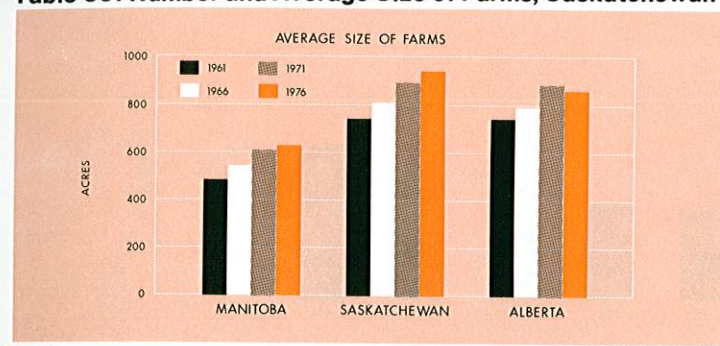
Table 34: Value of Forest Products, Saskatchewan



Fiscal Year	Saw Timber	Posts, Poles	Pulp-wood	Plywood, Fibre-board, Kraft	Other Products	Total
	thousands of dollars					
1968	7,909	644	425	21,925	290	31,193
1969	11,068	1,478	410	37,646	265	50,867
1970	5,412	1,490	269	37,617	548	45,336
1971	12,228	1,881	241	30,793	326	45,469
1972	19,593	2,024	168	37,375	465	59,625
1973	23,780	4,096	207	45,796	1,104	74,983
1974	15,315	8,033	...	86,163	1,024	110,535
1975	13,868	10,732	...	78,267	1,013	103,520
1976	21,941	8,073	...	87,773	4,697	122,484
1977	38,674	5,493	...	69,661	1,646	115,474
1978	39,337	5,956	...	114,894	1,906	162,093
1979	42,732	8,971	...	158,001	3,732	213,436

Source: Saskatchewan Department of Tourism and Renewable Resources, Annual Report.

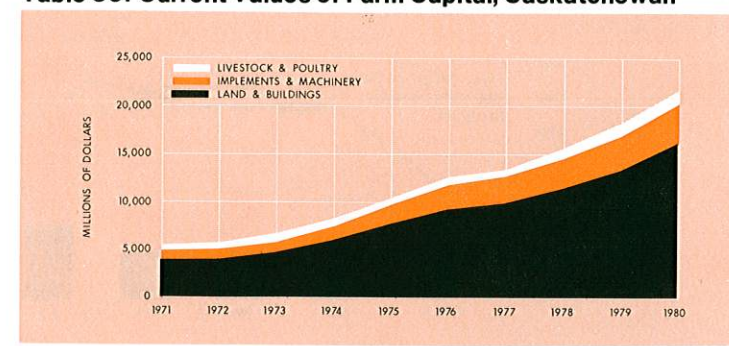
Table 35: Number and Average Size of Farms, Saskatchewan



Size of Farms	Census-Farms		
	1966	1971	1976
Under 3 acres	80	74	81
3- 9 acres	132	162	144
10- 69 acres	257	397	530
70- 239 acres	5,650	4,217	6,206
240- 399 acres	14,706	11,024	9,785
400- 559 acres	14,122	11,439	9,262
560- 759 acres	14,330	12,506	10,833
760-1,119 acres	15,839	15,236	14,627
1,120-1,599 acres	8,432	9,242	9,903
1,600-2,239 acres	3,457	4,176	4,752
2,240-2,779 acres	1,086	1,313	1,614
2,880 and over	1,275	1,533	1,841
Total	79,366	71,319	69,578
Average Size (Acres)	807	894	939

Source: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada.
Note: Census-farm - agriculture holdings of 1 acre or more with sales of agricultural products during the previous 12 months of \$1,200 or more.

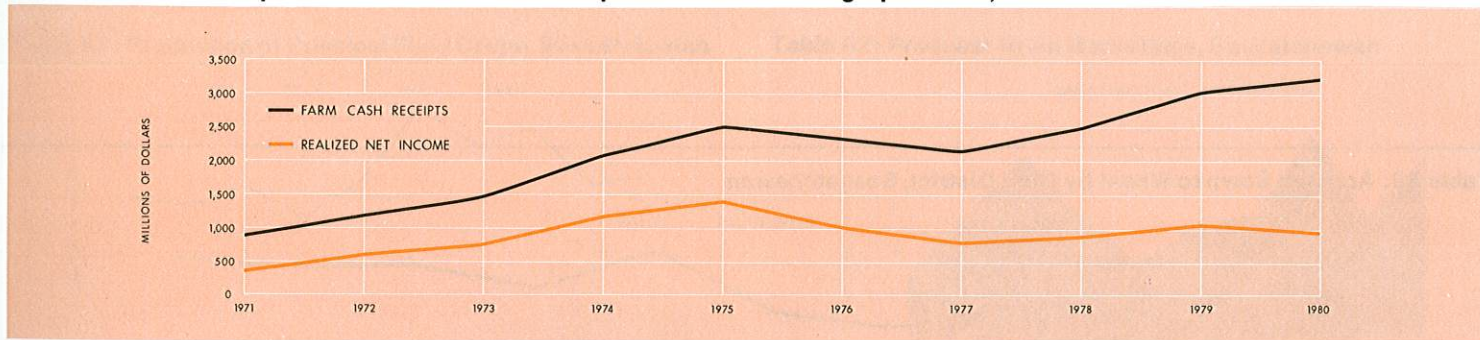
Table 36: Current Values of Farm Capital, Saskatchewan



Year	Livestock & Poultry ¹	Land & Buildings	Implements & Machinery	Total
	millions of dollars			
1967	404.4	4,035.9	1,067.8	5,508.1
1968	382.3	4,306.3	1,093.9	5,782.5
1969	481.8	3,956.1	1,089.1	5,527.0
1970	544.0	3,895.7	1,052.3	5,492.0
1971	570.5	3,868.1	1,026.5	5,465.1
1972	695.1	3,953.7	1,077.0	5,725.8
1973	905.4	4,654.3	1,186.2	6,745.9
1974	939.6	5,874.3	1,537.0	8,350.9
1975	707.0	7,679.5	2,082.4	10,468.9
1976	833.6	9,297.8	2,575.2	12,706.5
1977	712.7	9,892.8	2,844.5	13,450.0
1978	1,039.5	11,446.0	3,227.0	15,712.5
1979	1,456.3	13,300.2	3,632.1	18,388.6
1980	1,551.4	16,106.6	4,130.7	21,788.7

¹Includes value of animals on fur farms.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-202, Farm Net Income.

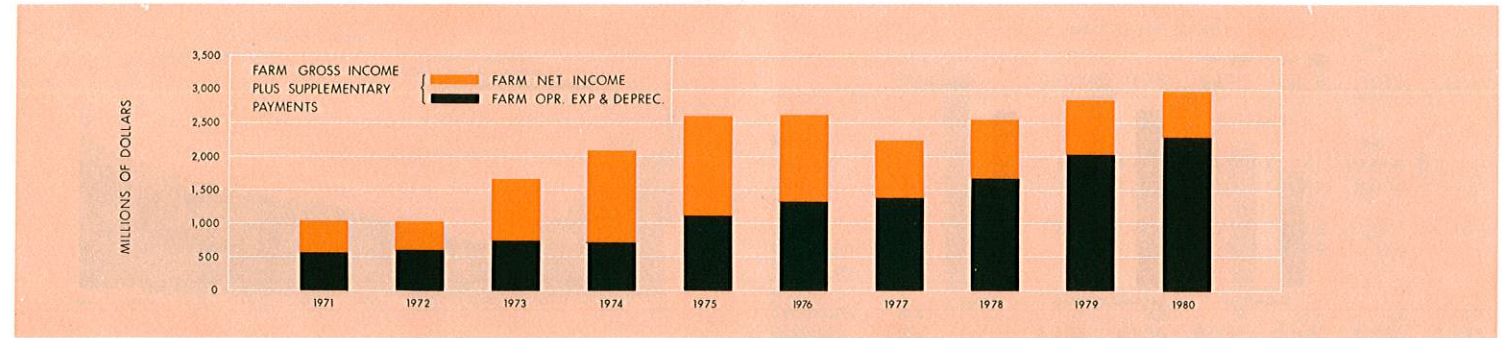
Table 37: Cash Receipts and Net Income of Farm Operators from Farming Operations, Saskatchewan



Year	Wheat	Other Principal Grains ¹	Livestock	Miscellaneous	Total	Supplementary Payments	Total Cash Receipts	Income in Kind	Operating & Depreciation Charges	Realized Net Income	Value of Inventory Change	Total Gross Income	Total Net Income
	millions of dollars												
1965	599	77	162	48	887	7	894	21	470	446	24	939	470
1966	629	87	184	49	949	1	951	20	520	450	106	1,076	556
1967	642	88	194	49	972	2	974	20	533	461	-128	866	333
1968	553	88	186	57	884	5	889	19	559	350	104	1,012	454
1969	317	171	172	53	714	6	720	21	567	173	244	984	417
1970	353	88	190	55	686	37	723	19	521	222	19	762	241
1971	470	147	218	57	891	7	898	18	562	354	113	1,029	467
1972	617	203	279	94	1,192	1	1,193	20	611	602	-208	1,006	395
1973	824	166	364	114	1,468	1	1,469	25	746	748	154	1,648	902
1974	1,340	241	384	123	2,088	2	2,090	22	927	1,185	-33	2,079	1,153
1975	1,636	392	385	97	2,510	-	2,510	21	1,124	1,407	79	2,610	1,486
1976	1,298	514	404	110	2,326	-	2,326	21	1,331	1,017	268	2,616	1,285
1977	1,147	474	405	137	2,163	-	2,163	23	1,395	792	53	2,240	845
1978	1,217	625	529	129	2,500	-	2,500	31	1,676	856	43	2,574	898
1979	1,545	773	581	134	3,033	-	3,033	36	2,027	1,043	-222	2,847	820
1980	2,019	447	607	146	3,219	-	3,219	36	2,291	963	-299	2,956	664

¹Includes net cash advance payments on farm-stored grain.
Source: Statistics Canada; 21-202, Farm Net Income and Special Tabulations.
Note: Other principal grains include Oats, Barley, Rye, Flaxseed, Rapeseed, Canadian Wheat Board Payments, Cash advances, repayments, liquidation of deferred grain receipts, Crop Insurance Payments and Western Grain Stabilization Payments. Livestock includes cattle, calves, hogs, sheep and lambs.

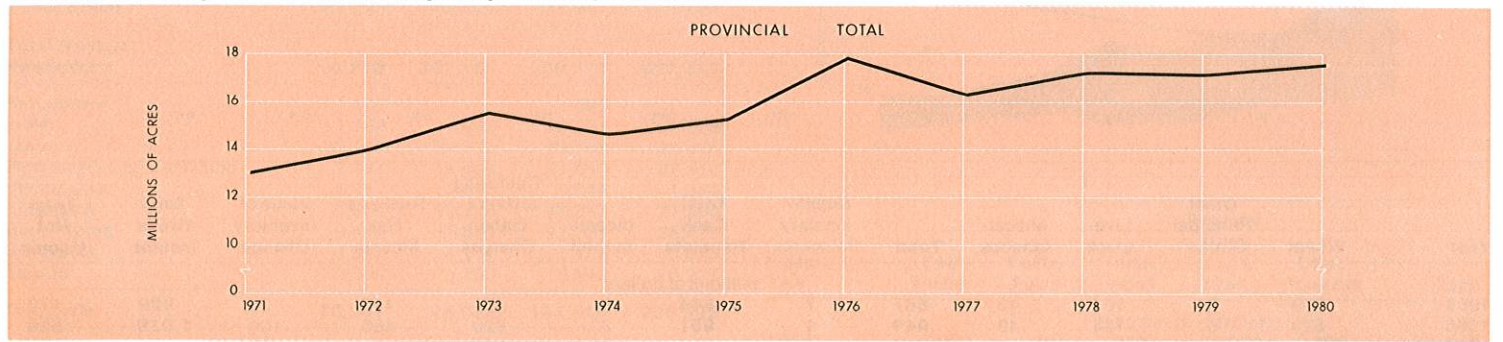
Table 38: Farm Operating Expenses and Depreciation Charges, Saskatchewan



	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
millions of dollars											
Taxes ¹	33.5	34.0	33.0	30.4	33.0	36.1	43.1	45.3	48.7	53.0	58.6
Gross Farm Rent	30.7	38.6	39.4	77.7	73.7	87.9	102.6	109.2	121.5	152.5	173.8
Wages to Farm Labour	29.7	30.6	33.6	40.3	46.2	58.4	65.6	67.8	66.3	76.5	84.3
Interest on Indebtedness	53.0	53.2	56.7	66.5	87.8	101.1	131.9	141.2	177.2	253.4	301.7
Total Machinery Expenses	130.4	148.0	164.5	188.1	225.1	255.2	289.3	320.4	360.1	395.8	444.6
Fuel	65.9	67.8	73.2	80.1	89.3	100.7	127.5	150.3	171.1	188.5	212.4
Machinery Repairs and Other Machinery Expenses	64.5	80.2	91.3	108.1	135.9	154.4	161.8	170.0	189.0	207.3	232.2
Fertilizer and Lime	7.3	11.6	14.6	22.1	35.1	56.8	56.6	61.6	101.6	142.9	165.1
Other Crop Expenses	21.8	23.8	27.6	34.2	51.2	62.7	70.6	83.5	111.2	139.7	153.1
Feed	16.4	17.5	21.1	33.6	47.6	40.6	42.9	43.3	43.5	62.1	77.2
Other Livestock Expenses	4.8	6.2	8.6	9.2	12.2	12.2	13.3	13.7	24.1	42.9	36.4
Repairs to Buildings	9.6	12.6	14.5	18.2	24.1	29.4	33.9	27.1	30.0	31.6	33.0
Electricity and Telephone	18.7	20.1	21.5	23.1	24.6	26.7	29.7	33.7	38.4	44.0	45.1
Miscellaneous	26.0	33.7	38.1	49.0	65.9	82.9	109.1	119.0	126.8	153.1	171.2
Total Operating Expenses	381.9	429.8	473.2	592.5	726.6	850.0	988.6	1,065.8	1,249.5	1,547.3	1,744.0
Depreciation on Buildings	11.6	10.8	10.8	12.6	15.6	20.2	23.9	24.9	28.2	32.4	38.8
Depreciation on Machinery	127.1	121.1	127.1	140.8	184.6	253.4	318.5	304.0	398.0	446.9	508.5
Total Operating Expenses and Depreciation	520.6	561.8	611.2	746.0	926.8	1,123.6	1,331.1	1,394.7	1,675.7	2,026.6	2,291.3

¹Owned land and buildings only.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-202, *Farm Net Income*, and Special Tabulations.

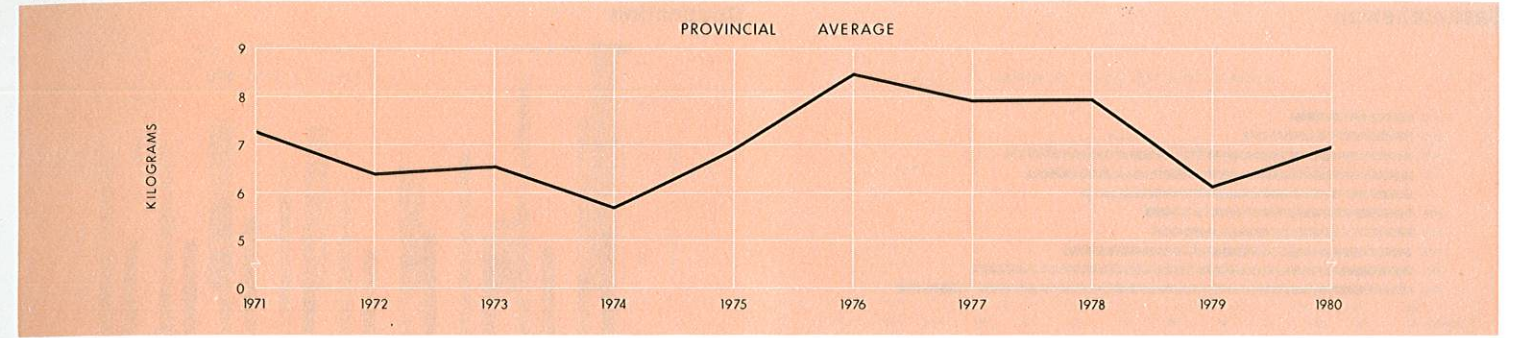
Table 39: Acreage Sown to Wheat by Crop District, Saskatchewan



Crop District ¹	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1971-1980 Average
thousands of acres												
1. South-East	550	1,158	1,051	1,224	1,071	1,162	1,439	1,291	1,499	1,474	1,496	1,287
2. Regina-Weyburn	787	1,574	1,559	1,740	1,655	1,801	2,005	1,934	2,026	1,959	1,929	1,818
3. South-Central	2,553	3,132	3,213	3,545	3,481	3,558	3,853	3,689	3,898	3,933	3,810	3,611
4. South-West	809	858	932	986	980	993	1,060	1,047	1,083	1,094	1,031	1,006
5. East-Central	752	1,611	1,644	1,879	1,644	1,810	2,239	2,056	2,221	2,083	2,281	1,947
6. Central	1,074	1,833	2,004	2,213	2,156	2,212	2,630	2,408	2,477	2,511	2,589	2,303
7. West-Central	681	1,280	1,522	1,722	1,637	1,719	1,914	1,701	1,834	1,904	1,840	1,707
8. North-East	391	732	934	1,036	920	956	1,373	1,106	1,134	1,081	1,292	1,056
9. North-West	403	745	1,041	1,055	956	989	1,187	968	928	961	1,132	996
Provincial Total	8,000	12,923	13,900	15,400	14,500	15,200	17,700	16,200	17,100	17,000	17,400	15,732

¹See map, Page 46.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*, and Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

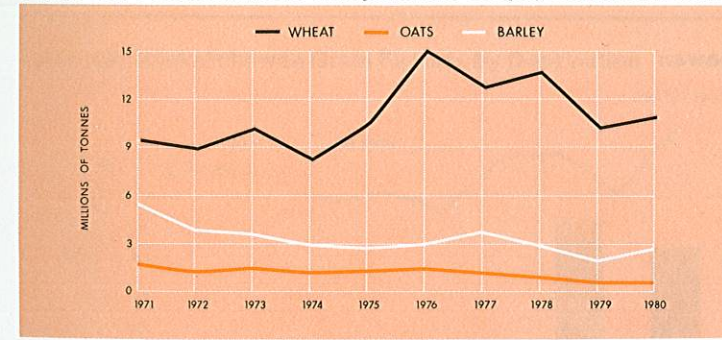
Table 40: Average Wheat Yields by Crop District, Saskatchewan



Crop District ¹	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1971-1980 Average
kilograms per acre												
1. South-East	588	775	616	691	595	648	673	819	881	518	568	678
2. Regina-Weyburn	687	749	662	726	492	615	841	878	857	593	494	691
3. South-Central	696	597	612	552	511	675	859	772	757	627	606	657
4. South-West	666	537	570	465	576	707	728	545	640	719	652	614
5. East-Central	723	821	696	757	552	711	877	837	870	448	616	718
6. Central	728	798	603	651	568	666	853	807	766	612	553	688
7. West-Central	869	758	660	677	684	773	893	741	750	810	714	746
8. North-East	756	839	757	736	628	755	940	882	876	645	761	782
9. North-West	799	822	604	715	682	764	888	800	762	728	783	755
Provincial Average	714	727	638	654	568	693	847	793	796	623	621	696

¹See map, Page 46.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*, and Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

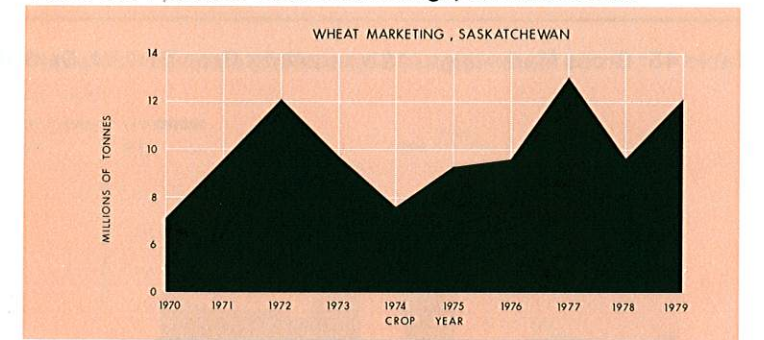
Table 41: Production of Principal Field Crops, Saskatchewan



Crop Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flax	Canola
thousands of tonnes						
1965	10,886	1,450	1,415	224	185	243
1966	14,615	1,373	1,981	229	152	288
1967	9,226	756	1,372	119	41	231
1968	10,124	1,141	1,742	165	117	227
1969	12,193	1,558	2,373	177	287	413
1970	5,715	1,650	3,092	229	653	896
1971	9,389	1,712	5,487	286	328	1,157
1972	8,872	1,218	3,854	128	229	563
1973	10,070	1,527	3,571	125	226	544
1974	8,274	1,157	2,918	176	119	526
1975	10,532	1,326	2,830	191	150	748
1976	14,996	1,388	2,961	180	86	388
1977	12,846	1,234	3,723	152	272	839
1978	13,608	941	2,918	236	203	1,452
1979	10,179	632	1,960	203	259	1,281
1980	10,805	617	2,743	108	165	998

Source: Statistics Canada 21-516, *Handbook of Agricultural Statistics, 1921-1974*. Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*.

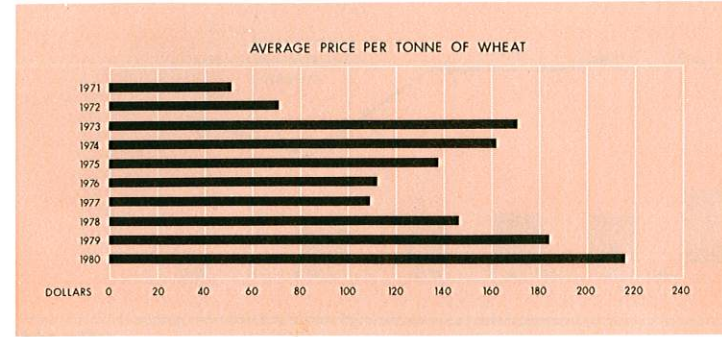
Table 42: Producer Grain Marketings, Saskatchewan



Crop Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley
thousands of tonnes			
1966	11,196	207	797
1967	7,593	123	498
1968	6,861	146	428
1969	7,028	67	1,370
1970	7,078	410	1,991
1971	9,610	183	3,310
1972	12,131	134	2,169
1973	9,759	193	2,250
1974	7,625	208	1,752
1975	9,280	241	1,629
1976	9,574	210	1,795
1977	13,016	203	1,728
1978	9,646	108	1,838
1979	12,056	59	1,598

Source: Statistics Canada 22-201, *Grain Trade of Canada*; 22-005, *The Wheat Review*; 22-001, *Coarse Grains Review*, Canadian Grain Commission.

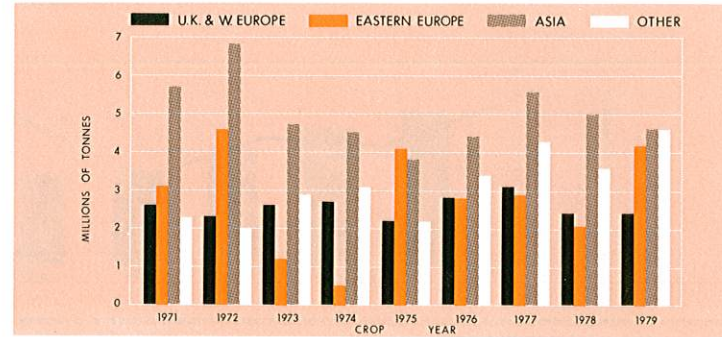
Table 43: Estimated Farm Price of Principal Grains, Saskatchewan



Crop Year	average price per tonne					
	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Flax	Rye	Canola
1967	\$ 61.44	\$ 45.39	\$ 41.47	\$122.83	\$ 43.78	\$ 88.19
1968	51.26	34.50	38.35	116.53	42.32	83.78
1969	49.49	37.28	33.39	103.54	35.71	101.85
1970	55.37	37.28	38.90	88.58	36.10	106.26
1971	51.70	36.64	32.98	88.97	33.78	97.44
1972	71.21	60.63	59.11	155.51	61.34	144.62
1973	171.34	107.64	118.64	363.05	103.81	253.62
1974	162.33	99.21	104.17	378.21	90.04	314.69
1975	138.16	96.81	112.99	266.52	108.07	230.16
1976	112.66	77.68	95.03	277.94	89.17	280.76
1977	109.73	69.22	84.28	225.14	95.86	295.36
1978	146.88	73.12	89.37	292.65	114.00	291.39
1979	184.42	98.28	118.70	311.35	156.74	278.35
1980 ¹	215.11	108.15	160.15	360.44	181.91	293.21

¹Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics preliminary estimate, including final payment.
Source: Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics and Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

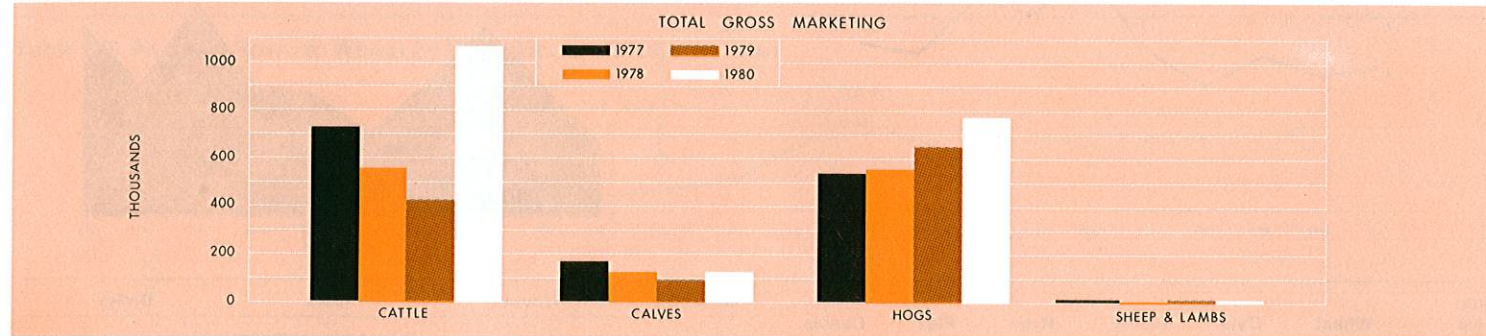
Table 44: Exports of Canadian Wheat and Wheat Flour by Destination



Crop Year	thousands of tonnes					Total
	United Kingdom	Other Western Europe	Eastern Europe	Asia	Other	
1966	1,990	1,701	3,367	5,661	1,304	14,024
1967	1,768	1,409	1,728	3,298	941	9,144
1968	1,584	1,503	250	4,025	961	8,323
1969	1,489	1,408	1,508	3,535	1,489	9,429
1970	1,814	1,911	424	4,488	3,207	11,844
1971	1,331	1,258	3,119	5,692	2,309	13,709
1972	1,214	1,080	4,623	6,763	2,011	15,691
1973	1,243	1,368	1,216	4,686	2,900	11,413
1974	1,571	1,164	455	4,463	3,085	10,738
1975	1,194	986	4,122	3,766	2,217	12,285
1976	1,431	1,343	2,857	4,408	3,370	13,409
1977	1,526	1,573	2,955	5,588	4,356	15,998
1978	1,312	1,039	2,087	5,043	3,568	13,049
1979	1,361	1,087	4,209	4,578	4,605	15,840

Source: Statistics Canada 22-201, Grain Trade of Canada. Canadian Grain Commission, Canadian Grain Exports, 1979-80.

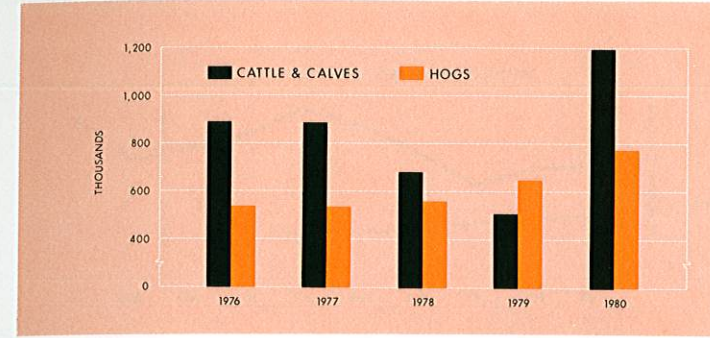
Table 45: Gross Marketings of Livestock by Crop District, Saskatchewan



Crop District ¹	Cattle				Calves				Hogs				Sheep and Lambs			
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1977	1978	1979	1980	1977	1978	1979	1980	1977	1978	1979	1980
	numbers in thousands															
1	79.2	63.3	143.2	119.5	23.6	13.4	67.0	6.4	34.2	36.2	45.6	51.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0
2	114.6	78.7	38.7	76.5	20.1	14.5	4.2	5.3	28.0	28.8	31.1	36.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.0
3A	20.6	14.5	8.1	105.0	7.0	5.4	0.6	17.2	15.7	14.3	15.4	18.1	0.3	0.1	1.0	0.3
3B	63.7	46.1	24.7	81.8	7.4	7.1	1.2	13.5	41.4	43.5	51.8	42.4	1.1	1.7	0.7	0.9
4	11.2	4.8	4.2	88.3	1.9	1.6	0.0	14.4	33.2	34.2	35.9	21.2	0.7	0.6	0.1	3.2
5	79.8	60.9	37.3	145.4	20.5	13.3	2.5	7.5	39.5	44.0	55.2	67.9	2.4	1.7	1.1	2.2
6	122.1	100.7	60.6	126.6	28.7	25.2	4.6	11.1	103.8	112.6	123.4	168.8	1.2	1.0	1.2	2.1
7	43.5	42.7	35.0	92.1	7.4	7.1	0.5	12.5	36.6	37.6	46.0	36.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
8	49.9	38.3	15.9	58.6	14.4	10.8	1.5	6.3	137.6	141.7	159.2	281.7	0.9	0.3	0.4	0.2
9	137.9	107.7	53.7	176.0	34.3	25.4	5.8	34.2	66.2	65.9	83.4	50.2	2.6	2.2	4.3	1.7
Total	722.6	557.7	421.5	1,069.8	165.2	123.7	88.0	128.4	535.3	558.8	647.0	774.4	11.1	9.2	10.5	12.6

¹See map, Page 46.
Source: Canada Department of Agriculture, Livestock Market Review, Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

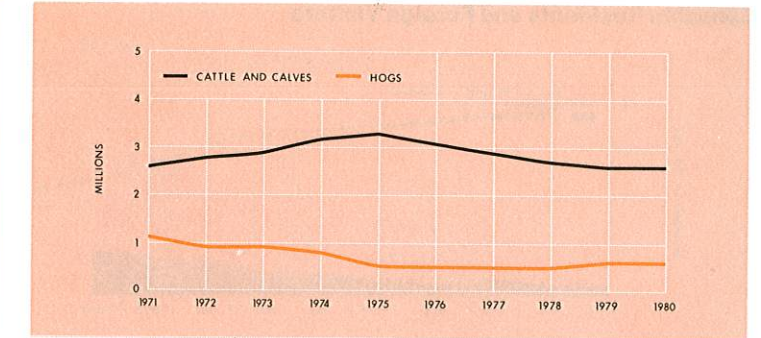
Table 46: Livestock Marketings, Saskatchewan



Year	numbers in thousands				value in \$'000		
	Cattle	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Hogs	Cattle & Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Hogs
1967	669	306	43	598	161,864	816	31,490
1968	633	275	46	601	155,892	939	29,599
1969	543	222	31	554	135,132	962	36,028
1970	535	203	23	872	138,717	914	50,659
1971	555	229	29	1,255	169,525	968	47,465
1972	630	244	40	1,103	218,174	1,031	60,173
1973	583	233	37	1,086	272,584	1,080	90,119
1974	602	346	26	1,034	305,628	1,608	76,820
1975	745	222	19	617	318,449	1,698	64,501
1976	749	141	17	537	346,514	1,673	55,439
1977	723	165	11	535	352,304	1,618	51,368
1978	558	124	9	559	458,749	1,880	67,987
1979	422	88	11	647	503,289	2,628	74,883
1980	1,070	128	13	774	529,039	2,318	75,438

Source: Statistics Canada 21-001 and 21-201, Farm Cash Receipts. Canada Department of Agriculture, Livestock Market Review.

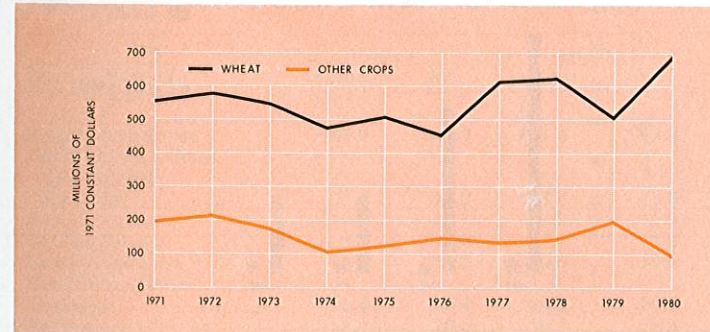
Table 47: Livestock Population, Saskatchewan



Year ¹	number in thousands					Sheep and Lambs
	Milk Cows	Calves	Other Cattle	Total Cattle and Calves	Hogs	
1967	132	792	1,426	2,350	567	122
1968	118	758	1,351	2,227	513	124
1969	117	754	1,314	2,185	584	128
1970	115	813	1,470	2,398	1,010	132
1971	112	884	1,649	2,645	1,090	145
1972	103	944	1,764	2,811	927	134
1973	96	1,013	1,823	2,932	920	123
1974	88	1,035	2,079	3,202	795	109
1975 ²	81	1,063	2,201	3,345	492	96
1976 ²	75	1,006	2,063	3,144	497	83
1977 ²	73	965	1,898	2,936	500	77
1978 ²	77	890	1,689	2,656	520	85
1979 ²	70	855	1,637	2,562	600	96
1980 ²	72	890	1,628	2,590	640	97

¹As at June 1.
²As at July 1.
Source: Statistics Canada 23-004 and 23-005, Report on Livestock Surveys, 23-203, Livestock and Animal Products Statistics, 21-003, Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics.

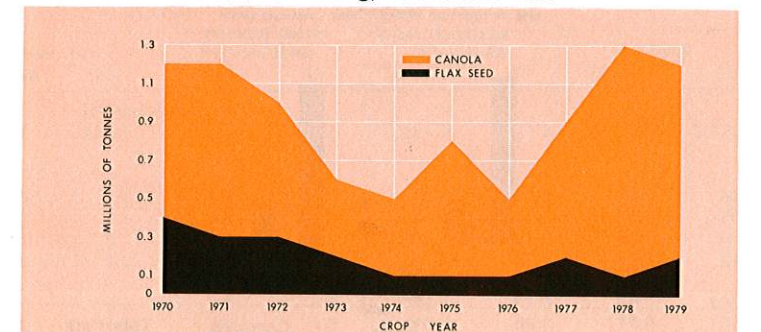
Table 48: Saskatchewan Grain Exports by Destination



Year	Wheat		Other Grains		Total Grains	
	Inside Canada	Abroad	Inside Canada	Abroad	Inside Canada	Abroad
	millions of 1971 Constant dollars					
1970	33	413	30	118	63	531
1971	45	512	35	161	80	673
1972	56	524	44	163	100	687
1973	64	490	50	125	114	615
1974	77	401	41	65	118	466
1975	84	424	46	80	130	504
1976	51	406	49	98	100	504
1977	41	571	46	90	87	661
1978	68	567	50	93	118	660
1979	56	455	51	147	107	602
1980	75	610	28	70	103	680

Source: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product.

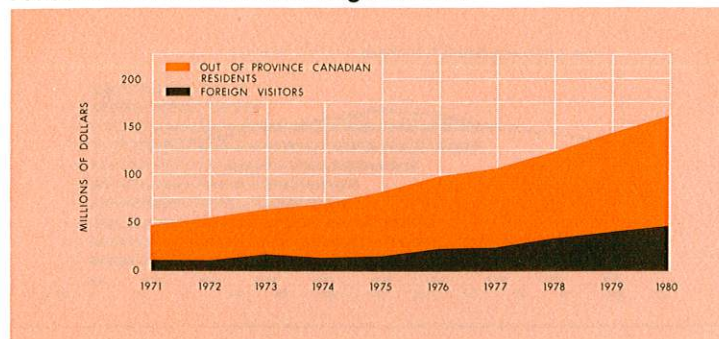
Table 49: Oilseeds Marketing, Saskatchewan



Crop Year	thousands of tonnes		Total
	Flaxseed	Canola	
1969	222	361	583
1970	438	773	1,211
1971	323	838	1,161
1972	272	728	1,000
1973	179	454	633
1974	99	445	544
1975	143	622	765
1976	91	437	528
1977	185	679	864
1978	152	1,130	1,282
1979	206	944	1,150

Source: Statistics Canada 22-006, Oilseeds Review, Canadian Grain Commission.

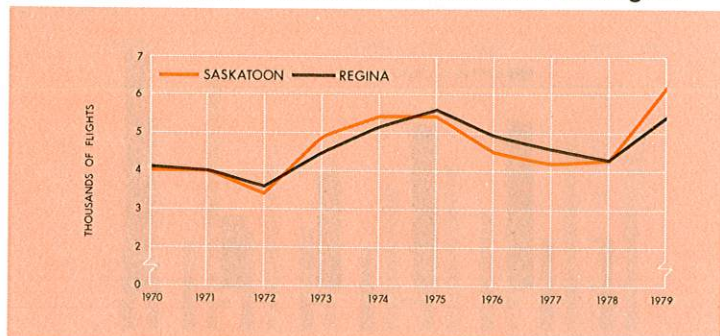
Table 50: Saskatchewan Receipts from Out of Province Canadian Residents and Foreign Visitors



Purchases of Goods and Services			
Year	Foreign Visitors ¹	Out of Province Canadian Visitors	Total Receipts
		millions of dollars	
1969	8	30	38
1970	10	32	42
1971	11	35	47
1972	12	40	53
1973	17	47	63
1974	14	56	69
1975	16	65	82
1976	23	74	97
1977	24	82	106
1978	33	91	124
1979	40	102	142
1980	46	113	160

¹Includes residents of United States and overseas countries.
Source: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product.

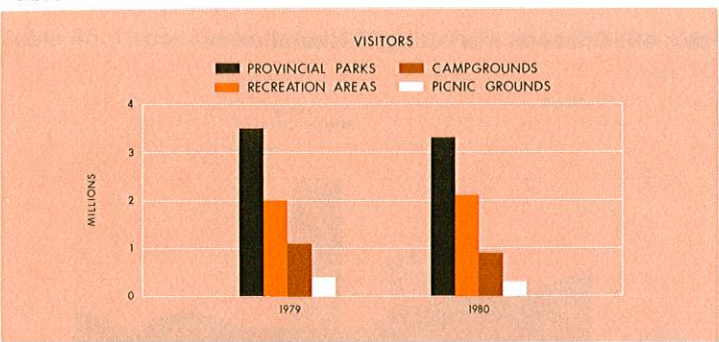
Table 51: Air Traffic — Inbound and Outbound Passengers



Year	Regina Airport			Saskatoon Airport		
	Number of flights	En-planed	De-planed	Number of flights	En-planed	De-planed
		number (000)		number (000)		
1969	4,422	123.6	126.1	3,786	97.4	97.8
1970	4,072	136.8	132.4	4,001	110.1	109.7
1971	4,049	142.8	139.0	3,954	118.6	122.9
1972	3,644	157.5	155.8	3,357	130.0	124.3
1973	4,471	196.1	196.3	4,920	164.0	168.5
1974	5,158	230.2	228.6	5,382	193.1	192.9
1975	5,567	248.0	249.4	5,431	212.0	212.8
1976	4,920	242.5	243.4	4,453	201.6	202.0
1977	4,552	241.2	242.0	4,227	205.7	206.4
1978	4,261	245.9	245.5	4,270	212.1	212.5
1979	5,428	296.5	298.3	6,159	283.7	283.1

Source: Statistics Canada 51-203, Airport Activity Statistics.

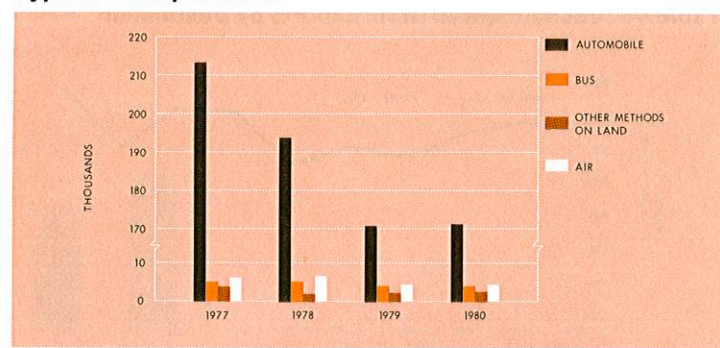
Table 52: Visitations at Provincial Parks and Recreation Areas



	Visitors		Entry Permits Issued		Camping Permits Revenue		Total Park and Camping Revenue	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
	number in thousands				\$'000			
Provincial Parks	3,541	3,289	139	128	723	730	1,276	1,238
Recreation Areas	2,034	2,080	13	12	185	186	232	231
Campgrounds	1,124	906	4	4	125	129	139	142
Picnic Grounds ¹	420	296	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	7,120	6,571	155	144	1,034	1,046	1,646	1,611

¹Including Historic Sites.
Source: Saskatchewan Department of Tourism and Renewable Resources Visitation Report.

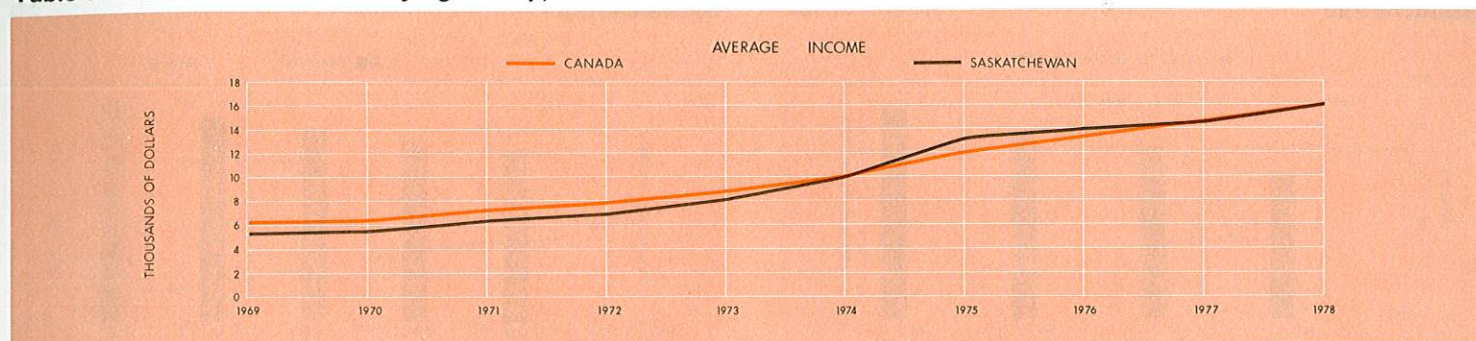
Table 53: United States Visitors Entering Saskatchewan by Type of Transportation



	1977		1978		1979		1980	
	number		number		number		number	
Land								
Automobile	213,557	193,883	170,788	171,462				
Same day	113,809	103,493	93,647	88,766				
One or more nights	99,748	90,390	77,141	82,696				
Bus	5,141	5,209	4,142	4,150				
Same day	1,300	1,912	1,356	1,080				
One or more nights	3,841	3,297	2,786	3,070				
Other methods	4,143	2,043	2,292	2,548				
Total Land	222,841	201,135	177,222	178,160				
Air								
Commercial	1,116	1,719	222	341				
Private	4,881	4,675	4,151	4,030				
Total Air	5,997	6,394	4,373	4,371				
Grand Total	228,838	207,529	181,595	182,531				

Source: Statistics Canada 66-001, Travel Between Canada and Other Countries.

Table 54: Income Tax Statistics by Age Group, Saskatchewan and Canada



	Saskatchewan				Canada			
	1969		1978		1969		1978	
	Number of Returns	Average Income	Number of Returns	Average Income	Number of Returns	Average Income	Number of Returns	Average Income
		\$		\$		\$		\$
Table 54: Income Tax Statistics by Age Group, Saskatchewan and Canada								
Taxable Returns by Age Group								
19 and under	11,195	2,386	11,154	8,706	366,924	2,515	281,881	8,004
20-24	42,638	3,830	49,809	11,208	1,196,444	4,086	1,325,186	10,588
25-29	27,631	5,445	41,501	14,125	919,440	5,743	1,365,818	13,800
30-34	22,295	6,199	31,740	17,084	725,536	6,725	1,188,027	16,682
35-39	23,226	6,526	25,206	18,683	724,798	7,275	922,616	18,171
40-44	23,734	6,475	23,468	18,792	717,292	7,496	788,318	18,719
45-49	23,839	6,305	25,323	18,650	692,825	7,435	775,184	19,055
50-54	20,612	6,104	25,067	18,743	568,050	7,307	704,282	18,912
55-59	19,220	5,777	23,109	17,600	500,638	7,059	592,343	18,466
60-64	14,181	5,360	19,211	17,636	367,243	6,678	433,432	17,451
65-69	11,983	4,295	11,781	17,882	271,147	5,405	219,225	17,925
70+	16,148	4,063	11,984	16,444	307,836	4,897	216,312	17,726
Not stated	138	3,283	45	12,489	5,790	4,944	665	9,635
Total	256,840	5,313	299,398	16,004	7,363,963	6,099	8,813,289	15,980

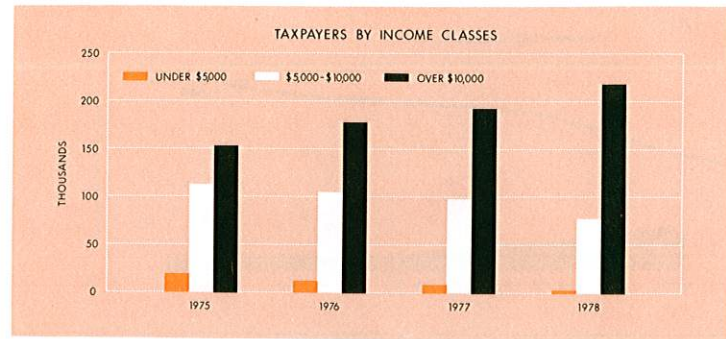
Source: Revenue Canada, Taxation Statistics.

Table 55: Sources of Income on Basis of Income Tax Returns, Saskatchewan, 1978

Sources of Income	Regina		Saskatoon		Moose Jaw		Prince Albert		Other Areas		Total	
	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All
	millions of dollars											
Wages and Salaries	847.9	907.8	705.4	763.3	153.7	165.6	155.0	167.1	1,271.0	1,431.7	3,133.0	3,435.5
Commissions & Other Employment												
Earnings	25.1	26.2	27.4	28.6	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.8	18.1	20.9	77.6	83.2
U.I.C. Benefits	11.6	14.1	9.2	13.3	3.3	4.1	3.4	4.8	28.2	42.4	55.7	78.9
Old Age Pension	6.8	13.8	6.1	11.9	2.1	5.1	1.2	3.4	25.2	65.2	41.4	99.5
Family Allowance	12.4	14.3	10.5	12.6	2.6	3.3	2.6	3.3	34.6	54.1	62.7	87.6
Superannuation or Pension	20.4	29.4	20.2	29.1	6.4	9.3	2.8	4.8	36.2	61.5	86.1	134.2
Net Business Income	18.4	20.0	16.2	18.4	5.2	5.6	3.9	4.3	76.2	88.8	119.8	137.0
Net Professional Income	24.0	24.7	21.6	22.3	3.6	3.6	4.7	4.8	27.7	29.8	81.6	85.3
Net Commission Income	2.8	3.2	2.9	3.1	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	11.3	13.6	17.9	20.9
Net Farming or Fishing Income	18.4	19.8	9.9	11.0	9.8	10.4	3.2	3.9	463.1	547.0	504.5	592.2
Taxable Amount of Dividends	20.7	27.2	22.9	29.2	3.8	5.0	4.5	5.9	39.1	58.6	91.0	125.9
Bond, Bank & Mortgage Interest	52.6	64.1	44.4	55.1	13.9	17.1	8.0	10.0	191.2	248.9	310.1	395.3
Trusts & Annuity	7.1	8.1	5.9	6.4	2.1	2.5	0.8	0.9	30.6	35.8	46.4	53.8
Foreign & Canadian Investment	1.1	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	10.5	12.7	13.1	15.8
Net Rental Income	0.2	0.4	1.7	0.3	0.9	1.1	0.3	0.5	15.3	18.4	18.4	20.1
Net Taxable Capital Gains	10.8	11.8	9.2	10.6	2.9	3.3	2.7	3.0	56.3	69.6	81.8	98.3
Miscellaneous Income	12.4	15.6	11.7	15.5	1.8	2.3	1.6	1.8	23.2	29.8	50.6	64.9
Total Income Assessed	1,092.7	1,201.9	926.0	1,031.7	216.4	242.8	198.7	223.2	2,357.8	2,828.8	4,791.7	5,528.4

Source: Revenue Canada, Taxation Statistics.

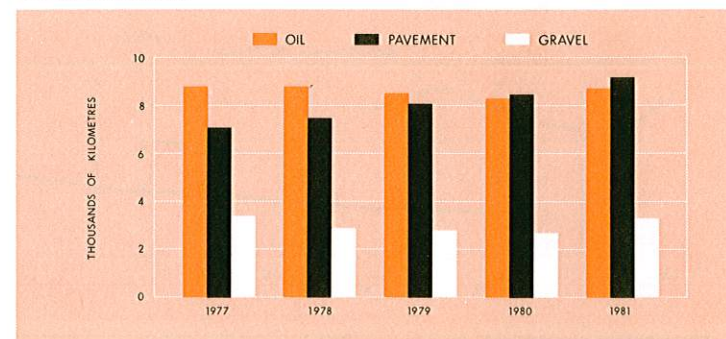
Table 56: Distribution of Taxpayers by Income Groups, Saskatchewan



Income Classes	1975	1976	1977	1978
	number of returns			
Under \$2,000	145	154	98	218
\$2,000 to \$3,000	426	299	283	1,026
\$3,000 to \$4,000	4,822	1,057	227	731
\$4,000 to \$5,000	14,261	10,851	7,237	592
\$5,000 to \$10,000	113,708	104,827	97,910	77,730
\$10,000 to \$25,000	130,755	154,692	166,773	184,210
\$25,000 and over	22,239	24,051	26,368	34,891
Total taxable returns	286,356	295,931	298,896	299,398
Non-taxable returns	142,183	145,858	133,161	226,663
Total All Returns	428,539	441,789	432,057	526,061

Source: Revenue Canada, Taxation Statistics.

Table 57: Provincial Highways by Surface Type, Saskatchewan¹



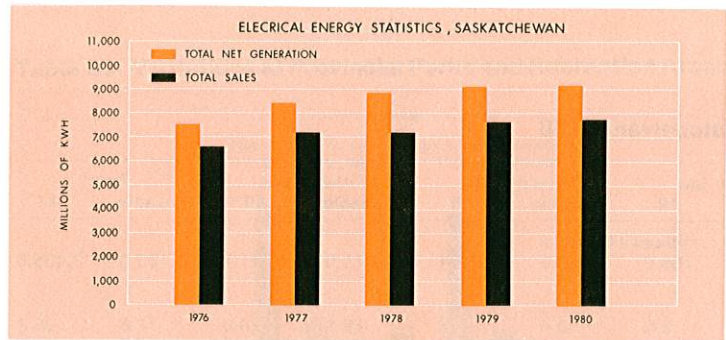
Year ²	Pavement	Oil	Gravel	Total
	number of kilometers			
1968	3,836	6,372	6,359	16,566
1969	3,985	6,623	6,080	16,687
1970	4,306	7,117	5,503	16,927
1971	4,658	7,414	5,192	17,266
1972	5,043	7,884	4,497	17,425
1973	5,426	8,047	4,380	17,852
1974	5,894	8,288	4,074	18,256
1975	6,290	8,325	4,146	18,761
1976	6,632	8,531	4,062	19,224
1977	7,110	8,764	3,405	19,279
1978	7,538	8,811	2,949	19,298
1979	8,147	8,463	2,826	19,436
1980	8,483	8,268	2,695	19,446
1981	9,198	8,733	3,282	21,213

¹Maintained by the Department of Highways.

²As at April 1.

Source: Saskatchewan Department of Highways and Transportation.

Table 58: Electric Energy Statistics, Saskatchewan

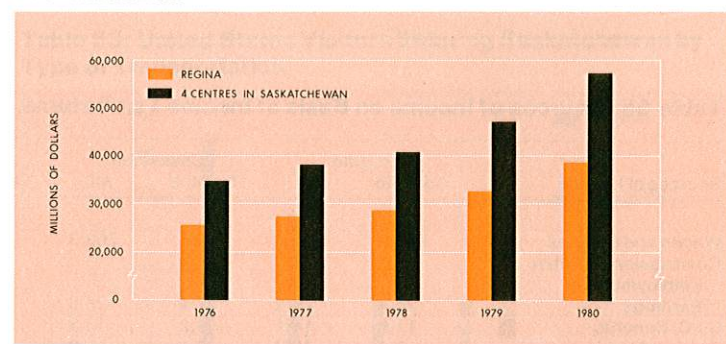


	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
	millions of kWh					
Supply						
Net generation						
Utilities	6,857	7,303	8,156	8,449	8,678	8,774
Industries	233	231	262	413	428	414
Total Net Generation	7,090	7,534	8,418	8,862	9,106	9,188
Energy Imported	865	760	786	790	1,261	1,579
Total Supply	7,955	8,295	9,204	9,652	10,367	10,767
Disposition						
Energy Exported	768	797	993	828	776	955
Used in own plant	42	36	43	607	672	695
Sales by Rate						
Class Power	4,079 ³	4,125 ³	4,562	4,271	4,575	4,743
Domestic ¹	2,283	2,419	2,567	2,858	2,999	2,931
Street lighting	56	59	61	65	66	68
Total Sales	6,418	6,603	7,190	7,194	7,640	7,743
Losses and unaccounted ²	727	859	979	1,022	1,279	1,374
Total Disposition	7,955	8,295	9,204	9,652	10,367	10,767

¹Includes sales to farm customers.

²Includes distribution by non-respondents.

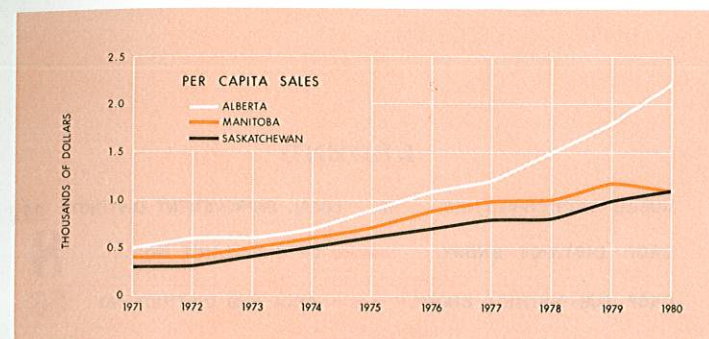
Table 59: Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, Saskatchewan



Year	Moose Jaw	Prince Albert	Regina	Saskatoon	Total Sask.
	millions of dollars				
1968	431	451	10,114	3,068	14,066
1969	443	489	10,469	3,283	14,684
1970	419	490	12,309	3,085	16,303
1971	455	542	12,464	3,197	16,657
1972	506	648	12,647	3,361	17,162
1973	626	705	14,759	4,221	20,311
1974	738	835	17,748	4,939	24,260
1975	888	954	21,491	5,776	29,109
1976	1,053	1,146	25,442	7,123	34,764
1977	1,135	1,304	27,277	8,408	38,124
1978	1,302	1,562	28,652	9,402	40,918
1979	1,628	1,784	32,494	11,190	47,097
1980	1,790	2,056	38,724	14,867	57,437

Source: Statistics Canada 61-201 and 61-001, Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres.

Table 60: Life Insurance Sales¹ Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada

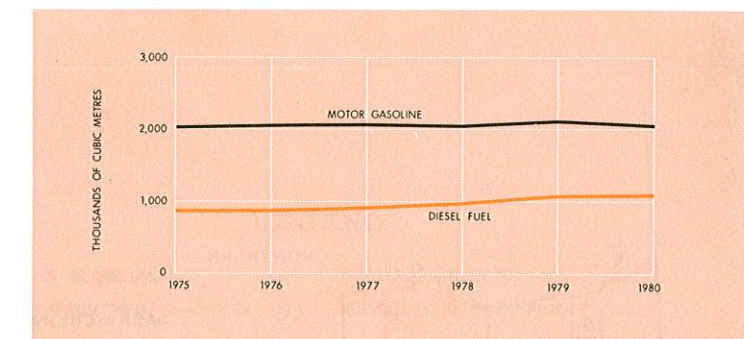


Year	Monthly Average			
	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Manitoba	Canada
	millions of dollars			
1968	23.9	59.4	27.7	739.4
1969	22.1	65.6	27.8	770.1
1970	21.0	67.4	28.4	779.9
1971	21.4	65.5	31.8	828.5
1972	28.1	70.8	35.7	934.1
1973	31.6	79.0	40.4	1,060.5
1974	38.7	105.0	51.6	1,335.0
1975	45.0	129.1	61.5	1,560.7
1976	55.5	164.7	73.9	1,822.4
1977	60.5	195.4	83.3	2,027.5
1978	66.7	237.8	89.0	2,268.4
1979	76.6	297.2	102.1	2,673.9
1980	88.8	378.1	120.0	3,063.2

¹New individual life insurance sales only.

Source: Statistics Canada, 11-003, Canadian Statistical Review.

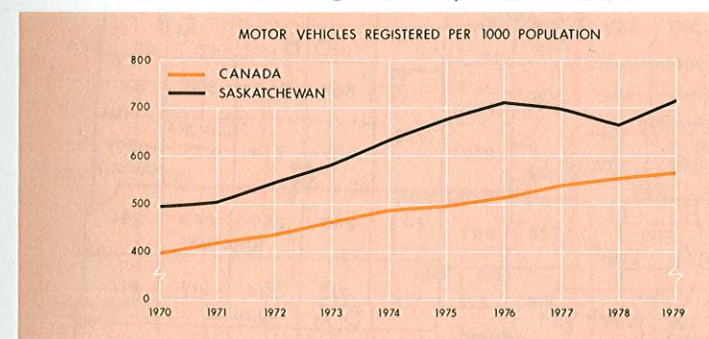
Table 61: Net Sales of Selected Petroleum Products, Saskatchewan



	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
	thousands of m ³					
Motor Gasoline	2,021	2,058	2,065	2,048	2,094	2,059
Aviation Turbo Fuel	85	96	89	92	92	96
Kerosene Stove Oil	239	207	184	172	180	154
Fuel - Diesel	871	867	923	996	1,078	1,085
- Light	227	208	209	215	224	193
- Heavy	34	19	10	10	15	20
Other	289	278	320	318	383	385
Total All Products	3,767	3,732	3,800	3,851	4,066	3,992

Source: Statistics Canada 45-004, Refined Petroleum Products.

Table 62: Motor Vehicle Registrations, Saskatchewan



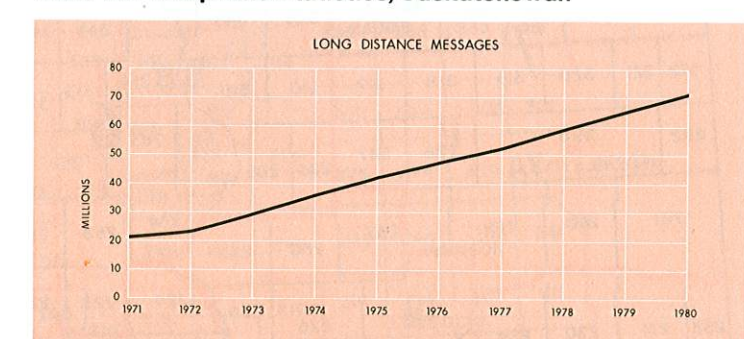
Year	Passenger Automobiles	Trucks and Power Units	Other Motor Vehicles ¹	Total Registrations
1968	287,611	160,944	15,462	464,017
1969	284,356	173,913	14,094	472,363
1970	284,251	165,922	14,232	464,405
1971	277,690	171,787	15,447	464,924
1972	292,487	186,484	17,243	496,214
1973	304,885	199,524	19,148	523,557
1974	328,940	219,070	20,908	568,918
1975	348,855	241,632	22,782	613,269
1976	370,144	257,040	26,224	653,408
1977	425,049	207,474	21,923	654,446
1978	346,753	266,128	15,002	627,883
1979	366,164	298,652	18,065	682,881
1980	393,205	273,146	17,604	683,955

¹Includes motorcycles, government vehicles and school buses.

Source: Statistics Canada 53-219, The Motor Vehicle, Part III, Registrations.

Note: In 1977 light trucks used for non-commercial activities included with passenger automobiles.

Table 63: Telephone Statistics, Saskatchewan



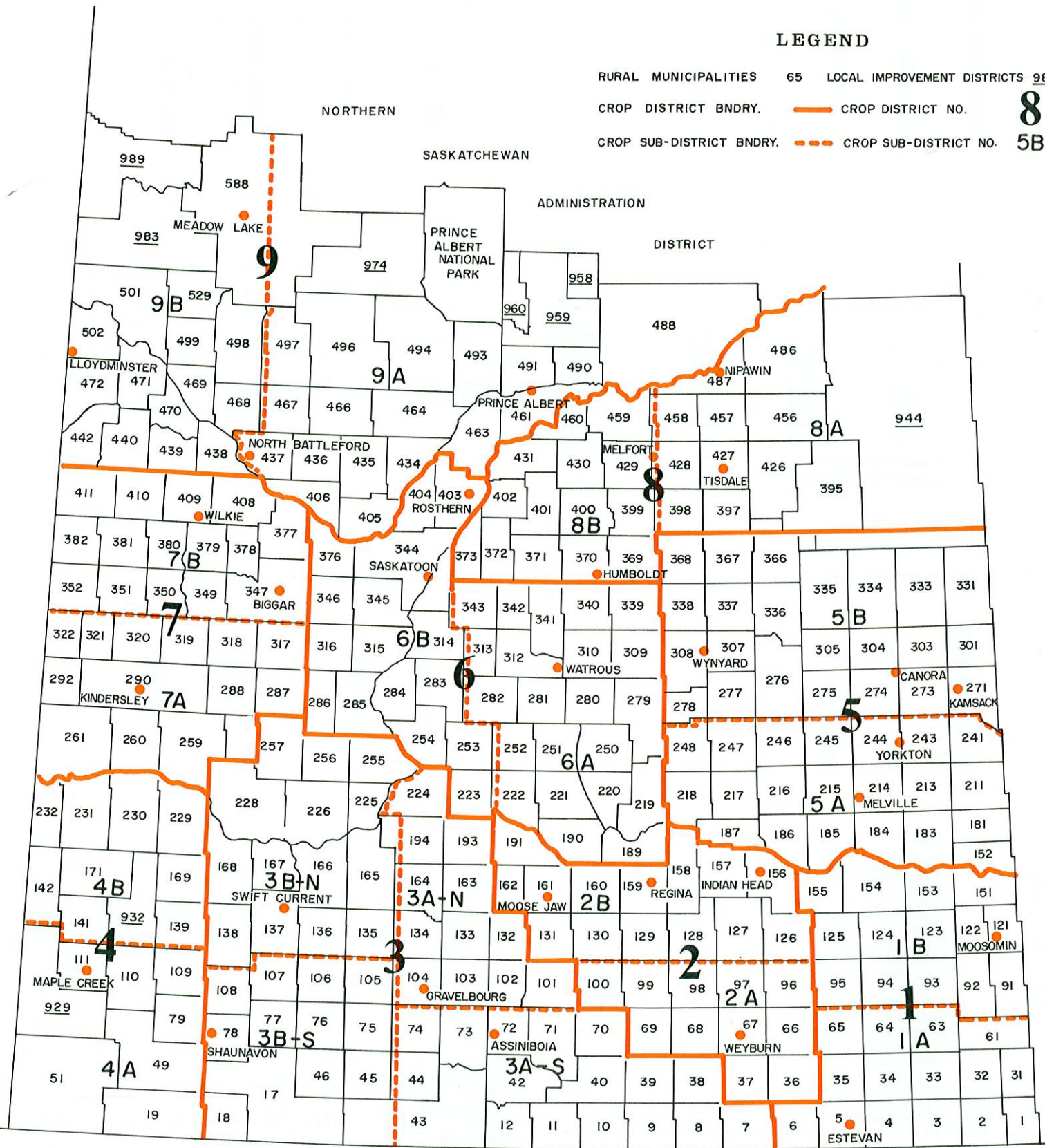
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Telephones					
Sask Tel owned	451,685	516,312	551,053	584,456	618,614
Percent Dial Connected	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Net Increase	140,998	191,901	172,792	186,809	185,832
Telephones Per 1,000 People	531	563	590	616	643
Number of Exchanges	335	338	342	341	341
Number of Toll Offices	18	12	4	2	2
Long Distance Messages Origin - Saskatchewan ('000)	46,948	52,171	59,108	65,134	70,728
Total Number of Employees	3,622	3,820	3,957	4,024	4,339

Source: Saskatchewan Telecommunications Annual Report.

SASKATCHEWAN BY CROP DISTRICTS

LEGEND

- RURAL MUNICIPALITIES 65 LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS 980
- CROP DISTRICT BNDRY. — CROP DISTRICT NO. **8**
- CROP SUB-DISTRICT BNDRY. - - - CROP SUB-DISTRICT NO. **5B**



SASKATCHEWAN BY CENSUS DIVISION

LEGEND

- RURAL MUNICIPALITIES 493 CENSUS DIVISION NO. **7**
- LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS 974 CENSUS DIVISION BOUNDARY —

